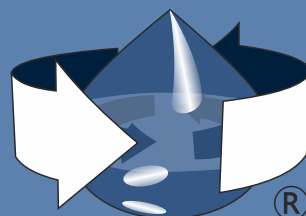


Information Materials



WOBET-HYDRET



0.1 - Table of contents

1.0 - Description of the company - p. 4-7
2.0 - Additional extensions of the inspection manhole - p. 9
3.0 - Biopreparation - p.10
4.0 - Infiltrating systems - p. 11-13
5.0 - Putrefactive settling tanks - p. 15-17
6.0 - Sets of home sewage treatment plants (drainage on gravel) - p. 18
6.1 - Sets of home sewage treatment plants (packages in the embankment) - p. 18
7.0 - Pump stations - p. 21
7.1 - Single-wall pump stations - p. 22-24
7.2 - Double-wall pump station - p. 25-26
7.3 - Pump stations (photographs) - p. 27
7.3 - Boxes steering and protecting in pumps - p. 28-29
8.0 - Separators of grease - p. 31
8.1 - Single-wall separators of grease - p. 32-34
8.2 - Double-wall separators of grease - p. 35
9.0 - Coalescent Separators - p. 37
9.1 - Single-wall Coalescent Separators - p. 38-39
9.1 - Double-wall Coalescent Separators - p. 40
9.1 - Double-wall Coalescent Separators with BY-PASSem - p. 41
10.0 - Water meter wells - p. 42
10.1 - Single-wall water meter wells - p. 43-45
10.2 - Double-wall water meter wells - p. 46-47
11.0 - Drainless double-wall containers - p. 49-50
11.1 - Drainless double-wall containers (photographs) - p. 51
11.2 - Drainless single-wall containers - p. 52
11.3 - Containers of rainwater - p. 53
12.0 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBB double-wall - p. 55-59
12.1 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS - p. 60-63
12.2 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS with the dosage of coagulant - p. 64
12.3 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS double-wall - p. 65
12.4 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP single-wall (with pump) - p. 66-67
12.5 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP double-wall (with pump) - p. 68
12.6 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS -C/KP ver. extended - p. 69
12.7 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS double-wall ≥ 20 PE- p. 70-72
12.8 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS double-wall (photographs)- p. 73
12.9 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBS double-wall ≥ 60 PE - p. 74-75
13.0 - Sets of biological sewage treatment plants (on risers on gravel) - p. 76-77
13.1 - Sets of biological sewage treatment plants (on packages) - p. 78-79
14.0 - Accessories (diaphragmatic SECOH blowers) - p. 82
14.1 - Accessories (sinkable EBARA pumps) - p. 83

1.0 - Description of the company

WOBET-HYDRET is a company with Polish capital and above 30-year experience offering terminations in the construction industry.

The business progress, was directed in 1998, by getting the first technical approvals, issued by the Institute of the Environmental Protection. They concerned drainless containers and septic settling tanks. Soon the series of biological sewage treatment plants was drafted, based on the technology of the sinkable trickling filter which already in the year of 2001 also got the technical approval. For the entire period of cooperation with the Institute of the environmental protection, in total 30 technical approvals have been gained. It enabled the offer of wide range of products as well as ensuring the compliance with applicable regulations.

For the technological development of the company, a technical development of the factory which included investments in construction of the new factory floors and the purchase of a few technological lines for the production, also accompanied on different technologies. We gathered over forty awards in our current achievements and distinctions. At present as well as for years of activity,

*POLISH TECHNICAL THOUGHT
AND POLISH PRODUCTION OUT OF CONCERN
FOR OUR ENVIRONMENT!*



1.0 - Description of the company

Company WOBET-HYDRET is currently engaged in the production of polyethylene (HDPE) products, including the following assortment:

- Biological sewage treatment plant (from 4 PE to 500 PE)
- Home sewage treatment plant (from 4 PE to 50 PE)
- Putrefactive settling tanks (from 2m³ to 75m³)
- Drainless tanks (from 2m³ to 75m³)
- fire-prevention tanks (from 2m³ to 75m³)
- Reservoir tanks
- Grease separators
- Coalescent separators
- Coalescent separators with BY-PASS
- water meter well
- drainage catch pits
- drainage well
- soakways well
- sewage pump stations
- infiltrating systems

Wide circle of our recipients include national as well as foreign companies. We are trying to keep quality of our products on the highest level, and the wide technical back enables alteration of the offer in the structure, the purpose and the equipment. For many years we tied a lot of commercial cooperations with suppliers of top quality products, which we offer in our solutions:?

- SIEMENS
- SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC
- EATON
- WIELAND
- PHOENIX CONTACT
- TECH
- SECOH
- HIBLOW
- DANFOSS
- EBARA
- KSB
- GRUNDFOS
- HYDRO-VACUUM
- JAFAR
- NOVITA
- INSTAL-PLAST
- SIMONA

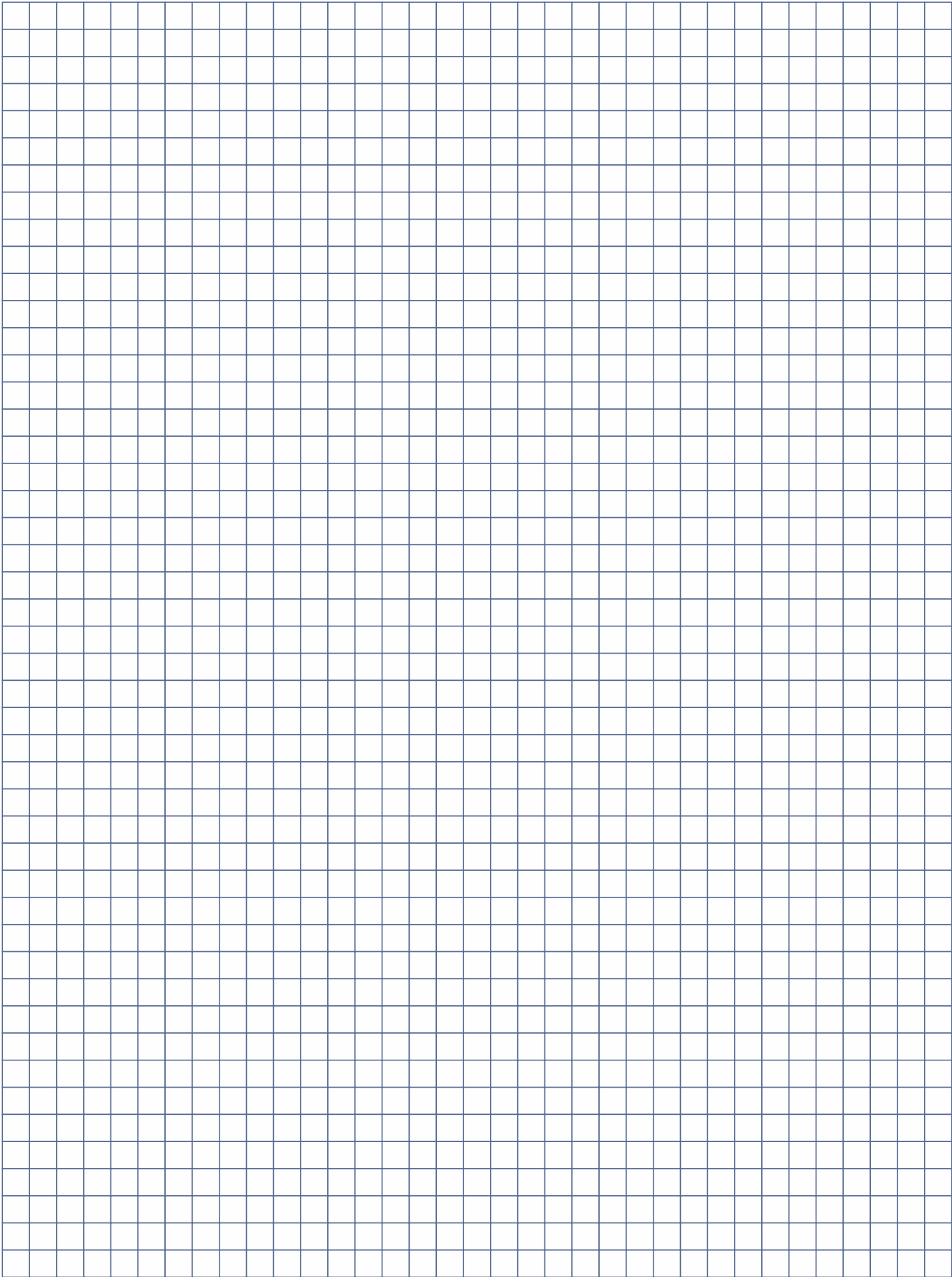


1.0 - Realization (Photographs)

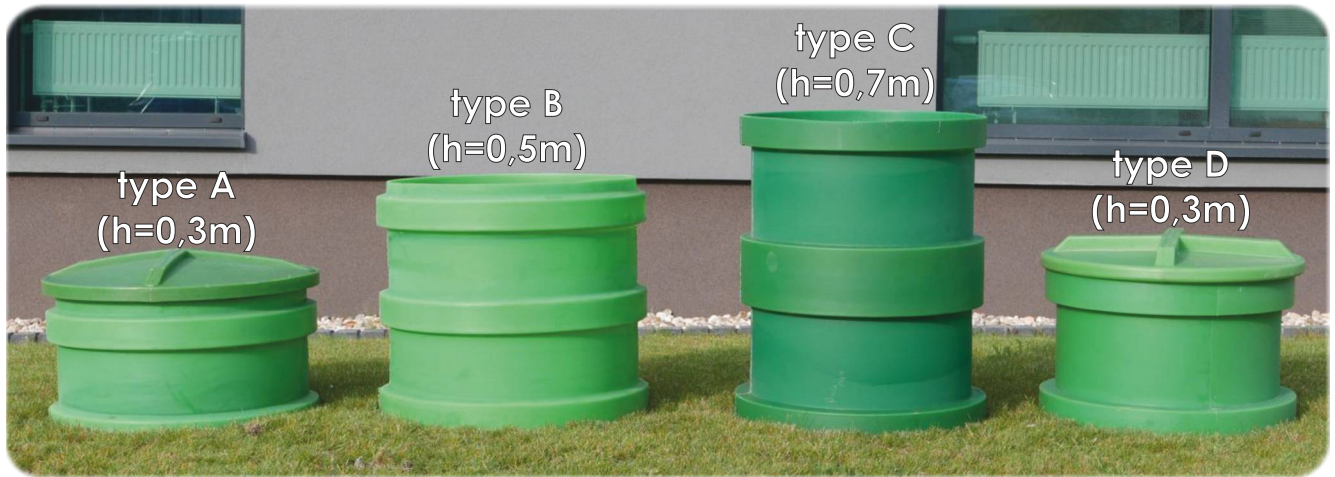


1.0 - Realization (Photographs)





2.0 - Additional extensions of the inspection manhole



Settling tank 2m³, ST-4



Settling tank 3m³



Two types of gasket are available:

- NBP23 for A, B,
- NIP22 for C, D.



Bio. sewage treatment plant ZBS



Drainless tank(Double-wall)



Bio.sewage treatment plant ZBS i ZBB (Double-wall)

3.0 - Biopreparaty

Modern, eco-friendly biopreparation being used for processing of sewers and impurities gathered in sewage treatment plants and septic tanks. Using preparation reduces most of unpleasant odors and aslo reduces harmful substances in social-welfare sewers.

Action: Under the influence of complex micro-organisms and enzymens a hastened natural neutralization and decomposition of pollutants is held in sewage treatment plants and septic tanks.

The greatest efficiency of bioproducts is achieved at temperature from about : +4°C to +30°C. With regular applying of biopreparation a frequency of pumping out impurity is reduced as well as amount of unpleasant smells.

Composition: Complex of effective micro-organisms, enzymes and nutritents. Number of living cells of micro-organismss, CFU/g, not fewer than 4,0x10⁹.



Applying and dosage: Preparing solution: dissolve required dose of biopreparation in 10L in warm non-chlorinated water. Store in room temperature for about 60 min. Pour solution into the toilet and pour plenty of water. The application should take place twice a month ,using required amount of biopreparation .

Initial dose	30 g or 4 measures for every 2 m ³ * Volume of septic tank
Every 2 weeks	15 g or 1 measures for every 2 m ³ * Volume of septic tank
Single measure (teaspoon) contains 10 g of biopreparation	

* for 3 m³ proportionally more

Schedule of biopreparation dosing

m	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII
week	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4

4.0 - Infiltrating systems

Depending on conditions and the configuration, it is possible to categorise sewage treatment plant systems in the following variants:

- infiltrating drainage on rinsed gravel (carried out in ground or embankment)
- Infiltrating drainage on packages with rinsed gravel as supplementing underlay (carried out in ground or embankment)
- soakway on rinsed gravel (regards bio. treatment plants)
- soakway on packages with rinsed gravel as supplementing underlay (regards bio. treatment plants)
- drainage to trench, watercourse, and the like. (regards bio. treatment plants)

Drain size is dependent on preceding equipment. it is also connected to treatment grade (in bio. sewage treatment plant) or semi-treatment (in putrefactive settling tank).

Implementation of the drain in the form drainage has several advantages:

- Large soaking surface,
- Uniform distribution through the system of infiltrating pipes,
- small difference in depth (difference between the level of sewage outlet from building and bottom of the ditch, taking into account layer of underlay),
- Possibility of making an embankment, at high permanent or periodic groundwater level.

Implementation of accompanying soakway in form (along with bio. sewage treatment plant), is characterized by following:

- small footprint,
- fast implementation,
- possibility of draining to deeper and more permeable layers of ground.

In both described solutions, it is possible to use plastic infiltration packages:

- PRO-1R for infiltrating drainage,
- PRO-SCH for soakways.

Implementation of packages enables reduction in drainage size and amount of underlay (rinsed gravel), which functions as support for the system.

The table below shows examples of plant configurations with washed gravel underlay (16-32mm).

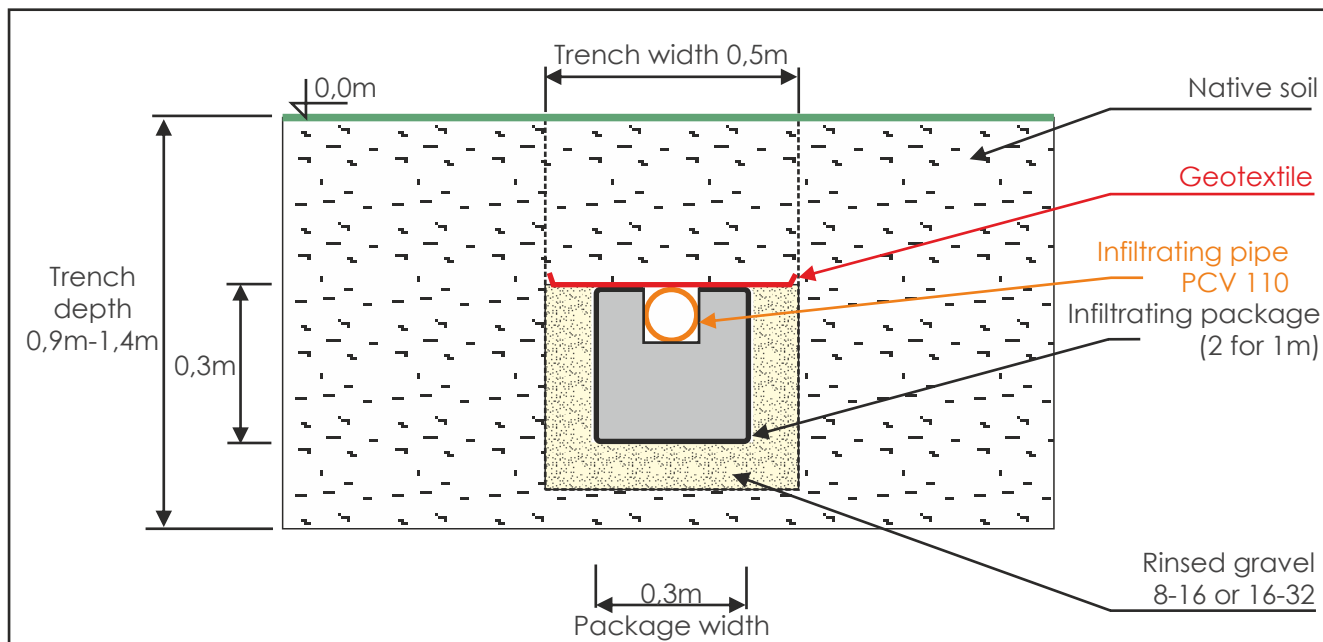
Number of users	Type of settling tank or bio.treatment	type and size for drainage
PE		m
≤ 4	2m ³	48
≤ 4	ZBS-4C	48
≤ 5	ZBS-5C	48
≤ 6	3m ³	60
≤ 6	ZBS-6C	48
≤ 6	ZBS-6C/KP	48
≤ 7	ZBB-7C	60
≤ 7	ZBS-7C/KP	60
≤ 8	4,5m ³	96
≤ 8	ZBS-8C	60
≤ 8	ZBS-8C/KP	60
≤ 10	5m ³	120
≤ 10	ZBB-10C	72
≤ 10	ZBS-10C	72
≤ 10	ZBS-10C/KP	72
≤ 12	ZBB-12C	96
≤ 12	ZBS-12C	96
≤ 16	ZBB-16C	120
≤ 16	ZBS-16C	120
≤ 20	ZBB-20C	144
≤ 20	ZBS-20C	144

The table below shows examples of plant configurations with infiltrating packages

Number of users	Type of settling tank or bio.treatment	type and size for drainage
PE		m
≤ 4	2m ³	24 - pack.
≤ 4	ZBS-4C	18 - pack.
≤ 5	ZBS-5C	24 - pack.
≤ 6	3m ³	36 - pack.
≤ 6	ZBS-6C	24 - pack.
≤ 6	ZBS-6C/KP	24 - pack.
≤ 7	ZBB-7C	36 - pack.
≤ 7	ZBS-7C/KP	36 - pack.
≤ 8	4,5m ³	48 - pack.
≤ 8	ZBS-8C	36 - pack.
≤ 8	ZBS-8C/KP	36 - pack.
≤ 10	5m ³	60 - pack.
≤ 10	ZBB-10C	48 - pack.
≤ 10	ZBS-10C	48 - pack.
≤ 10	ZBS-10C/KP	48 - pack.
≤ 12	ZBB-12C	48 - pack.
≤ 12	ZBS-12C	48 - pack.
≤ 16	ZBB-16C	72 - pack.
≤ 16	ZBS-16C	72 - pack.
≤ 20	ZBB-20C	84 - pack.
≤ 20	ZBS-20C	84 - pack.

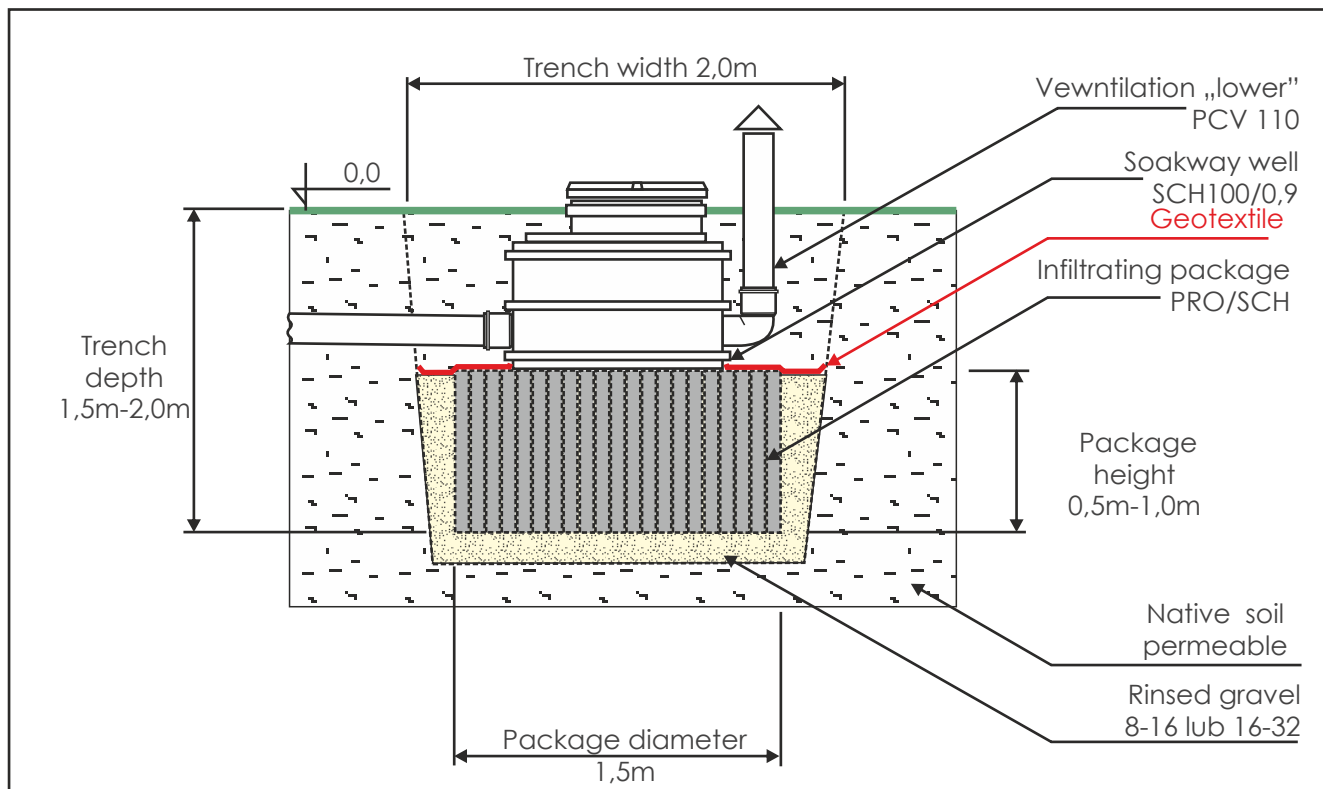
4.0 - Infiltrating systems

CROSS SECTION OF THE MODEL INFILTRATING PACKAGE PRO-1R FOR DRAINAGE



It should be noted that the method of assembling the packages presented in the drawings applies to soils with medium or low permeability. In other types of soil, changes may be made to the method of installation, which must be agreed with the site manager and approved by system designer. In addition to standard packages, packages with larger dimensions can be offered on request.

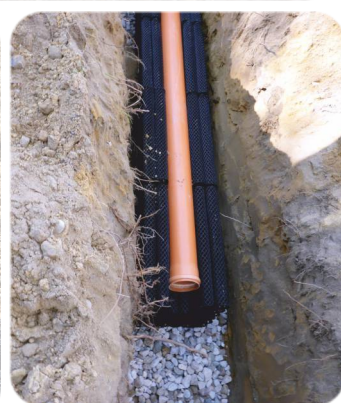
CROSS SECTION OF THE MODEL INFILTRATING PACKAGE FOR SOAKWAY



4.0 - Infiltrating systems

Elements from which the drainage can be configured:

- SCH100 single-wall soakway (HDPE) (as the crowning - the main inspection of the underlay or packages) with a diameter of 1.0 m and a height of 0.9 m (SCH100/0,9) and 1,7m (SCH100/1,7)
- infiltrating packages for soakway of diameter 1,2m (PRO/SCH120) and 1,5m (PRO/SCH150)
- infiltrating pipes PCV110, available in standard version (for sets with drainage on rinsed igravel)and reinforced (incised pipe SN 8 for sets with infiltrating packages PRO)
- geotextile, from NOVITA, type HTS, available in width 0,5m (for drainage on rinsed gravel) and 1,0m (for drauinage on packages PRO)
- single-wall drainage well (HDPE), 1m high, offered as distributtors with different amount of outputs: 3 (SR-3), 4 (SR-4) and 5 (SR-5)
- drainage well (HDPE) - distributtors with posibility of taking samples or equipped with additional filter, offered in version with 3 outputs(SR-3P)



Drainage Lenght	Type of Drainage well	Amount/Lenght of drainage
m		pcs. x m
18	SR-3, SR-3P	2 x 9
24	SR-3, SR-3P	2 x 12
24	SR-3, SR-3P	3 x 8
36	SR-3, SR-3P	3 x 12
48	SR-3, SR-3P	3 x 16
48	SR-4	4 x 12
60	SR-3, SR-3P	3 x 20
60	SR-4	4 x 15
60	SR-5	5 x 12
72	SR-3, SR-3P	3 x 24
72	SR-4	3 x 18
84	SR-4	4 x 21
96	SR-4	4 x 24
120	SR-5	5 x 24

The product has the following certificates:

Drainage pipes

National Technical Assesment: **ITB-KOT-2018/0606**

Infiltrating packages PRO

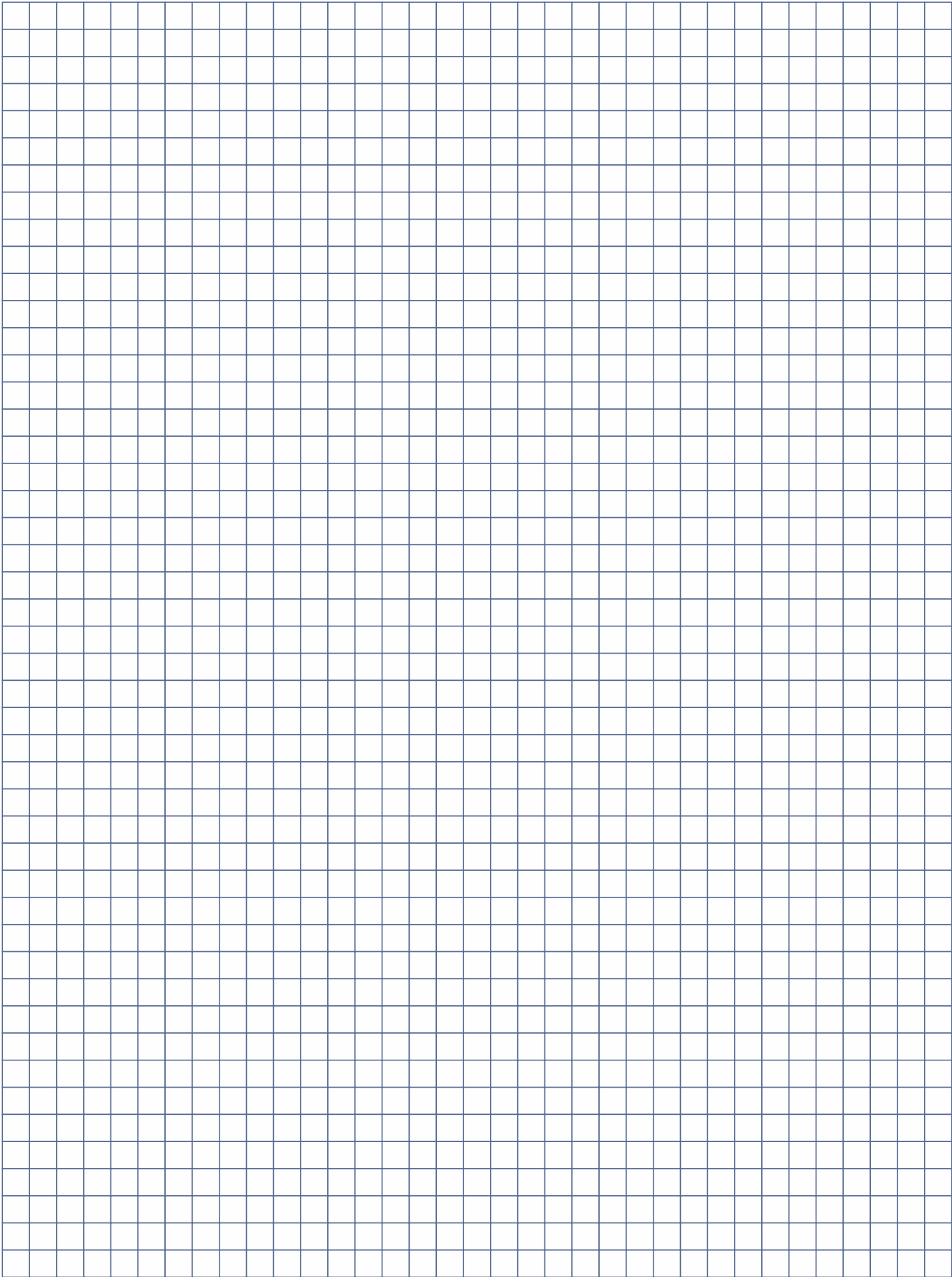
National Technical Assesment: **ITB-KOT-2018/0370**, Hygenic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**

soakway

National Technical Assesment: **ITB-KOT-2018/0417**, Hygenic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**

draingae well

National Technical Assesment: **ITB-KOT-2018/0401**, Hygenic certificate: **BK/W/0338/03/2018**



5.0 - Putrefactive settling tanks

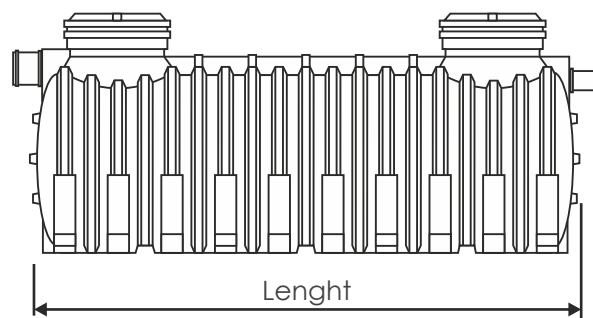
Settling tanks perform role of preliminary settling in house sewage treatment plants. They are the first element on the way of sewage inflow.

Basic functions of settling tank and the processes taking place in it:

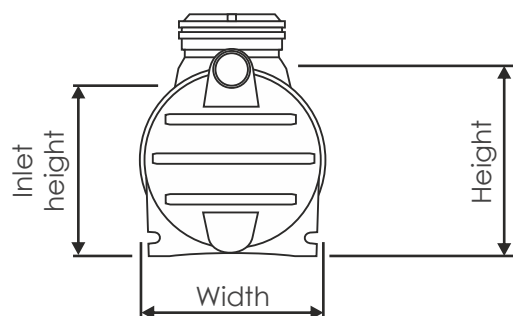
- Storing sewage load, supplied in very uneven way.
- Sedimentation (particles deposition),
- flotation (flotation of lighter particles, e.g. oils, fats),
- anaerobic digestion (i.e. the decomposition of substances in the waste water.)

The processes taking place in the settling tank result in the formation of gases that must be discharged to the high ventilation in the building (e.g. through a sewage riser or separate ventilation).

The processes taking place in the settling tank and the treatment of wastewater are performed with the participation of micro-organisms and enzymes, which are introduced into this environment by means of appropriate biopreparations.



view of the long side of the tank



view on the shorter side of the tank

The product has the following certificates:

Compliance with the standard:
PN-EN 12566-1:2004/A1:2006

Hygienic Certificate:
BK/W/0338/02/2018



Tank Capacity	Daily max. Throuput	Inlet Height	Height	Lenght	Number of chambers	Plastic drain filter
m ³	m ³ /d	m	m	m		
2	0,60	1,05	1,2	2,2	1-2	yes
3	0,90	1,05	1,2	3,3	1-2	yes
3,5	1,05	1,16	1,4	3,2	1-2	yes
4,5	1,50	1,36	1,6	3,5	1-2	yes

5.0 - Putrefactiver settling tanks

The company offers the following types of single-walled settling tanks:

- Single-chamber
- Double-chamber

Single-chamber settling tanks are used in the smallest and simplest solutions, e.g. as the first element of a household sewage treatment plant followed by drainage. As standard, they are equipped with two inspection hatches and a plastic filter at the outlet.

Two-chamber settling tanks are more effective. The division into chambers also protects the filter in the event of accumulating a large amount of sewage.

They are used analogously to single-chamber versions, but can also be part of more complex (biological) systems. As standard, they are equipped with two inspection hatches and a plastic filter at the outlet.

The table below presents an example of selection of settling tanks in a sewage treatment plant on rinsed gravel underlay with fraction of 16-32 mm.

Number of users	Septic tank type	Type and size of drainage
PE		m
≤ 4	2m ³	48
≤ 6	3m ³	60
≤ 8	4,5m ³	96
≤ 10	5m ³	120

The table below presents an example of selection of settling tanks in a sewage treatment plant on infiltrating packages PRO-1R.

Number of users	Septic tank type	Type and size of drainage
PE		m
≤ 4	2m ³	24 - pack.
≤ 6	3m ³	36 - pack.
≤ 8	4,5m ³	48 - pack.
≤ 10	5m ³	60 - pack.



5.0 - Double-wall putrefactive settling tanks

Double-wall putrefactive settling tanks constitute the supplement to series of single-wall settling tanks. They are characterized by a greater endurance as well as a greater scope of available capacities.

Double-wall settling tanks, they are also available in three-chamber version . It is the most advanced designn of series, which has the highest efficiency for this type of solution.

Models with small capacities are used when a considerable installation depth or high groundwater level make it difficult or impossible to install a single-wall settling tank in accordance with the instruction.

Large-capacity settling tanks are usually part of more complex biological treatment plant systems. The choice of capacity, number and size of chambers and the manner of their production is determined by the designer.

The advantages of such a settling tank structure also include possibility of using hatches with larger diameter 80cm, instead of standard ones 60cm. However, this applies to diameter of the body not less than 1.5m.

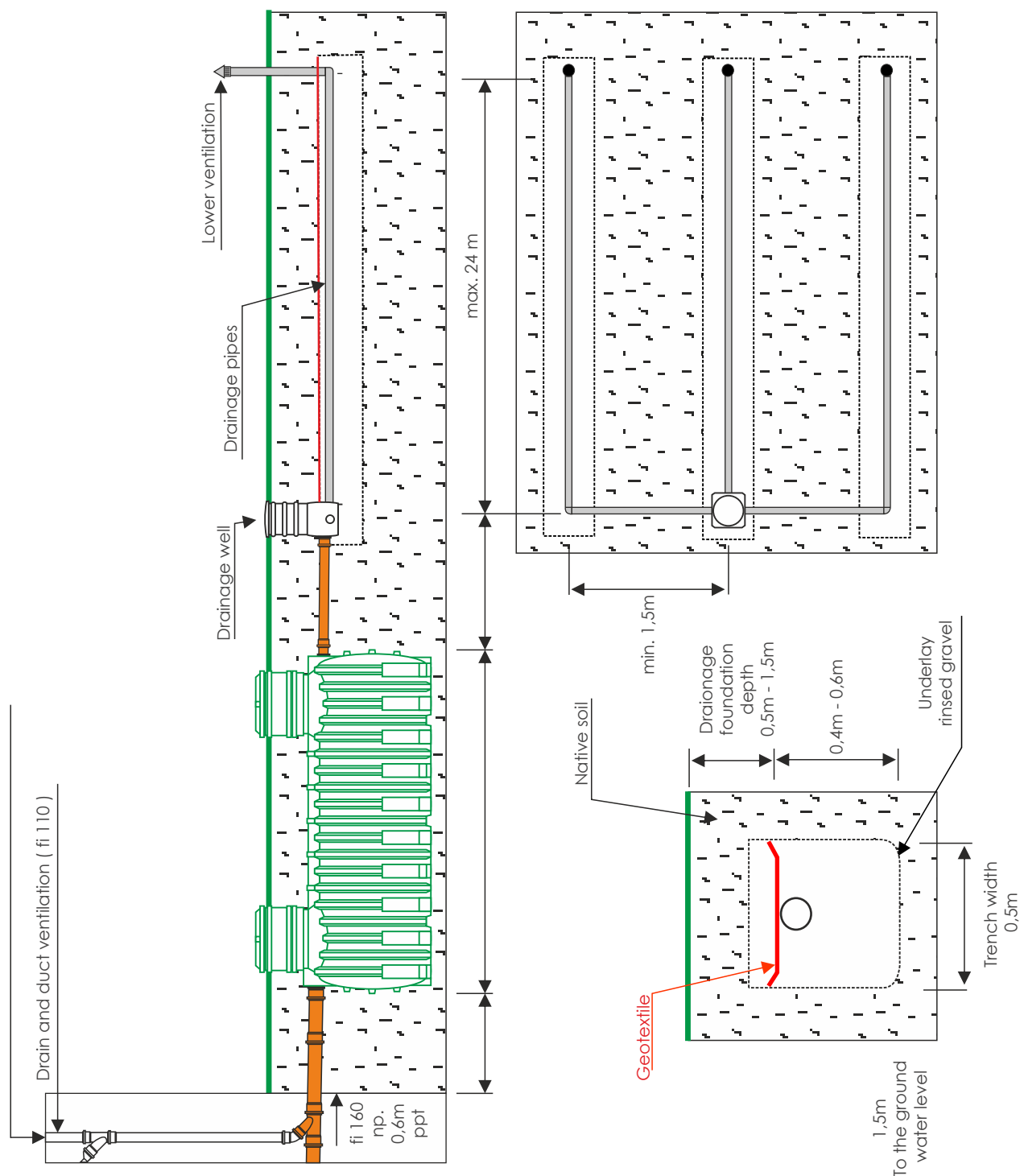
Double-wall settling tanks can, as standard, be covered with a 1,0m layer of ground (for body diameter of 1,2m and 1,5m).

The offer also includes settling tanks with larger diameters (2.0 -2.5m) and capacity of up to 75m³, however they are manufactured on request and according to durability requirements specified by the contracting authority or project. Which may allow for greater depth of construction.



6.0 - Sets of home sewage treatment plants (drainage on rinsed gravel)

The drawing shows a connection variant in case when the building has properly mounted high ventilation.



**The minimum distance for
sewage tanks and treatment
plants from other buildings:**

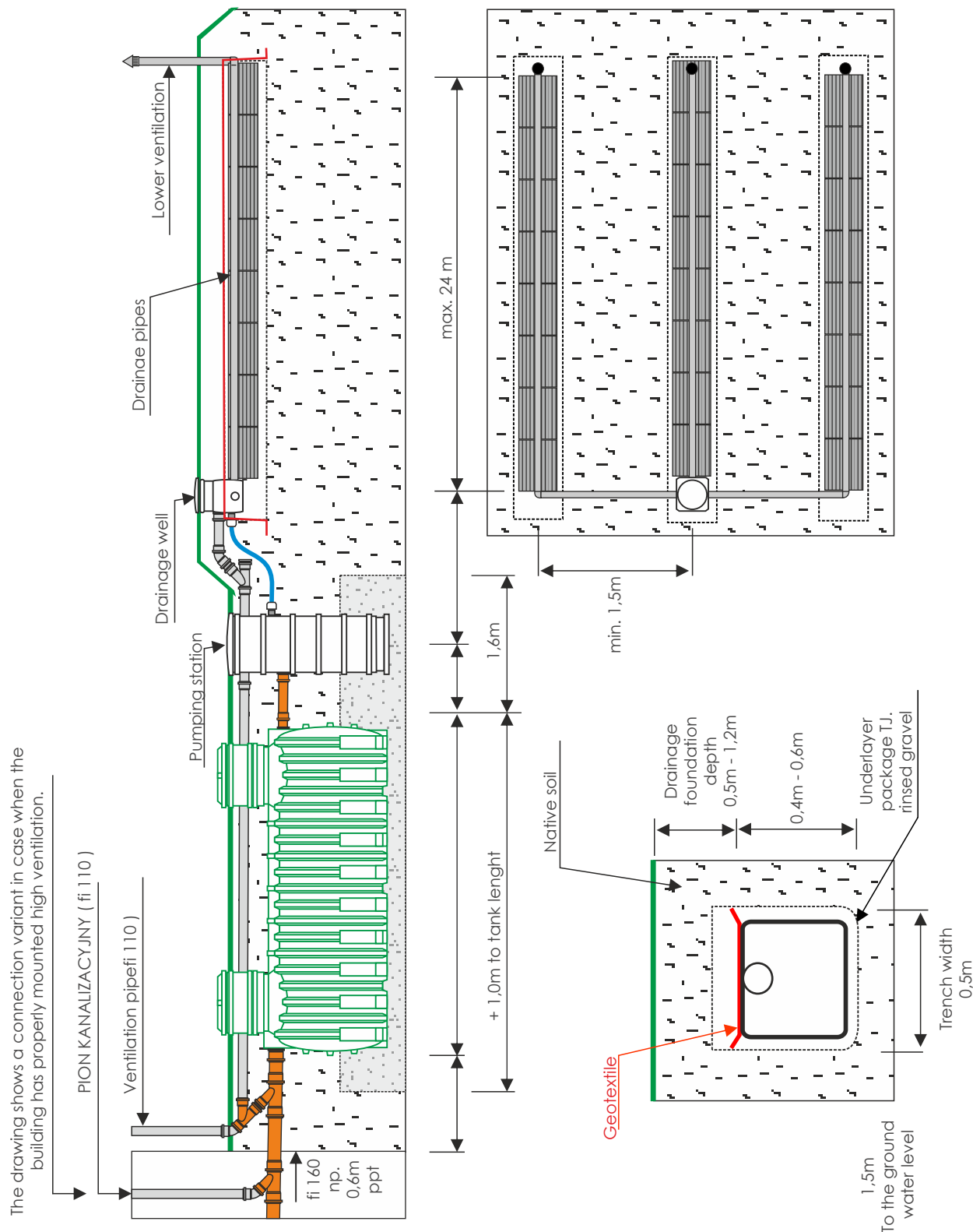
- 2m from the plot border, public road or pavement.
 - 5m from windows and exterior doors to the rooms designated to accommodate people.
 - 1,5m from drainage to the highest groundwater level.
- Well constituting a drinking water should be according to the same regulations away at least:
- 15m from tanks collecting waste (settling, cesspools) and similar sealed containers.
 - 30m (70 m) from infiltrating drainage

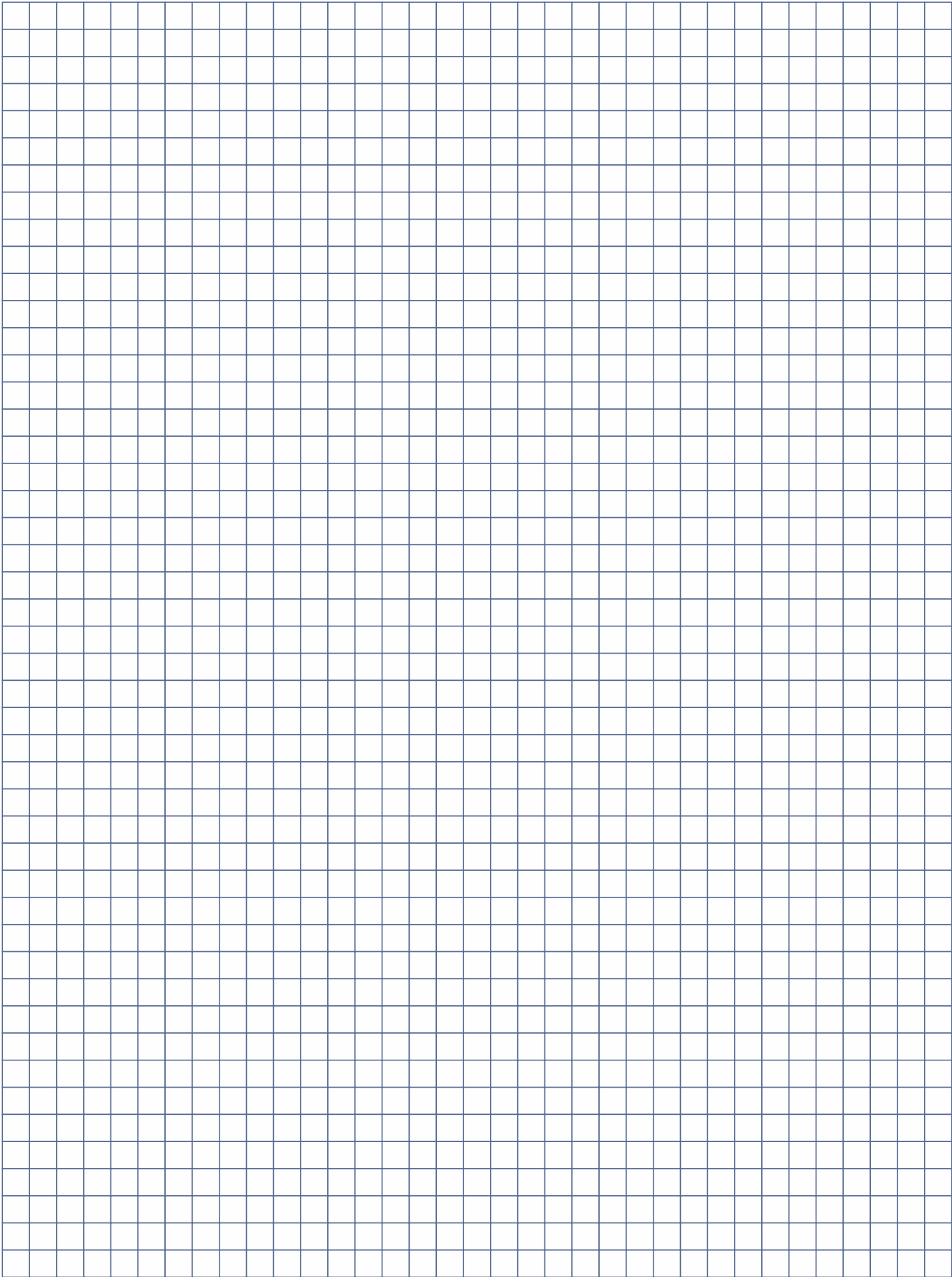
Well constituting a drinking water should be according to the same regulations away at least:

- 15m from tanks collecting waste (settling, cesspools) and similar sealed containers.
- 30m (70 m) from infiltrating drainage

6.1 - Sets of home sewage treatment plants

(packages in the embankment)





7.0 - Pump stations

The range of the pumping station's offer includes both tanks and complete sewage and polluted water pumping stations.

Sewage pumps are available with VORTEX type impellers with 50mm of free passage. Pumps with grinder are available as an option.

Pumping station can be equipped with auto-couplin(Recommended), which largely streamlines maintenance and service . Available are also protection, protection/alarm(with additional float) and control boxes. In two-pump version, the control takes place via PLC programer with LCD displat,to which three float switches are connected.

Standard EBARA pumps types:

- OPTIMA MA (1-phaze) 0,25kW
- BEST ONE VOX MA (1-phaze) 0,25kW
- BEST 2 MA (1-phaze) 0,55kW
- RIGHT 75 MA (1-phaze) 0,55 kW
- RIGHT 100 MA (1-phaze) 0,75 kW
- DW VOX 75 MA (1-phaze) 0,55kW
- DW VOX 100 MA (1-phaze) 0,75kW
- DW VOX 150 MA (1-phaze) 1,10 kW
- DW VOX 200 (3-phaze) 1,50 kW
- DW VOX 300 (3-phaze) 2,20 kW



Type	chamber diameter	extension diameter	Manhole diameter	Optional steel manhole	Height	Construction
	m	m	m	m	m	
P60 HDPE R	0,6	0,6	0,6	-	1,4 / 2,0	Single-wall
P60-80 HDPE R	0,8	0,8	0,6	-	2,1	Single-wall
P100 HDPE R	1,0	1,0	0,6	-	1,9	Single-wall
P120 HDPE R	1,2	1,2	0,6	-	1,8	Single-wall

Type	chamber diameter	extension diameter	Manhole diameter	Optional steel manhole	Height	Construction
	m	m	m	m	m	
P100 HDPE Z	1,0	1,0	0,6	-	2,0 - 5,5	Double-wall
P120 HDPE Z	1,2	1,2	0,6	0,7 x 0,8	2,0 - 5,5	Double-wall
P150 HDPE Z	1,5	1,5	0,6	0,7 x 0,8	2,0 - 5,5	Double-wall
P200 HDPE Z	2,0	2,0	0,6	0,7 x 0,8	2,0 - 5,5	Double-wall

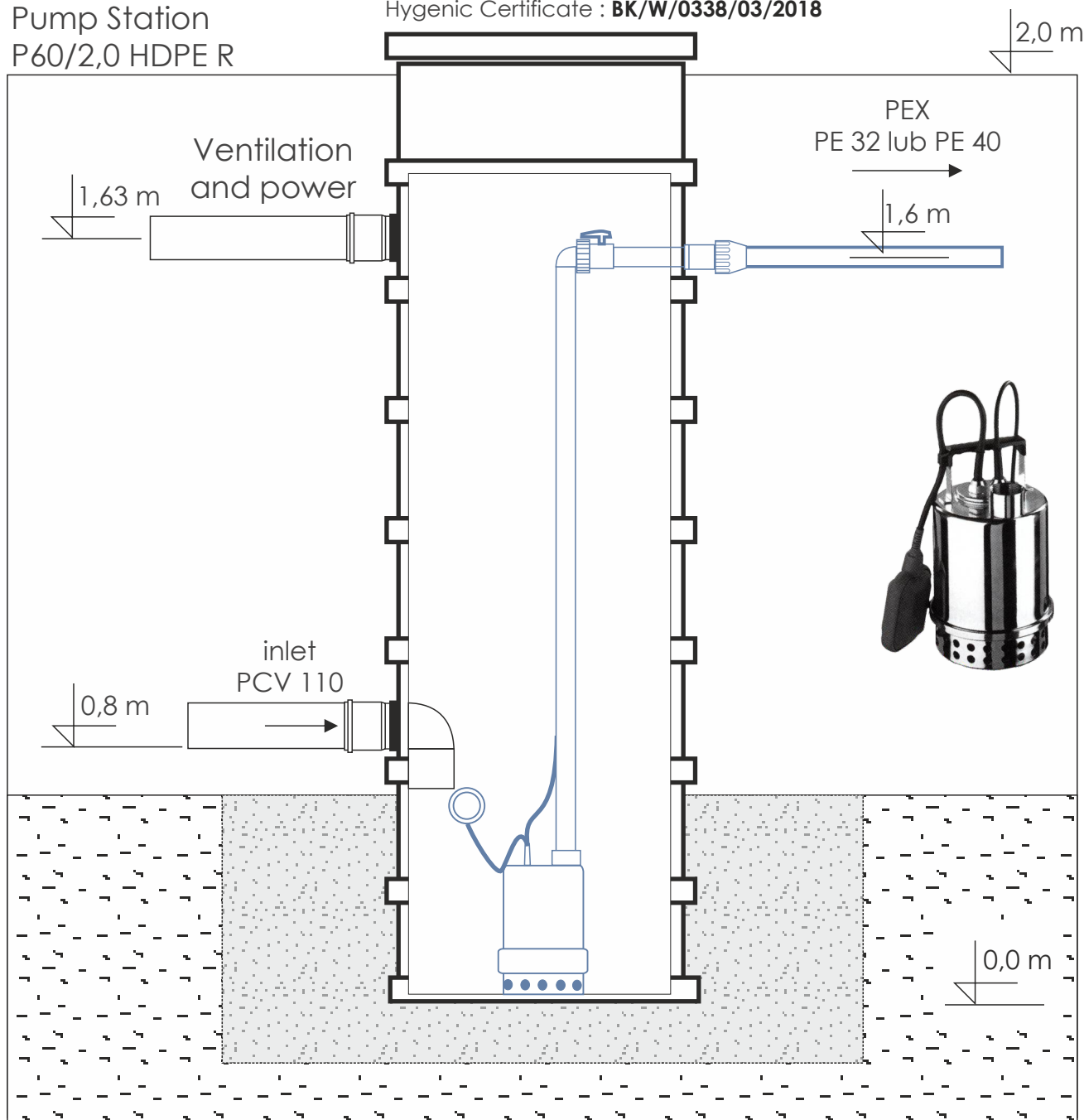
7.1 - Single-wall pump stations

The product has the following certificates:

Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12050-1, PN-EN 12050-2**

Hygienic Certificate : **BK/W/0338/03/2018**

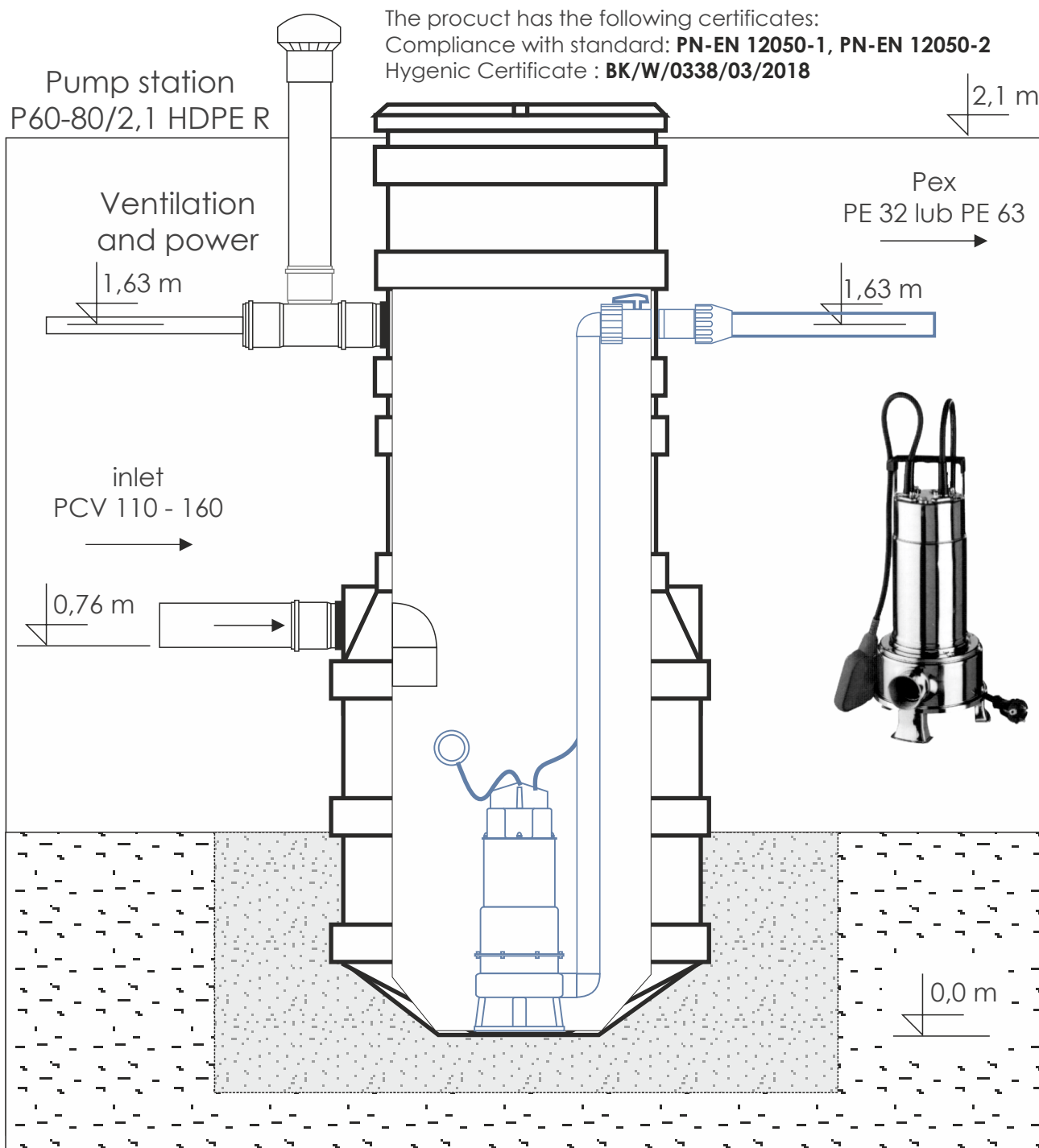
Pump Station
P60/2,0 HDPE R



Type	Chamber diameter	extension diameter	Manhole diameter	Height	inlet / outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
P60/1,4 HDPE R	0,6	0,6	0,6	1,4	110 / 32-50	single-wall
P60/2,0 HDPE R	0,6	0,6	0,6	2,0	110 / 32-50	single-wall

Pump examples	Free passthrough	Wattage / Amperage	Performance / Lifting					
	mm	kW / A	l/min / m					
OPTIMA MA	10	0,25 / 1,9	40 / 6,5	80 / 5,2	120 / 3,3	-	-	-
BEST 2 MA	10	0,55 / 4,4	40 / 11,5	80 / 9,8	120 / 8,3	160 / 6,7	200 / 5,0	240 / 2,9

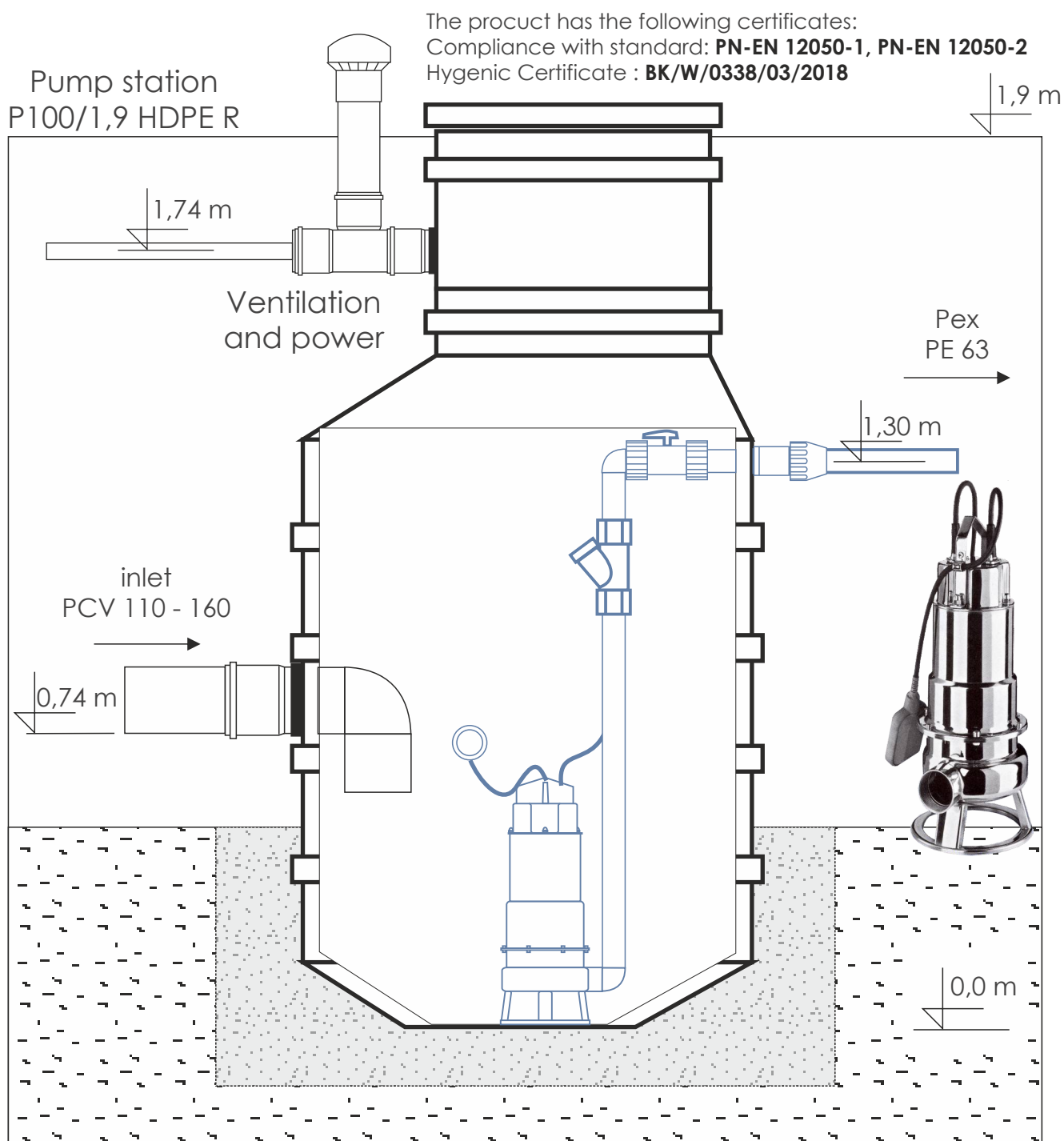
7.1 - Pump stations



Type	Chamber diameter	extension diameter	Manhole diameter	Height	inlet / outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
P60-80/1,5 HDPE R	0,8	0,6	0,6	1,5	110 / 32-63	Single-wall
P60-80/2,1 HDPE R	0,8	0,6	0,6	2,1	110 / 32-63	Single-wall

Pump examples	Free passthrough	Wattage / Amperage	Performance / Lifting						
	mm	kW / A	l/min / m						
OPTIMA MA	10	0,25 / 1,9	40 / 6,5	100 / 4,2	-	-	-	-	-
RIGHT 100MA	35	0,75 / 5,7	40 / 9,5	100 / 8,1	200 / 5,4	300 / 2,0	-	-	-
DW VOX 100MA	50	0,75 / 5,8	40 / 8,6	100 / 7,9	200 / 6,7	300 / 5,3	400 / 3,7	500 / 1,9	-

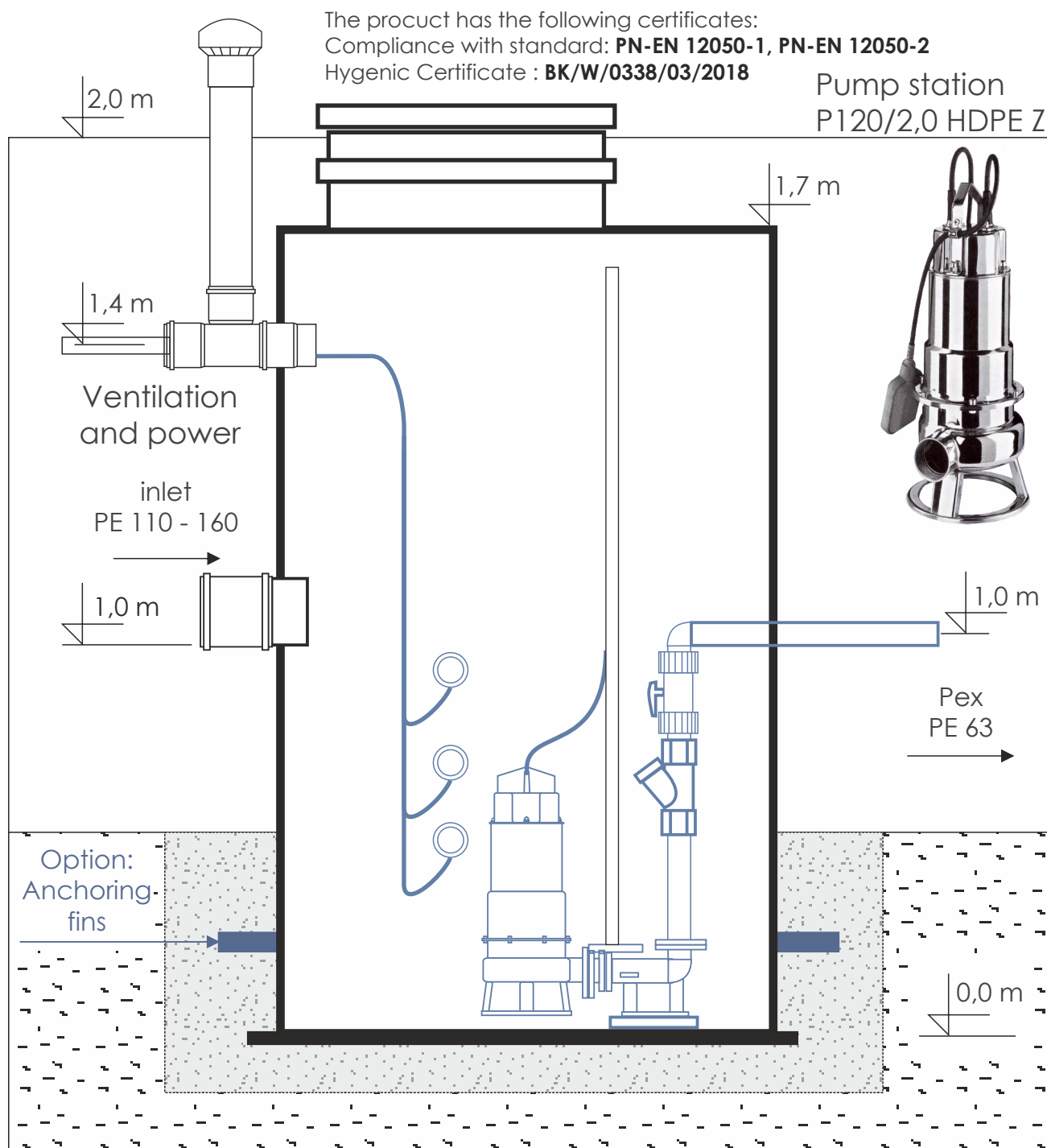
7.1 - Pump station



Type	Chamber Diameter	extension Diameter	Manhole Diameter	Height	inlet / outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
P100/1,9 HDPE R	1,0	0,6	0,6	1,9	160 / 63-75	single-wall
P120/1,8 HDPE R	1,2	0,6	0,6	1,8	160 / 63-75	single-wall

Pump examples	Free passthrough	Wattage / Amperage	Performance / Lifting					
	mm	kW / A	l/min / m					
DW VOX 100MA	50	0,75 / 5,8	100 / 7,9	200 / 6,7	300 / 5,3	400 / 3,7	500 / 1,9	-
DW VOX 150MA	50	1,10 / 7,3	100/10,2	200 / 9,0	300 / 7,6	400 / 6,1	500 / 4,1	600 / 2,1
DW VOX 200 (3-F)	50	1,50 / 3,3	100/12,5	200/11,2	300 / 9,8	400 / 8,3	500 / 6,4	600 / 4,2

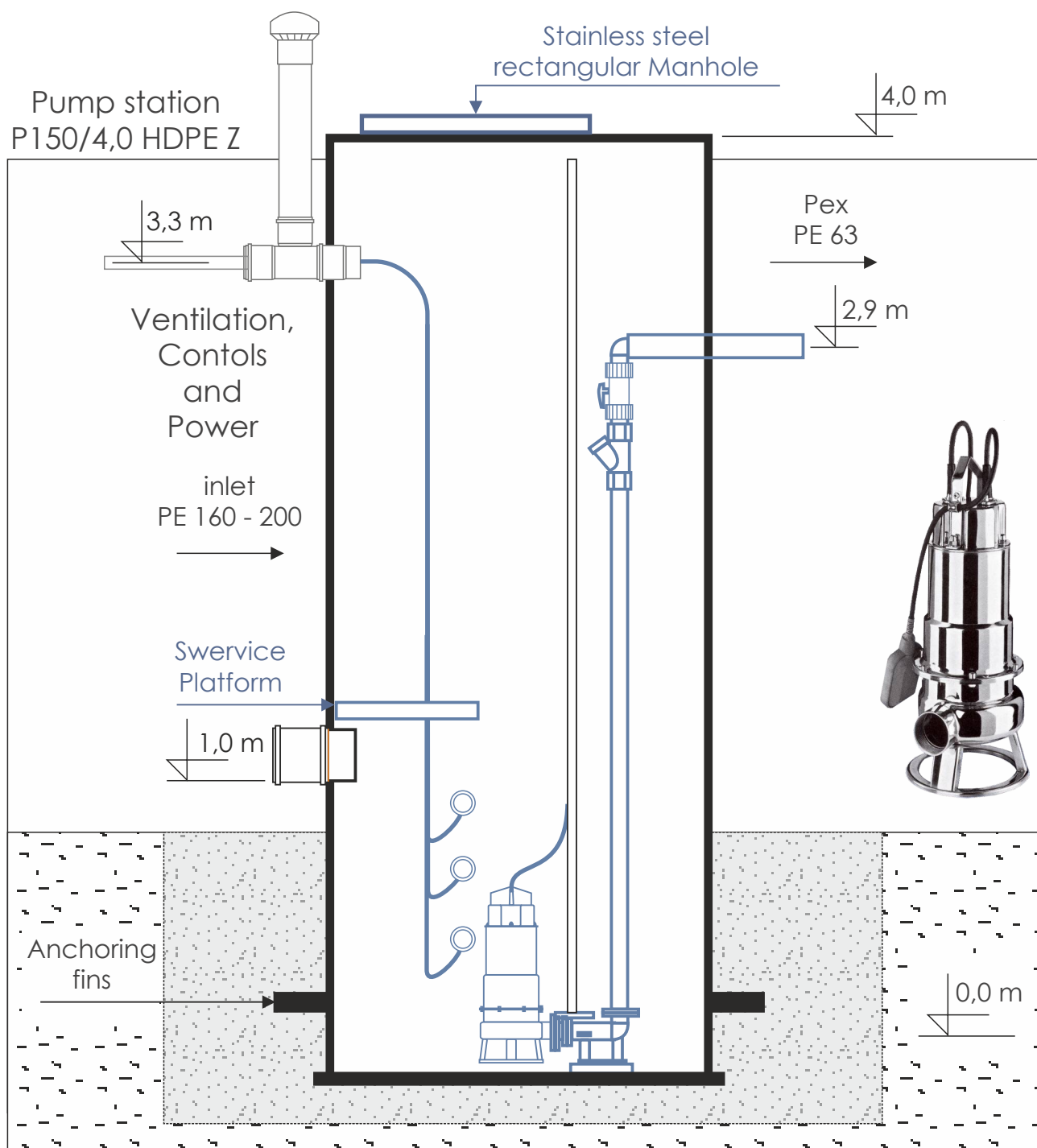
7.2 - Double-wall pump station



Type	Chamber diameter	extension diameter	Manhole diameter	Height	inlet / outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
P100 HDPE Z	1,0	1,0	0,6	2,0-5,5	160 / 63-90	Double-wall
P120 HDPE Z	1,2	1,2	0,6	2,0-5,5	160 / 63-110	Double-wall

Pump examples	Free passthrough	Wattage / Amperage	Performance / Lifting						
	mm	kW / A	l/min / m						
DW VOX 100MA	50	0,75 / 5,8	100 / 7,9	200 / 6,7	300 / 5,3	400 / 3,7	500 / 1,9	-	
DW VOX 150MA	50	1,10 / 7,3	100/10,2	200 / 9,0	300 / 7,6	400 / 6,1	500 / 4,1	600 / 2,1	
DW VOX 200 (3-F)	50	1,50 / 3,3	100/12,5	200/11,2	300 / 9,8	400 / 8,3	500 / 6,4	600 / 4,2	

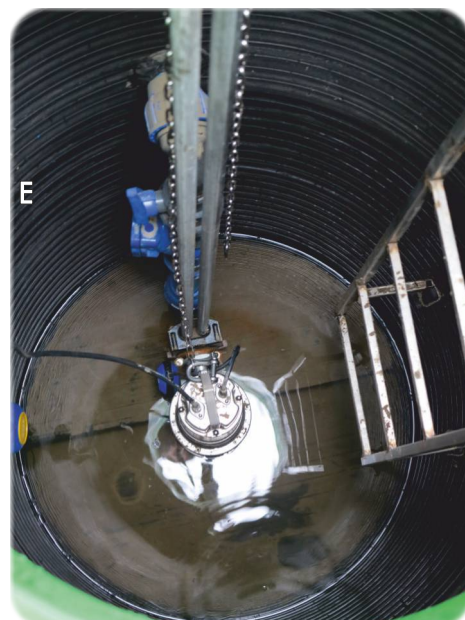
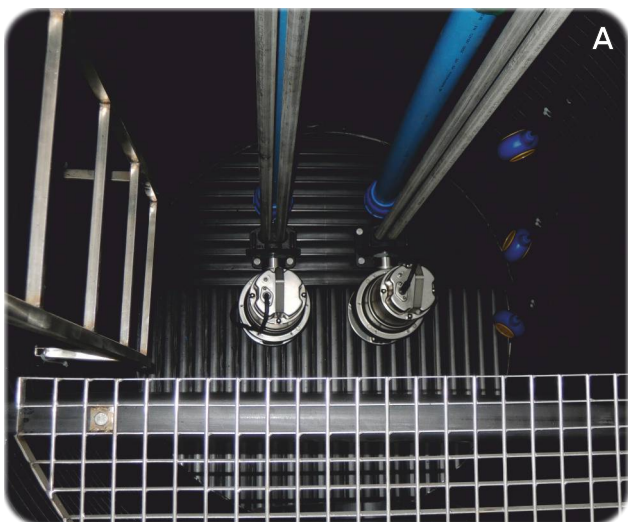
7.2 - Double-wall pump station



Type	Chamber diameter	extension diameter	steel manhole	Height	inlet / outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
P120 HDPE Z	1,2	1,2	0,7 x 0,8	2,0-5,5	160 / 63-110	Double-wall
P150 HDPE Z	1,5	1,5	0,7 x 0,8	2,0-5,5	160 / 63-110	Double-wall

Pump examples	Free passthrough	Wattage / Amperage	Performance / Lifting					
	mm	kW / A	l/min / m					
DW VOX 150MA	50	1,10 / 7,3	100/10,2	200 / 9,0	300 / 7,6	400 / 6,1	500 / 4,1	600 / 2,1
DW VOX 200 (3-F)	50	1,50 / 3,3	100/12,5	200/11,2	300 / 9,8	400 / 8,3	500 / 6,4	600 / 4,2
DW VOX 300 (3-F)	50	2,20 / 4,4	100/15,7	200/14,7	300/13,9	400/12,6	500/10,7	600 / 8,4

7.3 - Pump station (Photographs)



Description:

HDPE Z:

A - P150

B - P150

C - P100

D - P100

E - P100

HDPE R:

F - P100

G - P60

H - P60-80

7.3 - Control and safety boxes in pumping stations

When investing in a sewage pumping station, it is worth using additional safeguards that comprehensively protect the pump or pump system.

Examples types of protections for pumping stations:

- Alarm boxes with an additional float switch,
- Security boxes (necessary minimum),
- Security and alarm boxes with an additional float switch,
- Control boxes (Single-pump) with three float switches,
- Control boxes with a PLC logic module and information display (two-pump) and three float switches,
- control boxes with a PLC logic module and an information display as well as a GSM module (remote information on emergency states) and three float switches.



A protective box (with a pump motor switch) in a 6-module casing with IP 65 rating.



Protection and alarm box (with shock protection in the form of a RCD circuit breaker and a pump motor switch). Additionally, it is equipped with a light and sound alarm. 12-module casing with IP 65 rating. single float switch is connected to the device.



Alarm box (with electric shock protection in the form of a residual current breaker). Additionally equipped with light and sound alarm. in a 6-module casing with IP 65 rating. The box is used in pumping stations as well as in outlet and retention tanks.



Control box (with electric shock protection in the form of a RCD circuit breaker and a pump motor switch). Additionally equipped with a light and sound alarm, and mode switch. 18-module casing with IP 65 rating. three float switches are connected to the box.

7.3 - Control and protection boxes in pumping stations



Control box for 2 single-phase pumps (with electric shock protection in form of RCD and pump motor circuit breaker for both pumps). Equipped with a warning light, operating mode switch, PLC controller with information display, three float switches enclosed in a 24-module housing with IP 65 rating

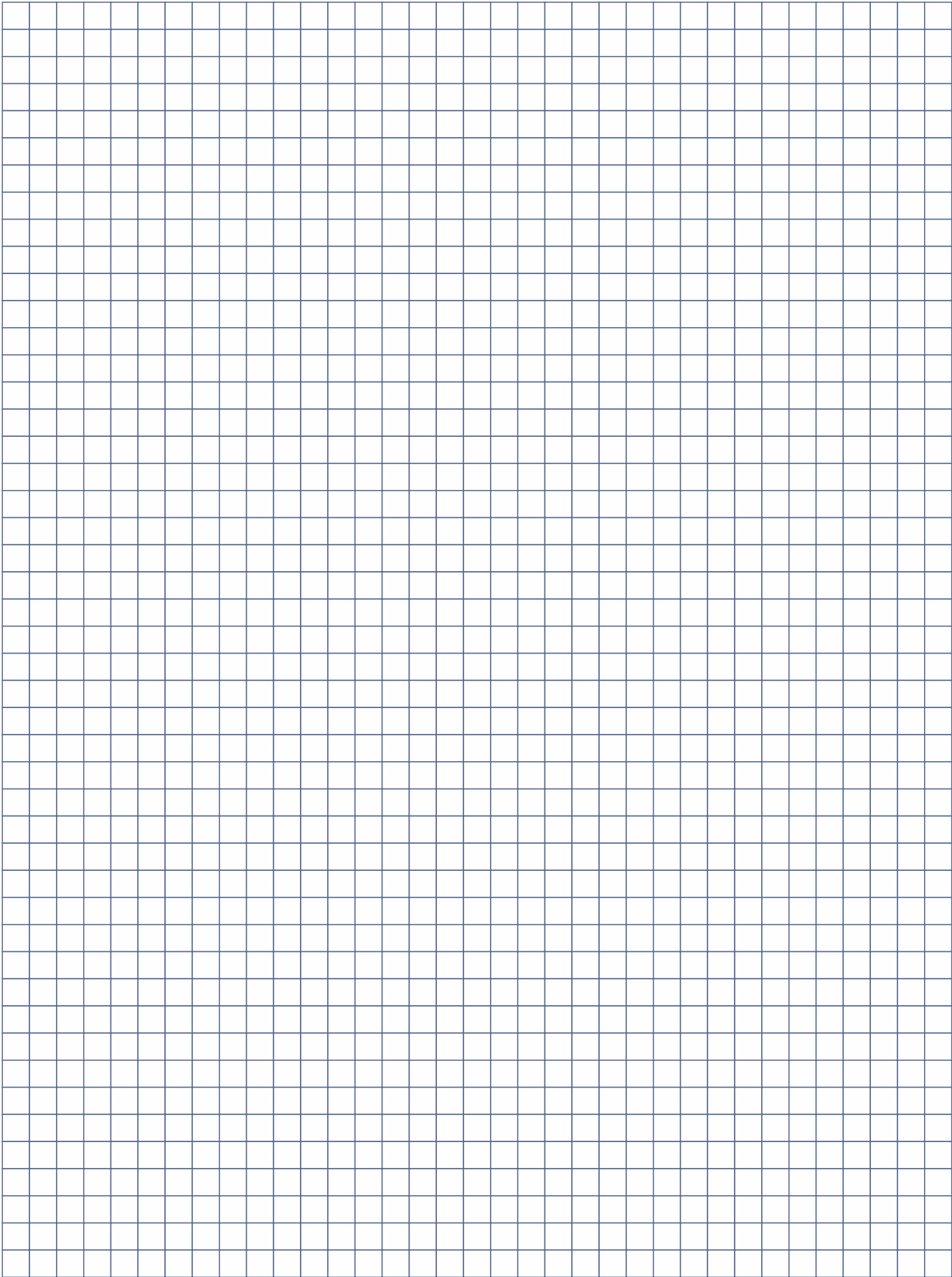
Equipment	Protection box	Protection and alarm box	control box single pump	control box double pump
number of modules / IP Rating	6 mod / IP 65	12 mod / IP 65	18 mod / IP 65	24 mod (1-faz.), 36 mod (3-1az.)/ IP 65
RCD circuit breaker (anti-shock)	-	+	+	+
controller with information display	-	-	-	+
Pump motor switch	+	+	+	+
Warning light (LED)	+	+	+	+
Audible alarm	-	+	+	-
Pump operation switch	-	-	+	+
Pump alternation	-	-	-	+
Number of float switches connected	-	1	3	3
GSM module (optional)	+	+	+	+
Availability of 1-phase version	+	+	+	+
Availability of 3-phase version	-	-	+	+



Control box for 2 single-phase pumps (with electric shock protection in form of RCD and pump motor circuit breaker for both pumps). Equipped with a warning light, operating mode switch, PLC controller with information display and GSM module (remote notification of malfunction), three float switches enclosed in a 36-module housing with IP 65 rating



Control box for 2 three-phase pumps (with electric shock protection in form of RCD and pump motor circuit breaker for both pumps). Equipped with a warning light, operating mode switch, Phase controller (loss and phase order) PLC controller with information display, three float switches enclosed in a 36-module housing with IP 65 rating



8.0 - Grease separator

Too much grease in sewage systems causes fouling of pipes and a significant reduction in their flow. In addition, as a result of the biological decomposition of fat, corrosive fatty acids with an unpleasant odor are formed. Therefore, it is necessary to use grease separators in places of their excessive formation, e.g.:

- Catering establishments (e.g. bars, restaurants, etc.)
- Hotels with a restaurant
- Schools and kindergartens with a canteen
- Wedding halls,
- Food industry (e.g. meat and fish processing plants, slaughterhouses, etc.)

Grease separator works on the principles of:

- Flotation (the flow of substances lighter than water like greases accumulate on surface)
- Sedimentation (the fall of substances heavier than water accumulate them on the bottom).



The series grease separators include three types of design solutions:

- Vertical with single-wall construction for objects with low or medium grease load in sewage
- Horizontal with single-wall construction for objects with medium or high grease load in sewage
- Horizontal with double-wall construction for facilities with high grease load in sewage and for installations in difficult conditions

Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Length	Diameter	Height	Number of manholes	Type	Construction
	l/s	m³	m³	m	m	m			
ST-05	0,5	0,1	0,03	-	0,6	1,4	1	vertical	Single-wall
ST-2	2	0,3	0,12	-	1,0	1,9	1	vertical	Single-wall
ST-3	3	0,4	0,17	-	1,2	1,8	1	vertical	Single-wall
ST-4	4	0,8	0,31	2,2	1,2	-	2	horizontal	Single-wall
ST-7	7	1,4	0,55	3,7	1,2	-	2	horizontal	Double-wall
ST-10	10	2,0	0,83	5,5	1,2	-	2	horizontal	Double-wall
ST-15	15	3,0	1,20	6,0	1,5	-	2	horizontal	Double-wall

Separator Type	Daily amount of meals served		Weekly amount of processed livestock (meat processing plants)
	Restaurant	Hotel	
ST-05	25	50	-
ST-2	100	220	-
ST-3	150	330	-
ST-4	200	440	9 GV (e.g. cows)
ST-7	360	770	18 GV (e.g. cows)
ST-10	520	1100	26 GV (e.g. cows)
ST-15	780	1650	40 GV (e.g. cows)

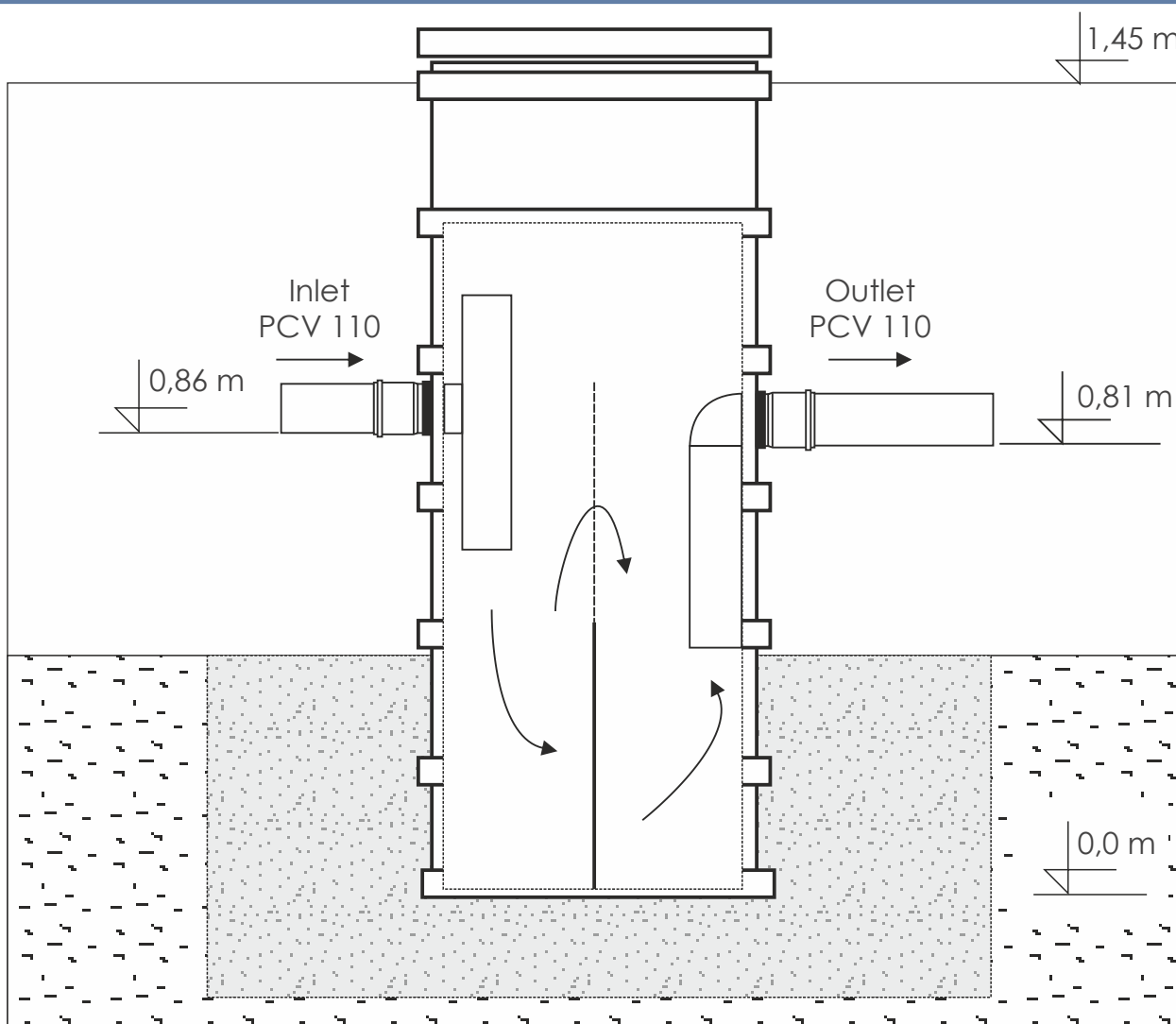
The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 1825-1:2007

The product has the following certificates: Hygienic Certificate :

BK/W/0338/01/2018

8.1 - Single-wall Grease separators



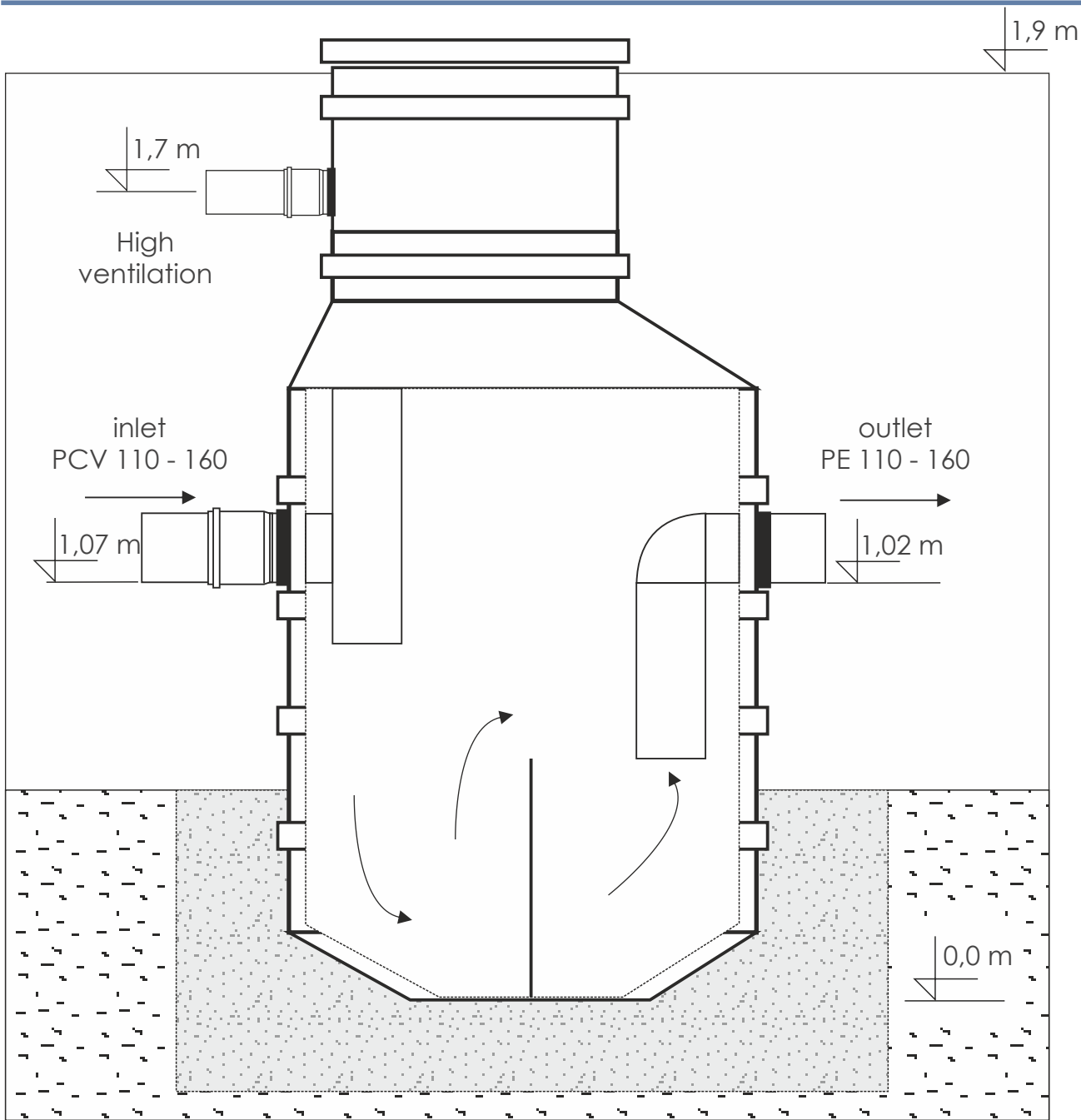
The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:
PN-EN 1825-1:2007

The product has the following certificates:
Hygienic Certificate :
BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Diameter	Height	Construction
	l/s	m ³	m ³	m	m	
ST-05	0,5	0,1	0,03	0,6	1,4	Single-wall

8.1 - Single-wall Grease separators

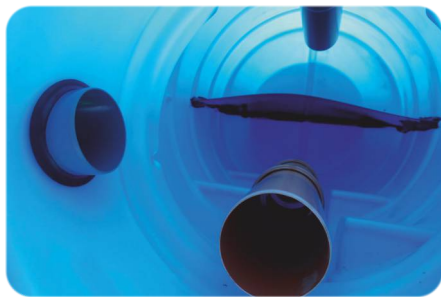


The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 1825-1:2007

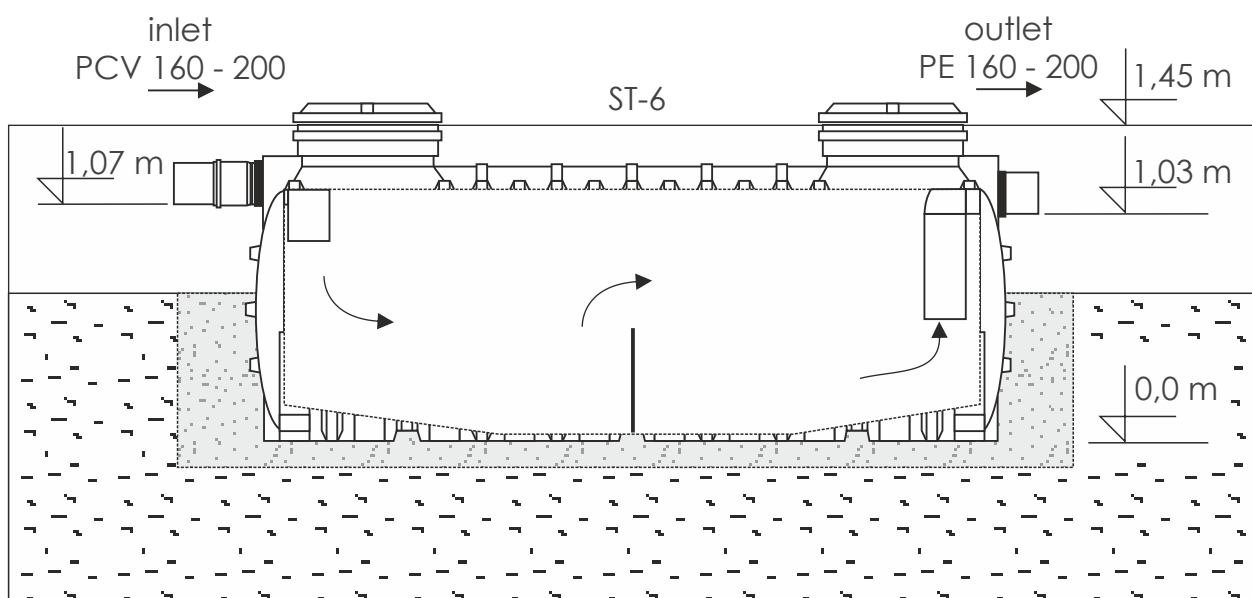
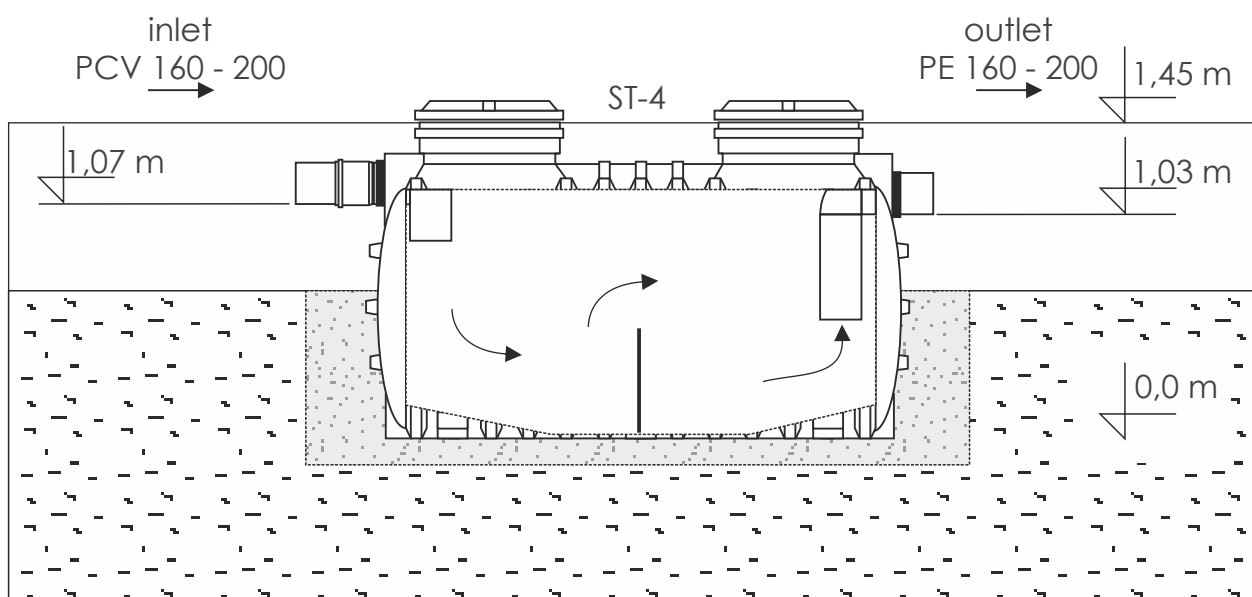
The product has the following certificates:
Hygienic Certificate :

BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Diameter	Height	Construction
	l/s	m³	m³	m	m	
ST-2	2	0,3	0,12	1,0	1,9	Single-wall
ST-3	3	0,4	0,17	1,2	1,8	Single-wall

8.1 - Single-wall Grease separators



The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

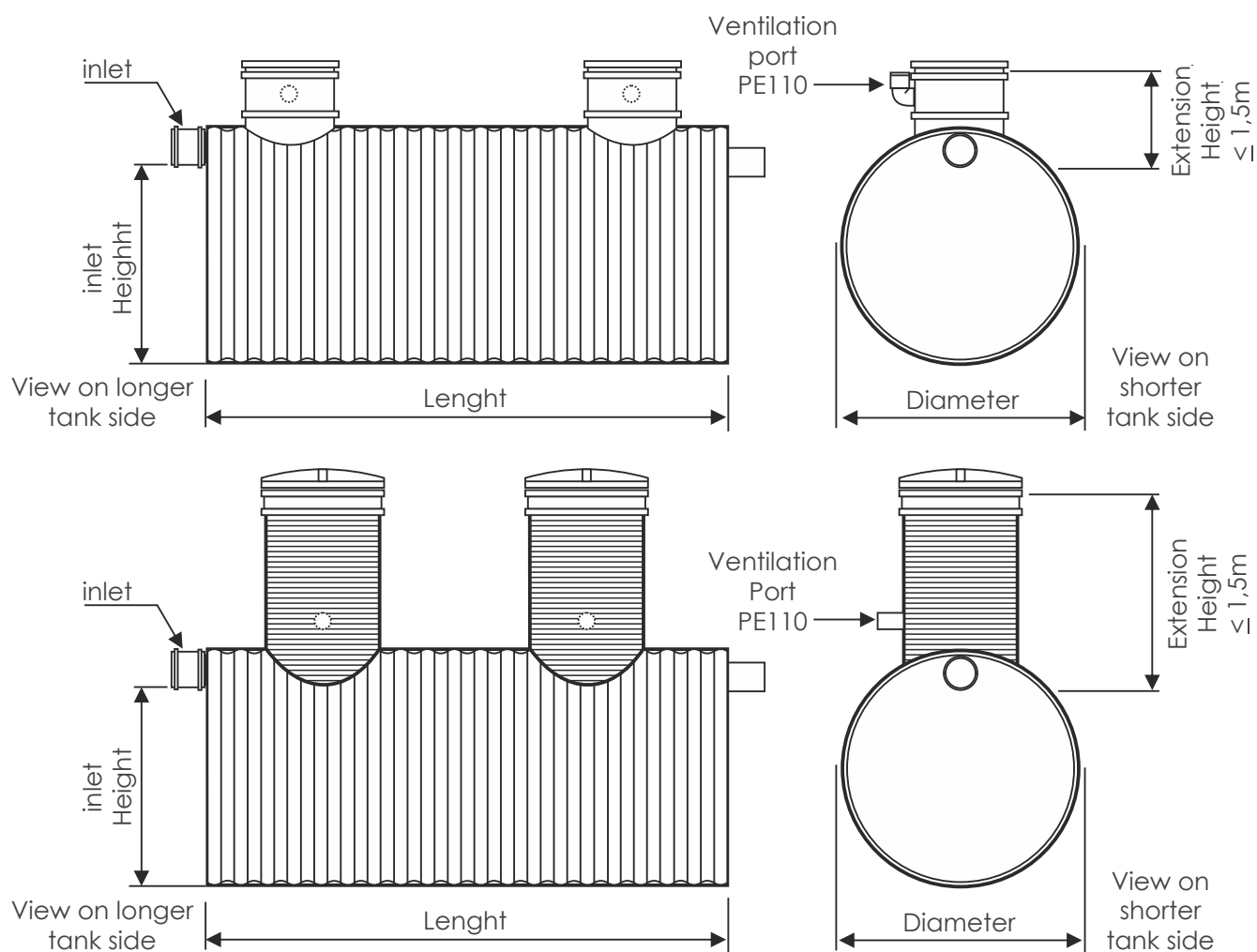
PN-EN 1825-1:2007

The product has the following certificates:
Hygienic Certificate :

BK/W/0338/01/2018

Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Objętość osadnika	Vol. of Oil gathered	Lenght	Width/ Height	Konstrukcja
	l/s	m ³	m ³	m	m	
ST-4	4	0,8	0,31	2,2	1,2/1,2	Single-wall
ST-6	6	1,2	0,48	3,3	1,2/1,2	Single-wall
ST-7	7	1,4	0,56	3,5	1,2/1,6	Single-wall

8.2 - Double-wall Grease separators



The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 1825-1:2007

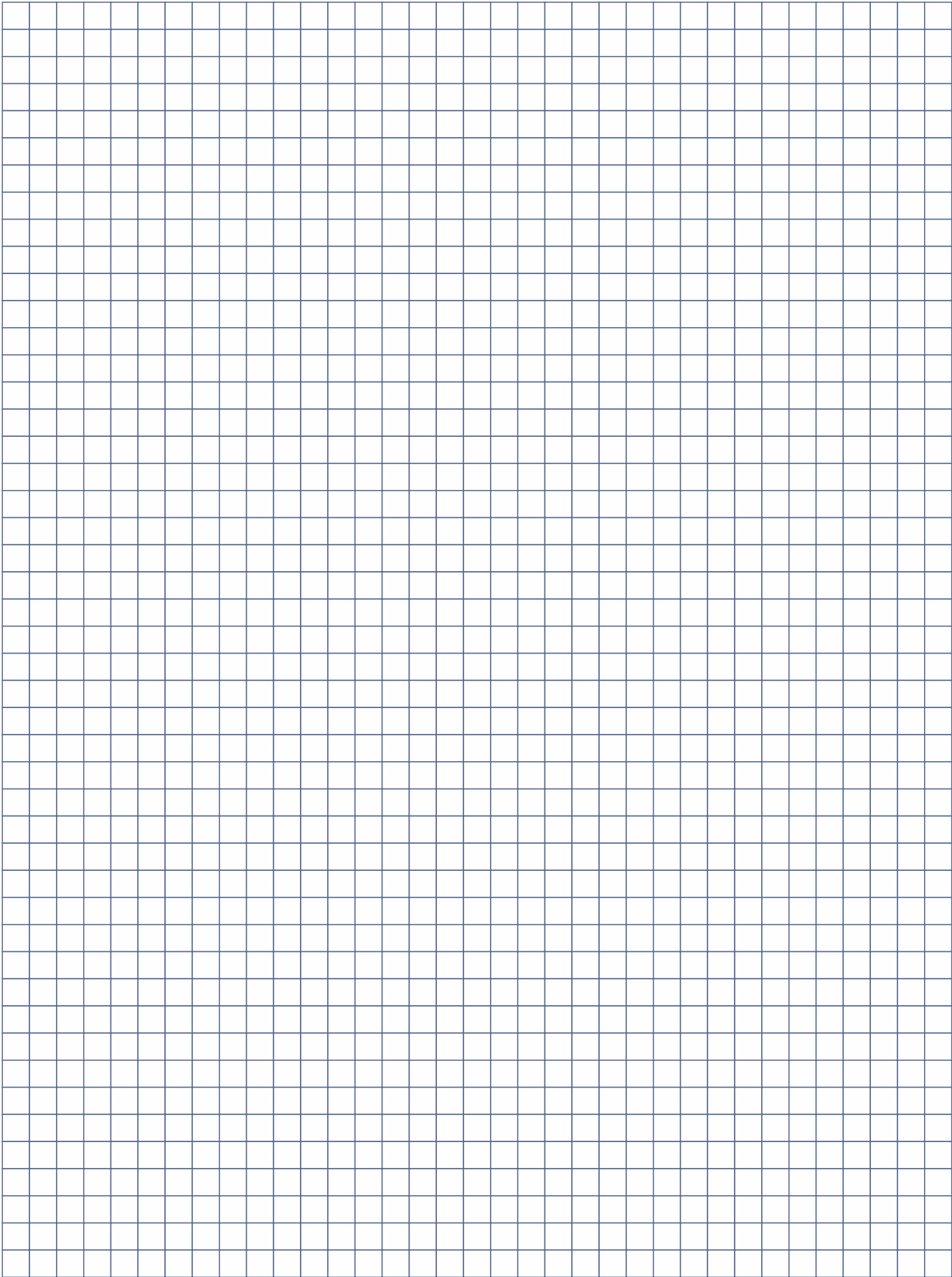
The product has the following certificates:

Hygienic Certificate :

BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Lenght	Diameter	Diameter of the inspection manhole for height $\leq 1,5\text{m}$ / \geq	Construction
	l/s	m ³	m ³	m	m	m	
ST-7	7	1,4	0,55	3,7	1,2	0,6	Double-wall
ST-10	10	2,0	0,83	5,5	1,2	0,6	Double-wall
ST-15	15	3,0	1,20	6,0	1,5	0,6 / 0,8(recommended)	Double-wall



9.0 - Coalescing separators

Coalescence separators are devices designed for installation before discharging into rainwater drainage system water that may contain petroleum pollutants.

Separators are integrated as standard with a settling tank (sand trap) and are equipped with a filter with a coalescing cartridge.

The entire flow takes place through the separator and its amount is determined as nominal for given configuration (i.e. filter size and settling tank capacity).

Coalescence separators are intended for :

- catchment areas of small and medium area,
- catchment areas with a lot of pollution (e.g. gas stations, car washes, etc.)

The series of separators offers two solutions

- BSK with a settling tank 100-200 times greater than the nominal flow
- TSK with a settling tank at least 300 times larger than the nominal flow

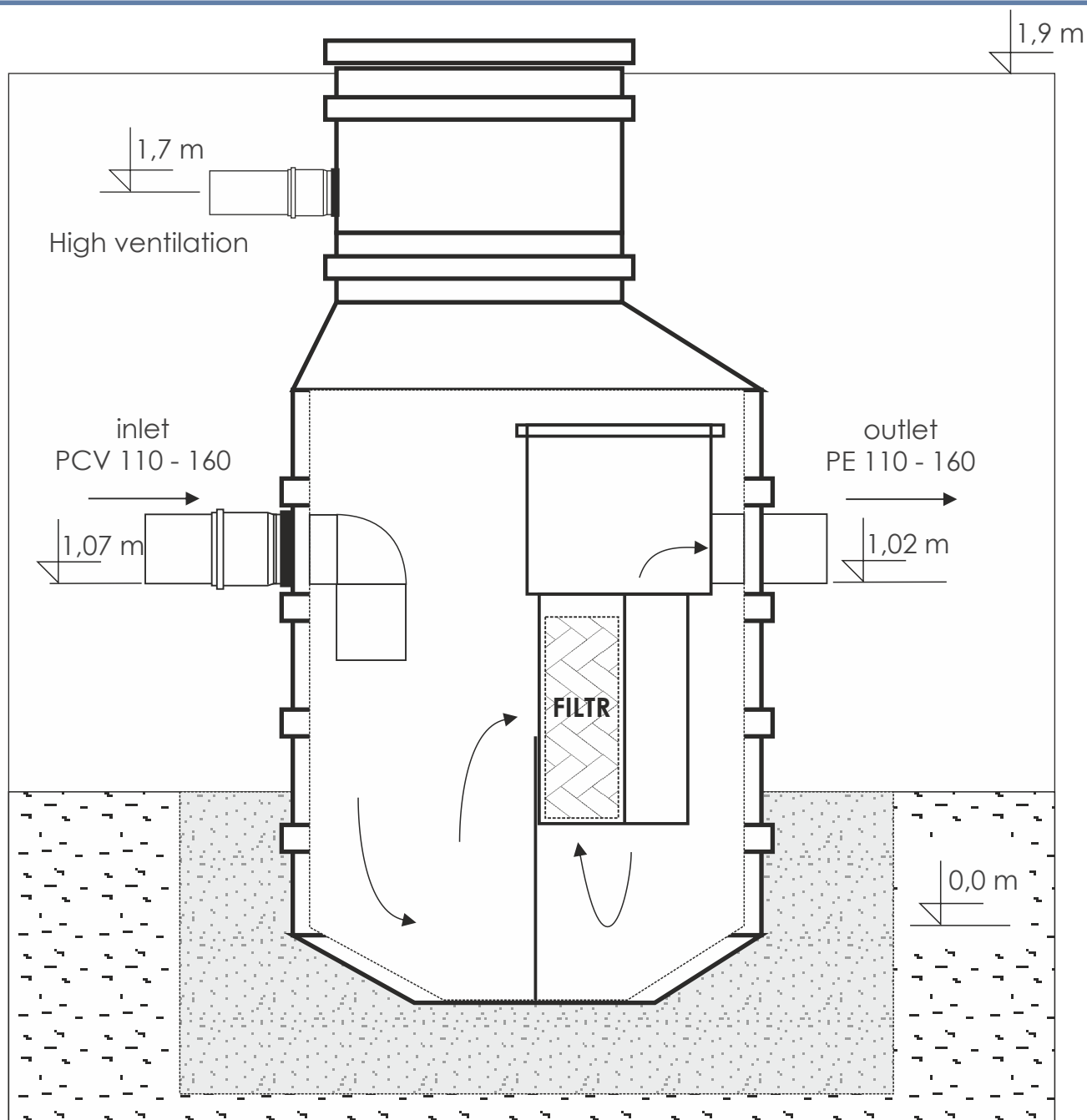


Separator type	Number of units or positions in the carwash	Amount of sediment
TSK-3	2	medium
TSK-4	3	medium
BSK-6	5	medium
TSK-6	5	high
BSK-8	7	medium
TSK-8	7	high
BSK-10	9	medium
TSK-10	auto.carwash	high



Separator to accept entire flow ???	Separator version with storm bypass	catchment area covered with paving
		m ²
TSK-1P	TSK-3B	110
TSK-3	TSK-3B	230
TSK-4	TSK-3B	300
BSK-6, TSK-6	TSK-3B	460
BSK-10, TSK-10	TSK-3B	770
BSK-15, TSK-15	TSK-3B	1150
BSK-20, TSK-20	BSK-6B, TSK-6B	1530
BSK-25, TSK-25	BSK-6B, TSK-6B	1920
BSK-30, TSK-30	BSK-6B, TSK-6B	2300
BSK-35, TSK-35	BSK-8B, TSK-8B	2690
BSK-40, TSK-40	BSK-8B, TSK-8B	3070
BSK-45, TSK-45	BSK-10B, TSK-10B	3460
BSK-50, TSK-50	BSK-10B, TSK-10B	3840
BSK-60, TSK-60	BSK-15B, TSK-15B	4610
BSK-70, TSK-70	BSK-15B, TSK-15B	5380
BSK-80, TSK-80	BSK-20B, TSK-20B	6150
BSK-100, TSK-100	BSK-20B, TSK-20B	7690
BSK-120, TSK-120	BSK-30B, TSK-30B	9200
BSK-140, TSK-140	BSK-30B, TSK-30B	10760

9.1 - Single-wall Coalescing separators



The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 858-1:2005/A1:2007

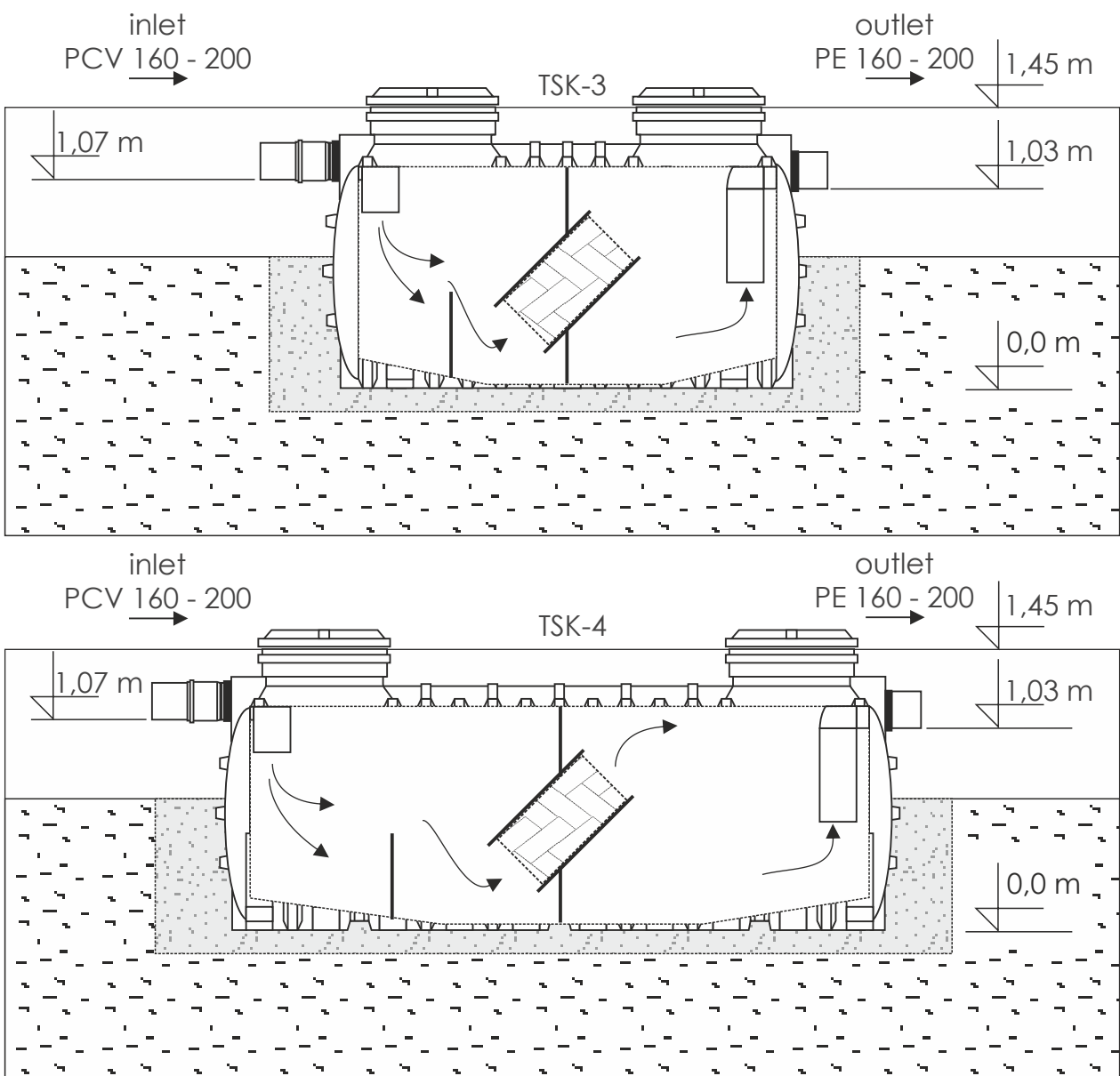
The product has the following certificates:

Hygienic Certificate :
BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	tank Capacity	Diameter	Height	Construction
	l/s	m³	m	m	
TSK-1P	1,5	0,6	1,0	1,4	Single-wall

9.1 - Single-wall Coalescing separators



The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:
PN-EN 858-1:2005/A1:2007

The product has the following certificates:
 Hygenic Certificate :
BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Lenght	Width/ Height	Construction
	l/s	m³	m	m	
TSK-3	3	0,9	2,2	1,2/1,2	Single-wall
TSK-4	4	1,2	3,3	1,2/1,2	Single-wall
TSK-6	6	2,0	3,5	1,2/1,6	Single-wall

9.1 - Double-wall Coalescing separators

Coalescence separators, integrated with sedimentation tank, depending on the type, have 2 or 3 inspection hatches.

And they can be equipped with self-closing drain(optional).

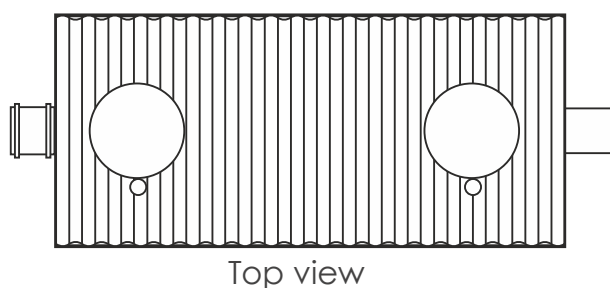
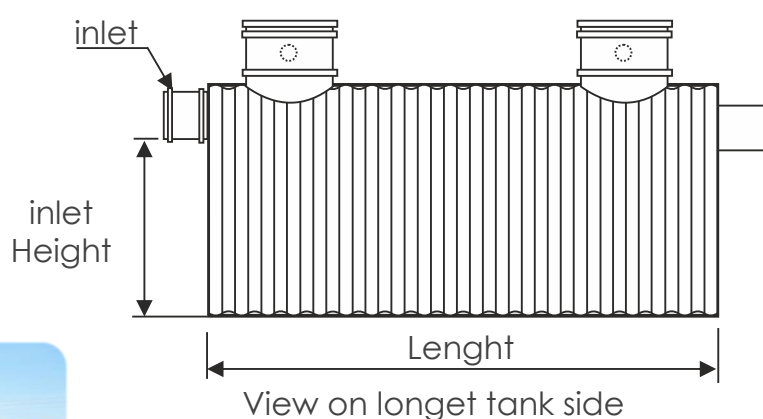
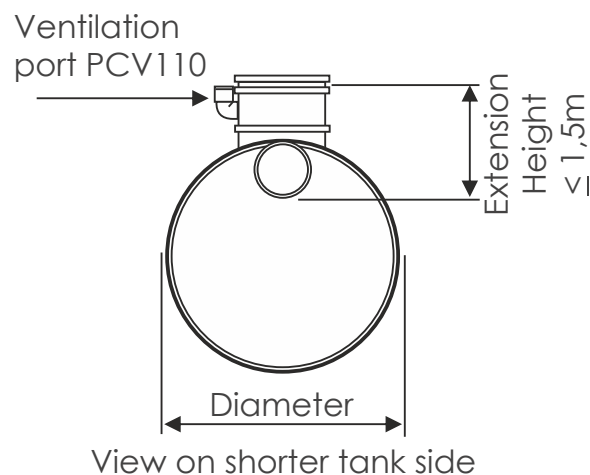
The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 858-1:2005/A1:2007

The product has the following certificates:

Hygenic Certificate :

BK/W/0338/01/2018



Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Lenght	Diameter	Diameter of In/out flow	Height of inlet form bottom	Number of manholes	Konstrukcja
	l/s	m ³	m ³						
TSK-3	3	0,9	0,20	2,0	1,2	160	1,04	2	Double-wall
TSK-4	4	1,2	0,27	2,9	1,2	160-200	1,00	2	Double-wall
BSK-6	6	1,2	0,27	2,9	1,2	160-200	1,00	2	Double-wall
TSK-6	6	2,5	0,55	4,6	1,2	160-200	1,00	2	Double-wall
BSK-10	10	2	0,28	3,1	1,5	160-200	1,26	2	Double-wall
TSK-10	10	3	0,42	4,3	1,5	160-200	1,26	2	Double-wall
BSK-15	15	3	0,42	4,3	1,5	200-250	1,23	2	Double-wall
BSK-15	15	3	0,42	4,8	1,5	200-315	1,15	2	Double-wall
BSK-20	20	4	0,56	6,0	1,5	200-250	1,23	2	Double-wall
BSK-25	25	3	0,42	4,8	1,5	200-250	1,23	2	Double-wall
BSK-30	30	3	0,42	5,4	1,5	200-250	1,23	2	Double-wall
BSK-30	30	5	0,70	6,5	1,5	200-315	1,15	3	Double-wall
BSK-40	40	4	0,56	6,0	1,5	200-315	1,15	2	Double-wall
BSK-50	50	5	0,70	7,1	1,5	200-315	1,15	3	Double-wall

9.2 - Double-wall Coalescing separators with BY-PASS

Coalescence separators are devices designed for installation before discharge into rainwater drainage system water that may contain petroleum pollutants.

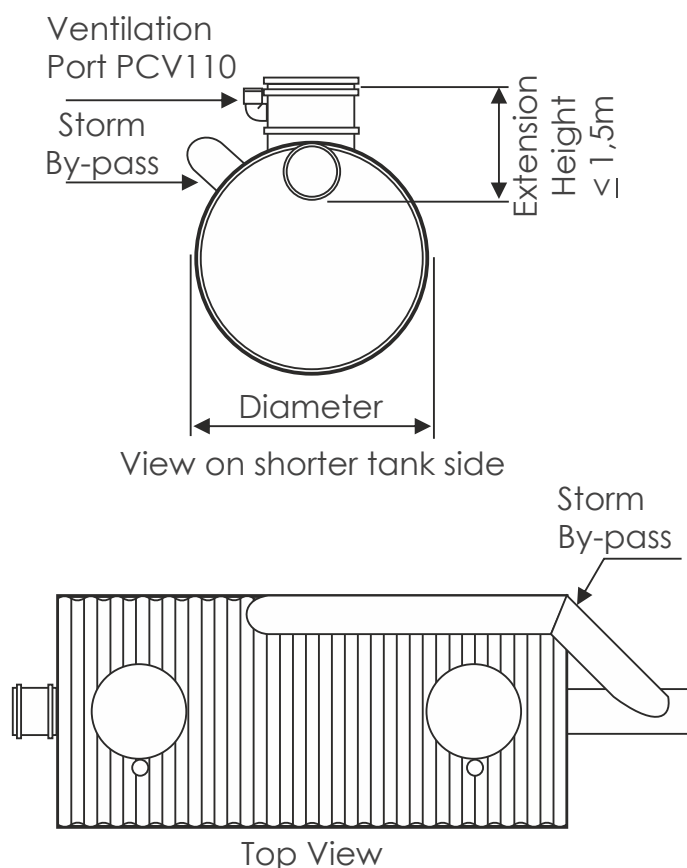
In a situation where the catchment area may be characterized by high flow variability (e.g. parking and vehicle traffic), a solution involving a storm BY-PASS are used

Separators are normally equipped with a settling tank (sand trap), a filter with a coalescing cartridge and a storm bypass, which starts in settling tank chamber, and the end is connected to separator outlet.

The flow value is described by two parameters

- Nominal
- Maximum (With storm BY-PASS system)

In a situation where a deeper installation of the separator is required, it is recommended to increase the diameter of standard inspection hatches from 60cm to 80cm. This facilitates maintenance operations



The product has the following declarations of compliance with the standard:

PN-EN 858-1:2005/A1:2007

The product has the following certificates:

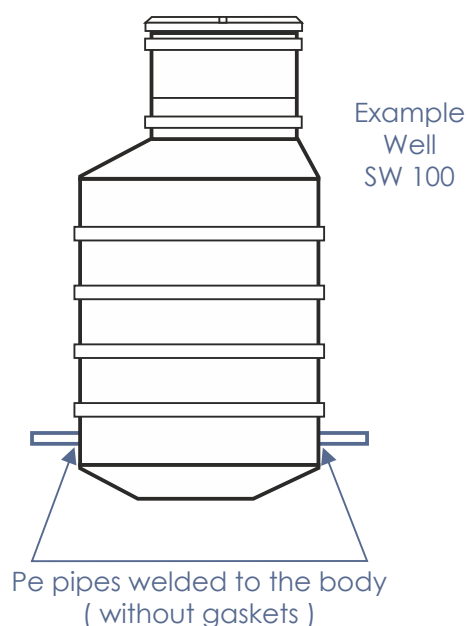
Hygienic Certificate : **BK/W/0338/01/2018**

Separator Type	Nominal Flow	Max. Flow	Tank Capacity	Vol. of Oil gathered	Lenght	Diameter	Diameter of In/out flow	Height of inlet form bottom	Number of manholes
	l/s	l/s	m³	m³	m	m			
TKS-3B	3	15	0,9	0,20	2,0	1,2	160-200	1,00	2
BSK-6B	6	30	1,2	0,27	2,9	1,2	160-200	1,00	2
BSK-6B2	6	60	1,2	0,27	2,9	1,2	160-200	1,00	2
TSK-6B2	6	60	2,5	0,55	4,6	1,2	160-200	1,00	2
BSK-10B	10	50	2,0	0,28	3,1	1,5	200-250	1,23	2
BSK-10B2	10	100	2,0	0,28	3,7	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
TSK-10B2	10	100	4,0	0,56	5,4	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
BSK-15B	15	75	3,0	0,42	4,3	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
BSK-15B2	15	150	3,5	0,49	6,0	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
TSK-15B2	15	150	5,0	0,70	6,5	1,5	250-315	1,15	3
BSK-20B	20	100	4,0	0,56	5,4	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
BSK-20B2	20	200	4,0	0,56	6,0	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
BSK-30B	30	150	3,5	0,49	6,0	1,5	250-315	1,15	2
BSK-30B2	30	300	6,0	0,84	7,7	1,5	250-400	1,05	3
BSK-40B	40	200	4,0	0,56	7,1	1,5	250-400	1,05	2
BSK-40B2	40	400	4,0	0,56	7,1	1,5	315-400	1,05	2
BSK-50B	50	250	5,0	0,70	7,1	1,5	315-400	1,05	3
BSK-50B2	50	500	5,0	0,70	7,7	1,5	315-400	1,05	3

10.0 - Water meter wells

Designed for installation in any terrain regardless of ground and water conditions. The construction of the tank ensures tightness and protects devices installed inside. Access to the interior of the tank is provided through an inspection hatch with a diameter of approx 60cm. In order to fasten the well in case of surfacing a concrete layer is made (in bottom part). Made in accordance with the instructions provided, it enables the well to be secured against the buoyancy force. Flanges (installed inside the manhole) are offered as additional equipment

When ordering them, please specify the exact distance to insert the appropriate accessories. The offered connections range from PE32 to PE110. At the customer's request, more than two connections can be made, depending on the type of the manhole.

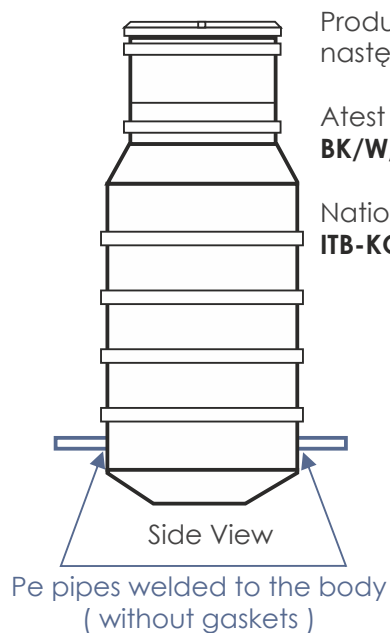


Type	Tank Diameter	Diameter of extension	Diameter of manhole	Height	Inlet /Outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
SW80/1,8 HDPE R	0,8	0,6	0,6	1,8	32-40	single-wall
SW100/1,9 HDPE R	1,0	0,6	0,6	1,9	32-50	single-wall
SW120/1,8 HDPE R	1,2	0,6	0,6	1,8	32-75	single-wall

Type	Tank Diameter	Diameter of extension	Diameter of manhole	Height	Inlet /Outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
SW 120 HDPE Z	1,2	1,2	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	32-75	Double-wall
SW 150 HDPE Z	1,5	1,5	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	32-90	Double-wall
SW 200 HDPE Z	2,0	2,0	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	32-110	Double-wall
SW 250 HDPE Z	2,5	2,5	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	32-160	Double-wall

10.1 - Single-wall Water meter wells

Water meter well SW80

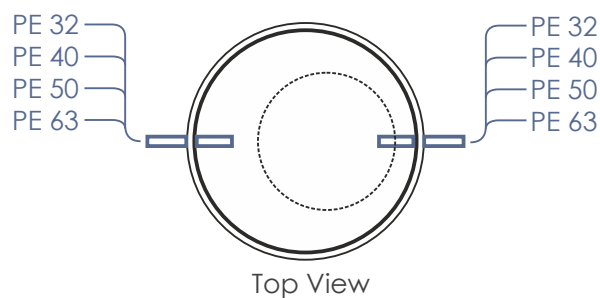
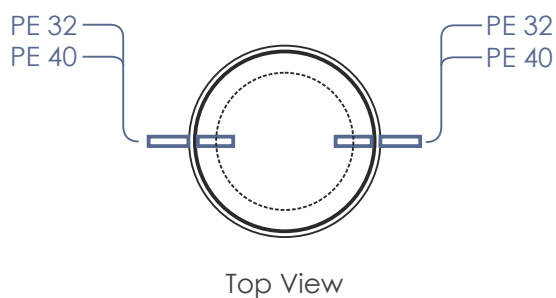
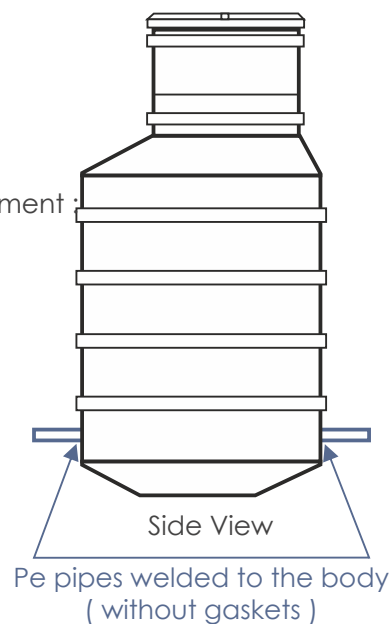


Produkt posiada
następujące certyfikaty:

Atest Higieniczny:
BK/W/0338/03/2018

National Technical Assessment :
ITB-KOT-2018/0401

Water meter well SW100



Type	Chamber Diameter	Extension Diameter	Manhole Diameter	Height	Connection Diameter	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
SW80/1,8 HDPE R	0,8	0,6	0,6	1,8	32-40	Single-wall
SW100/1,9 HDPE R	1,0	0,6	0,6	1,9	32-63	Single-wall

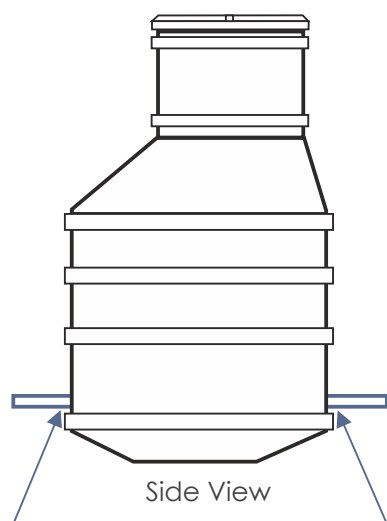
10.1 - Water meter wells

Studzienka wodomierzowa SW120

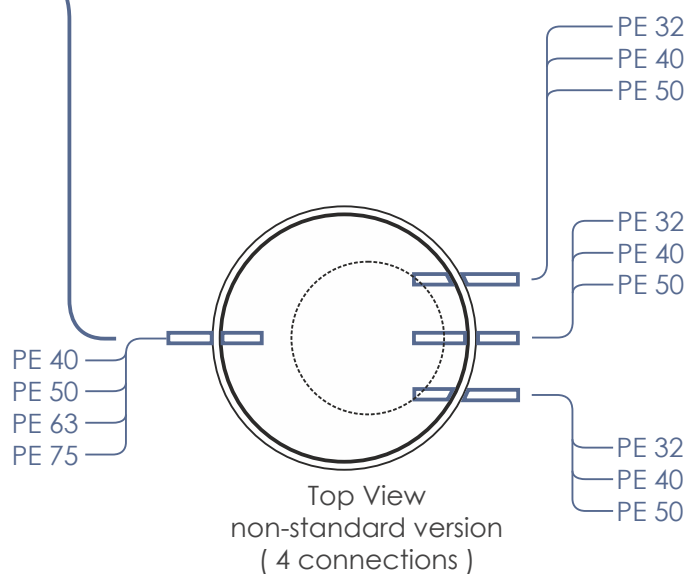
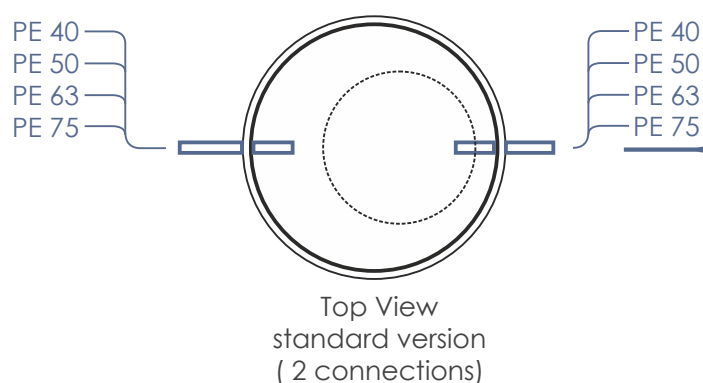
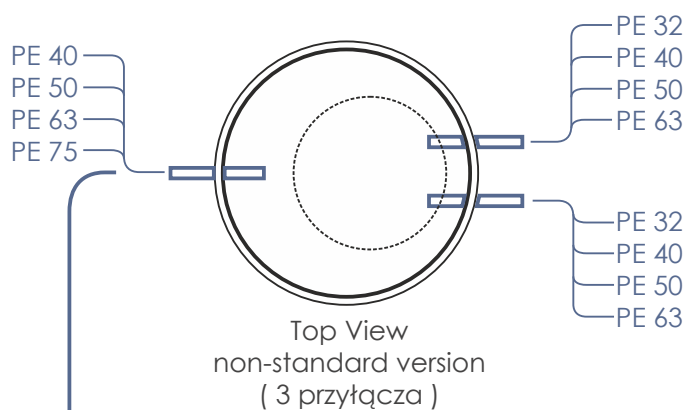
The product has the following certificates:

Hygienic Certificate: **BK/W/0338/03/2018**

Krajowa Ocena Techniczna: **ITB-KOT-2018/0401**



Pe pipes welded to the body
(without gaskets)



Typ	Tank Diameter	Extension Diameter	Manhole Diameter	Height	Connections Diameter	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
SW120/1,8 HDPE R	1,2	0,6	0,6	1,8	32-75	Single-wall

10.1 - Single-wall Water meter wells

Placing well in sandy soils without the possibility of occurrence of ground water.

Prior to installation, check if the tank is not damaged. Make the excavation so that there is a free space of 50cm between the pit and the walls of the excavation (for purpose of covering and compacting with sand). Well should be placed on 10 cm cement-gravel underlay. Then it should be leveled and lightly covered with sand in order to stabilize and connect the water pipes.

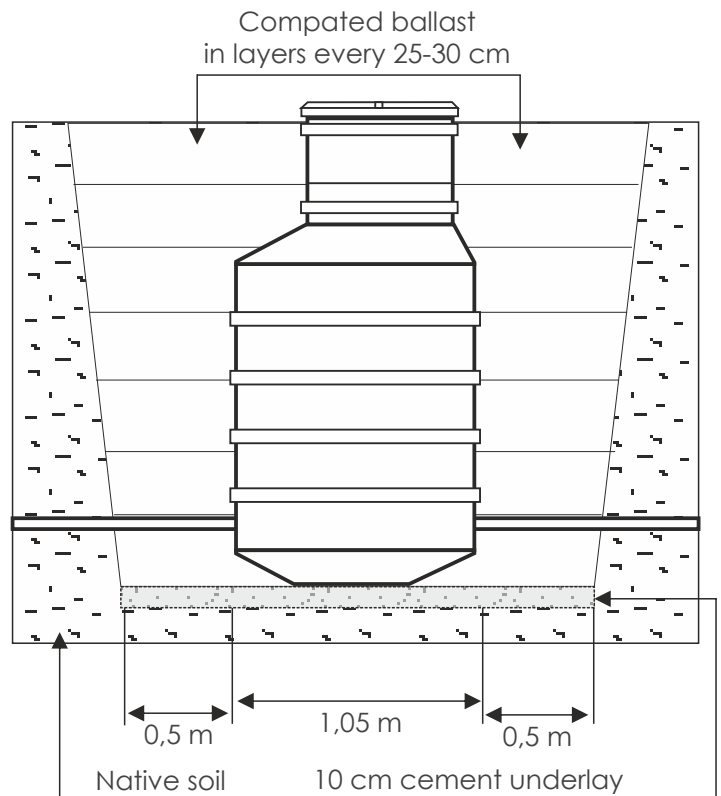
The well should be covered with layers 25 cm thick. Each layer should be compacted. When two or more tanks are installed, remember that the distance between them cannot be less than 1m.

Placing well in sandy, clayey soils with the possibility of occurrence of ground water.

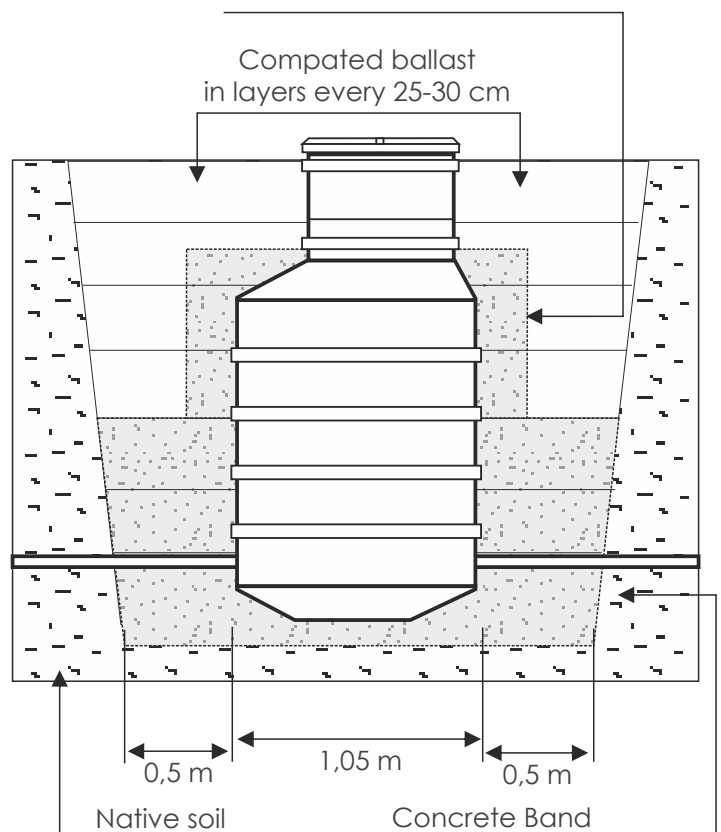
If there is groundwater, a cement-gravel band should be made in the place where the tank is located. After making the excavation, a mixture of cement "350" and gravel of fraction 1-3mm should be prepared, in ratio of 1:5. Pour the prepared mixture onto the trench bed to thickness of around 10cm. Then place the well onto the underlay, level it and connect water pipes. Pour rest of the mixture around the well (50cm) to a height of 100cm (halfway up).

In case of very high levels of water increase the amount of backfill in such a way that its upper surface is above the water level. The resulting cement-gravel band should be compacted and covered with sand layers 25cm thick. Subsequent layers of sand should be compacted.

Groundwater should be lowered below the bottom of the trench during installation.



In the case of clay and clayey soils, additional concrete layer should be used.



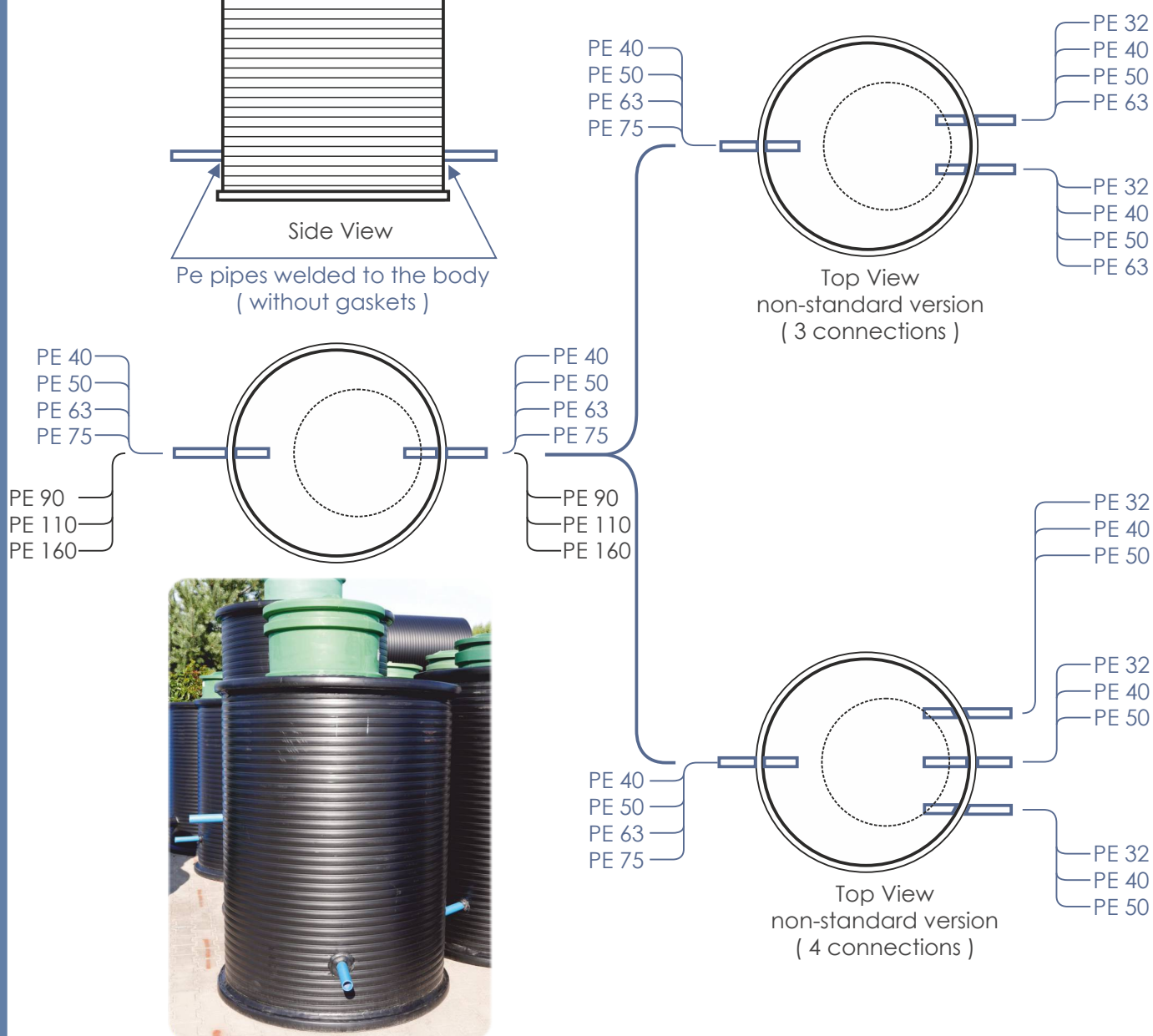
10.2 - Double-wall Water meter wells

Water meter well SW 120 / SW 150 / SW 200

Product has the following certificates :

Hygienic Certificate: **BK/W/0338/03/2018**

National Technical Assessment: **ITB-KOT-2018/0401**



Type	Chamber Diameter	Extension Diameter	Manhole Diameter	Height	inlet /outlet	Construction
	m	m	m	m	mm	
SW 120 HDPE Z	1,2	1,2	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	40-75	Double-wall
SW 150 HDPE Z	1,5	1,5	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	63-90	Double-wall
SW 200 HDPE Z	2,0	2,0	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	63-110	Double-wall
SW 250 HDPE Z	2,5	2,5	0,6	1,5 - 2,5	63-110	Double-wall

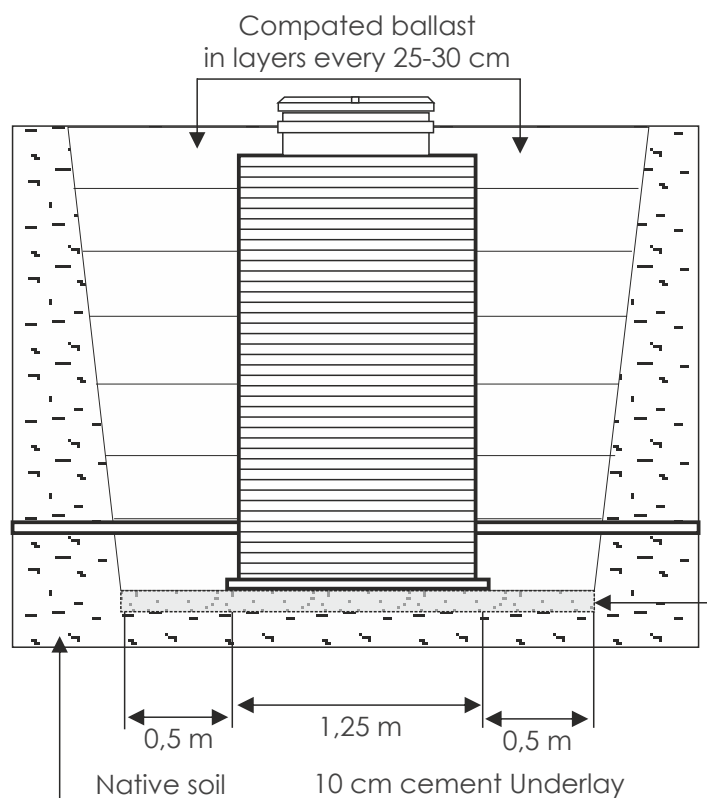
10.2 - Double-wall Water meter wells

Placing well in sandy soils without the possibility of occurrence of ground water.

Prior to installation, check if the tank is not damaged. Make the excavation so that there is a free space of 50cm between the pit and the walls of the excavation (for purpose of covering and compacting with sand), well should be placed on 10 cm cement-gravel underlay. Then it should be leveled and lightly covered with sand in order to stabilize and connect the water pipes.

The well should be covered with layers 25 cm thick. Each layer should be compacted.

When two or more tanks are installed, remember that the distance between them cannot be less than 1m.



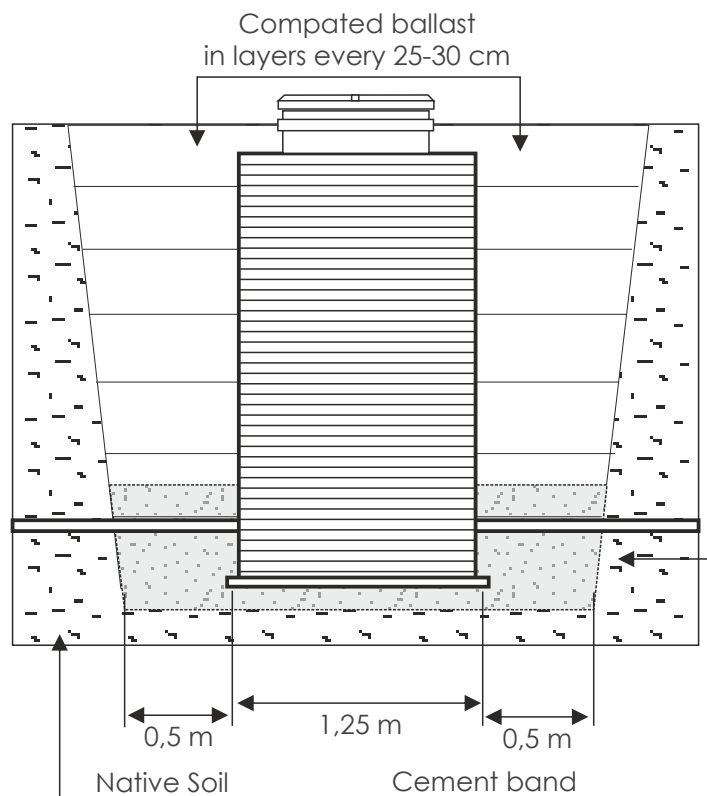
Posadowienie studzienki w gruntach piaszczystych i gliniastych z możliwością występowania wód gruntowych

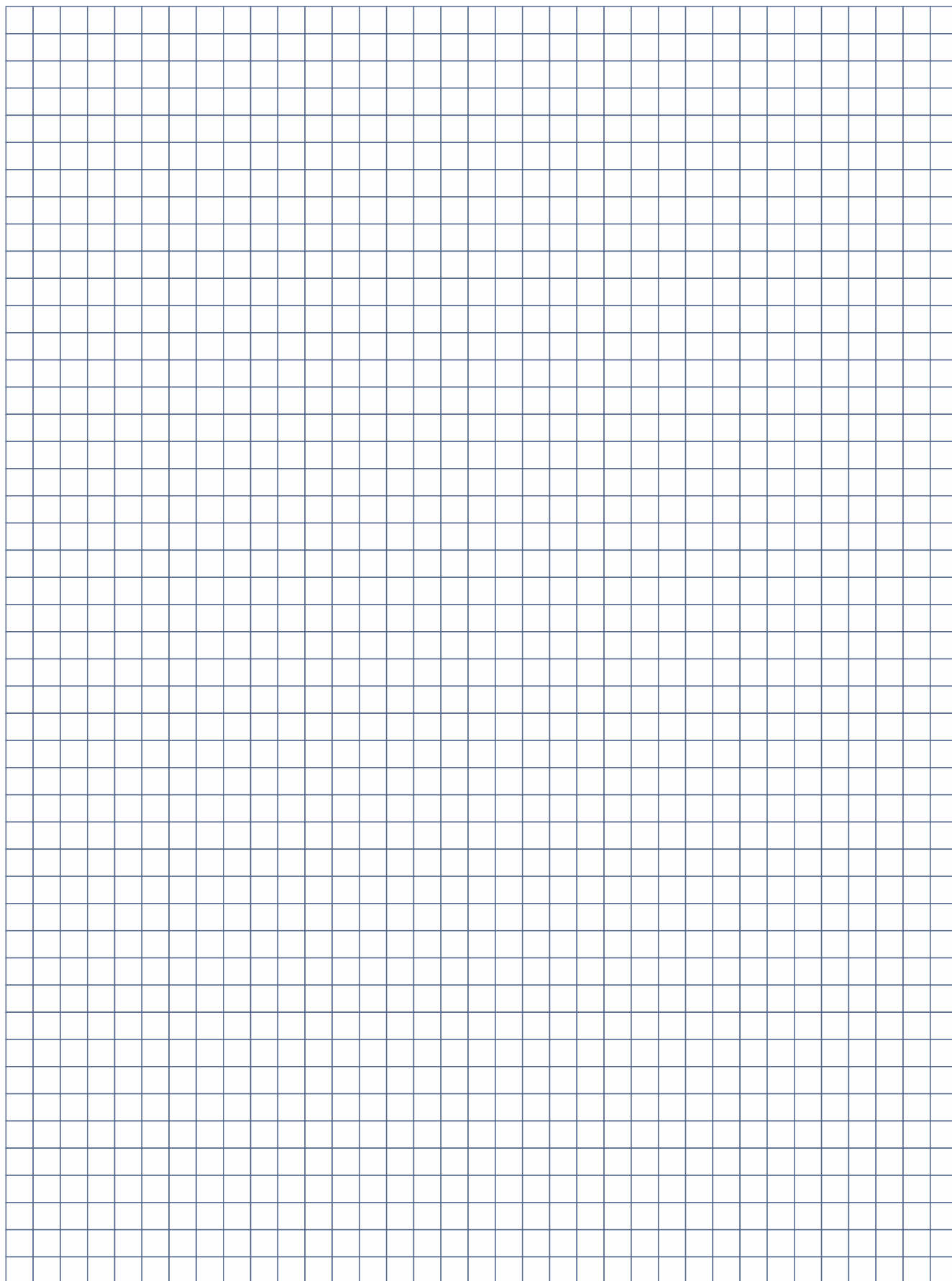
If there is groundwater, a cement-gravel band should be made in the place where the tank is located. After making the excavation, a mixture of cement "350" and gravel of fraction 1-3mm should be prepared, in ratio of 1:5.

Pour the prepared mixture onto the trench bed to thickness of around 10cm. Then place the well onto the underlay, level it and connect water pipes. pour rest of the mixture around the well(50cm) to a height of 100cm (halfway up)

In case of very high levels of water increase the amount of backfill in such a way that its upper surface is above the water level. The resulting cement-gravel band should be compacted and covered with sand layers 25cm thick. Subsequent layers of sand should be compacted.

Groundwater should be lowered below the bottom of the trench during installation.





11.1 - Double-wall drainless tanks

Drainless tanks (tight septic tank), are made out of polyethylene (HDPE) with double-wall structure. They are intended to accumulate social and welfare sewage, rain water, fire fighting measures, etc.

The standard height of revisory manhole extension is about 60cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe). it is possible to increase it through connecting extensions. At the customer's request, it is possible to manufacture an revisory manhole extension of the required height.

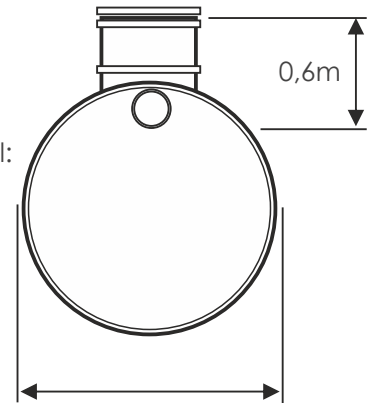
The range of tanks offered includes capacity from 2m³ to 75m³. The following table shows examples of the capacity of the tanks depending on their diameter.

For selected volumes, it is possible to manufacture tank with different diameter.

The product has the following certificates:

Hygienic seal of approval:
BK/W/0338/02/2018

National technical assessment:
ITB-KOT-2019/0888



View of the shorter side of the tank



The table shows the dimensions of standard and non-standard tanks (marked with "*")

Capacity	Tank diameter (m).				Construction
m ³	1,2 m	1,5 m	2,0 m	2,5 m	
2	2,0				Double-wall
3	2,9	2,0*			Double-wall
4	3,8	2,6*			Double-wall
5	4,7	3,1*			Double-wall
6	5,6*	3,7			Double-wall
7	6,5*	4,2			Double-wall
8		4,8			Double-wall
9		5,4			Double-wall
10		6,0	3,6		Double-wall
12		7,1	4,2		Double-wall
14		8,2*	4,9		Double-wall
16			5,5		Double-wall
18			6,1		Double-wall
20			6,8		Double-wall
25			8,4		Double-wall
30			10,0*	6,6	Double-wall
35			11,5*	7,6	Double-wall
40			13,1*	8,7	Double-wall
45				9,7	Double-wall
50				10,7	Double-wall
55				11,7*	Double-wall
60				12,7*	Double-wall
65				13,8*	Double-wall
70				14,8*	Double-wall
75				15,8*	

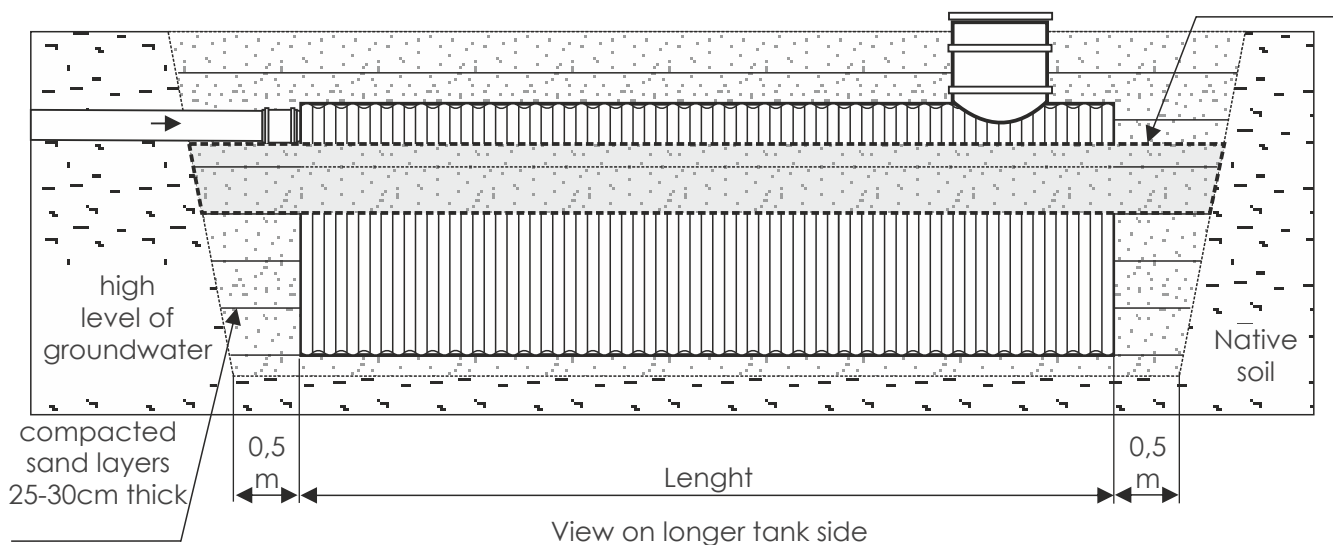
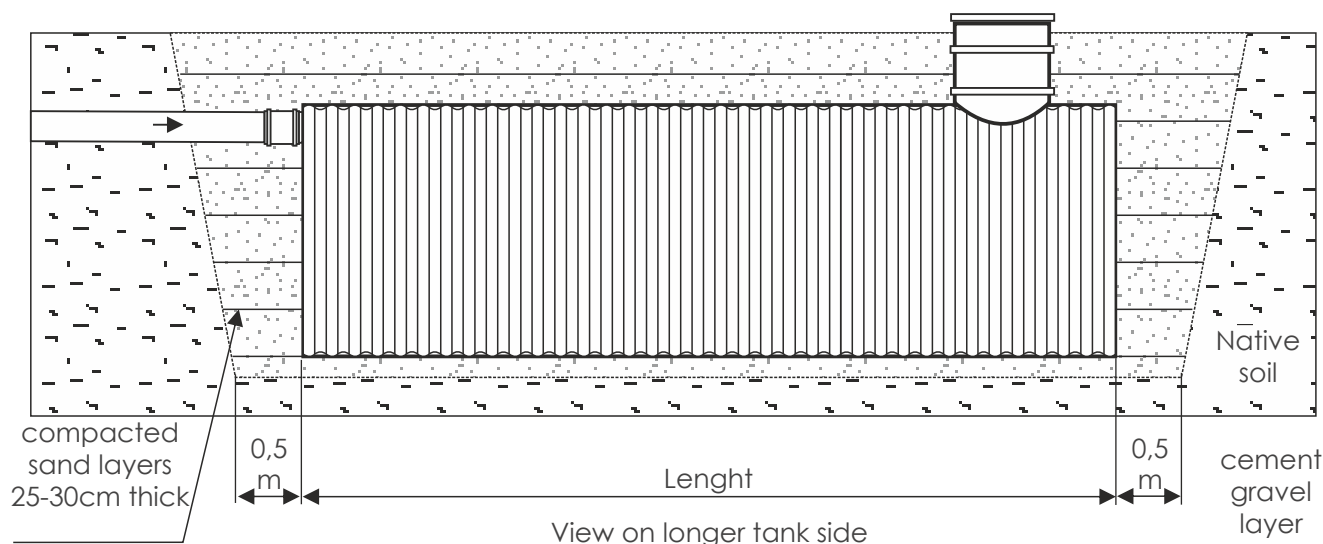
11.1 - Double-wall drainless tanks

Placing the tank in sandy soil without the possibility of groundwaters.

Make the trench so that there is a free space of 0.5m between the tank and the walls of the excavation (for the purpose of covering and compacting with sand). Tank should be placed on a 10cm sand bed. Then leveled and lightly covered with sand to stabilize it. The tank should be filled with water in such a way that the level of water is higher than the than the level of backfill. The tank should be covered with layers 25cm thick. then layer should be compacted. Where two or more tanks are installed, the distance between them must not be less than 1m.

Placing the tank in sand, clayey and argillaceous areas with high level of groundwater (or in the case of their periodical occurrence, e.g. in spring, after heavy rainfall, etc.)

In the case of groundwater at the site of placing the tank, a cement-gravel layer should be made. First, prepare a mix of cement "350" with gravel of fraction 1-3mm, in ratio 1 : 5. tank should be placed on a 10cm sand bed, leveled and stabilized. Then covered with sand compacting it every 25cm, while keeping water inside above current layer. the Prepared cement-gravel mixture should be poured in 2/3 of the tank height, with atleast 30cm thick layer. Then apply sand compacting it every 25cm. If here is high level of groundwater, it should be lowered below the bottom of the trench during installation.



11.1 - Double-wall drainless tanks (Photographs)



Additional accessories of septic tanks, include:

- A suction port which allows emptying the tank from outside of the plot.
- Filling level signaling (box with sensor)



11.2 - Single-wall drainless tanks

Drainless tanks (tight septic tank), made out of polyethylene (HDPE) are also produced with single-wall structure. They are intended to accumulate sewage, rain water, etc.

The standard height of revisory manhole extension is about 50cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe). it is possible to increase it through connecting extensions.

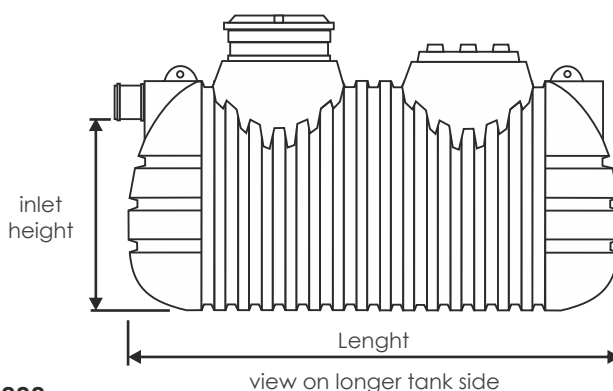
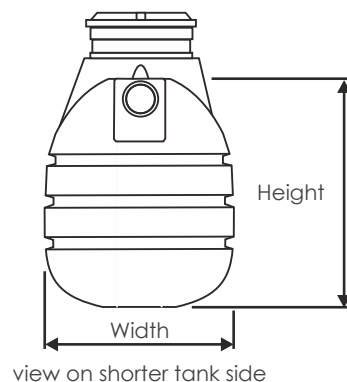
At the customer's request, it is possible to manufacture an revisory manhole extension of the required height.

The range of offered tanks covers the capacity from **2 m³** to **5 m³**.

The product s the following certificates:

Hygienic seal of approval: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**

National technical assessment: **ITB-KOT-2019/0888**



Total capacity	inlet diameter	height of inlet	Height	Lenght	manhole diameter
m ³	mm	m	m	m	m
2	110-160	1,16	1,4	2,0	0,6
3,5	110-160	1,16	1,4	3,2	0,6
5	110-160	1,36	1,6	3,5	0,6

11.3 - Rainwater tanks

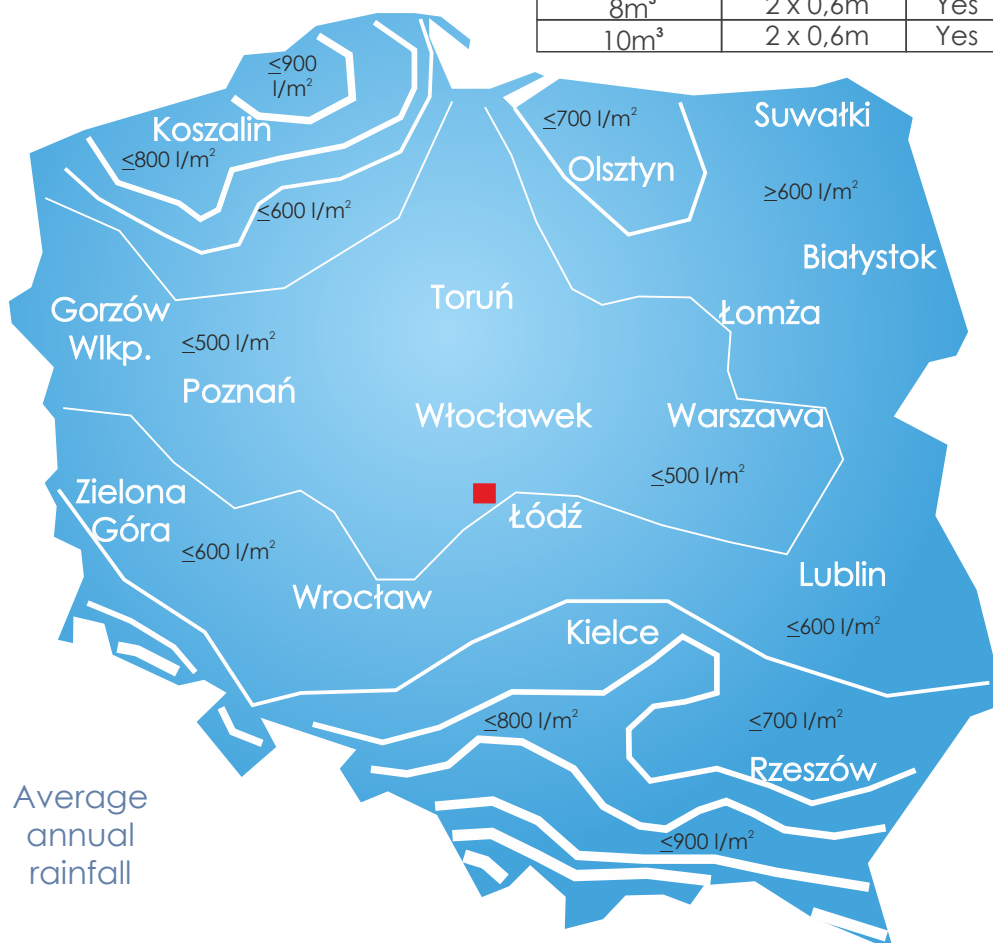
The management of rainwater is a way to make certain savings. The possibility of using rainwater on plot (e.g. for watering or filling the sewage treatment plant after periodic sludge disposal, etc.) depends largely on the amount of rainfall and the frequency of its occurrence in given region.

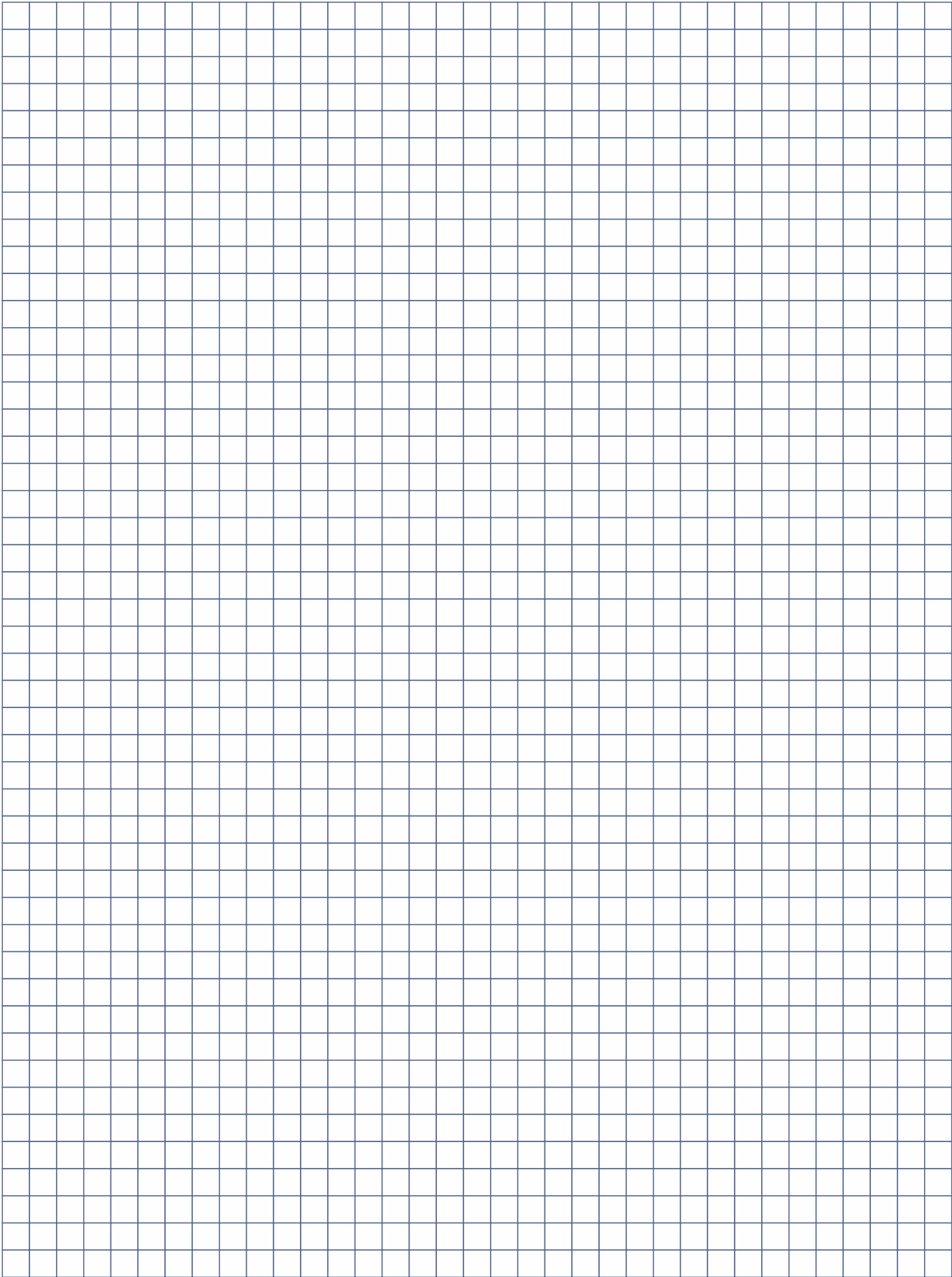
Depending on your needs, we offer rainwater tanks with capacity between 2m^3 to 75m^3 and diameter from 1,2m to 2,5m

As a standard, there is additional filter at the inlet and overflow (in order to drain excess to drainage packages or also well). Optionall the tank can be equipped with a pump.



Tank Capacity	amount and diameter of manhole	inlet filter	Optional EBARA pump
2m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	OPTIMA MA
3m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	OPTIMA MA
4m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	OPTIMA MA
5m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	OPTIMA MA
6m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	BEST 2 MA
7m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	BEST 2 MA
8m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	BEST 2 MA
10m^3	2 x 0,6m	Yes	BEST 3 MA





12.0 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBB double-wall

Hybrid sewage treatment plants combine advantages of several technologies in order to obtain a better final effect.

The MBBR (Moving Bed Biofilm Reactor) technology is based on use of plastic carriers with large surface area (so-called fluidized bed), which enable the creation and growth of biofilm (mass of microorganisms).

Compared to the typical active sludge technology, such solution has the following advantages:

Greater stability of work.

lower sludge production.

less susceptibility to changes in raw sewage parameters.

The ZBB sewage treatment plants have a double-wall structure (Body, Partitions, Bottoms). This significantly increases the strength and stability of the tank construction.

The high strength of this configuration enables installation even in difficult terrain conditions and at a greater depth than single-wall products. This advantage makes it possible to connect a house sewer with a gravity slope to the sewage treatment plant, even when it is deeply recessed.

Many years of experience of our company in the field of Bio. treatment plants and production of double-walled tanks intended for installation in ground, contributed to creation of the ZBB series in such a durable and compact form.



In treatment plant with a fluidized bed, exist a continuous movement of carriers by the air supplied with membrane diffuser (during oxygenation).

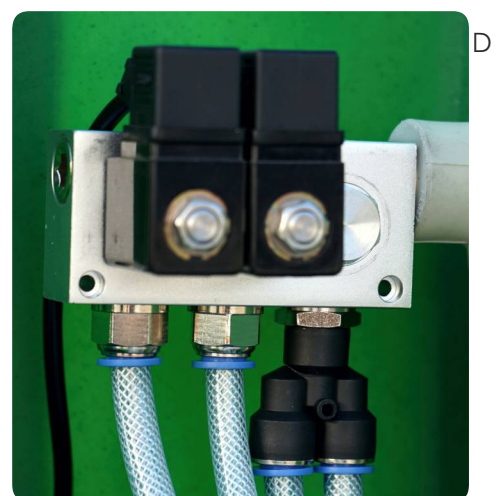
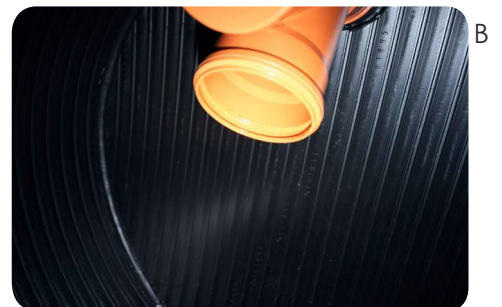
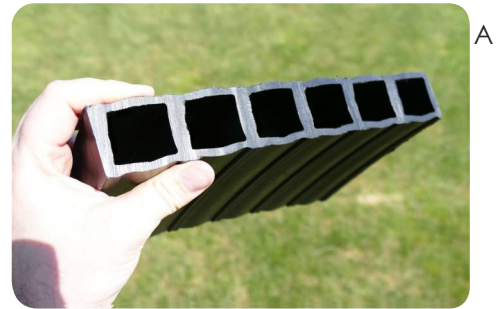
The wastewater treatment plants have safeguards between chambers, designed to keep the fluidized bed (carriers) in one chamber. In addition, it is possible to empty said chamber (Slurry tanker) without loss of carriers.



12.0 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBB double-wall

Design and technological solutions of the ZBB sewage treatment plant result in creation of series, the advantages of which are presented below:

- Use of a fluidized bed with large specific surface $> 500\text{m}^2/\text{m}^3$,
- Large total capacity (ok. $4,5\text{m}^3$ dla np. 7 PE),
- 3-chamber system,
- High strenght thanks to the double-wall body structure (Photo A), partition walls and endcaps which additionally strengthen the structure (Photo B),
- Possibility of installation in difficult conditions with a constant or periodically high groundwater level,
- Possibility of installation at a greater depth, enabling gravity drainage of sewage (when the exit from the building is led deeper),
- Extensive automatic control with an information display (Photo C)
- Possibility of installing a GSM module,
- Block of automatically controlled solenoid valves with quick coupler socket (no manually controled valves) (Photo D),
- Ability to chose several operating modes to improve effeciency and reduce costs,
- Automatic recirculation of sludge from the secondary to the primary sedimentation tank,
- Energy-saving SECOH blower, JDK-S type with protection and membrane damage alarm,
- Possibility of emptying the fluidized bed chamber without losing carriers,
- Good maitence accessibility through three inspection hatches with a diameter of 60cm (one for each chamber),
- Very good maitence accessibility through three inspection hatches with a diameter of 80cm (one for each chamber),



12.0 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBB double-wall



DESCRIPTION OF MODES
TO CHOOSE FROM
THE CONTROL PANEL
FOR E.G. ZBB-7C :

MODE
(Vacation)

MODE
(Avaerage)
for approx. 4 people

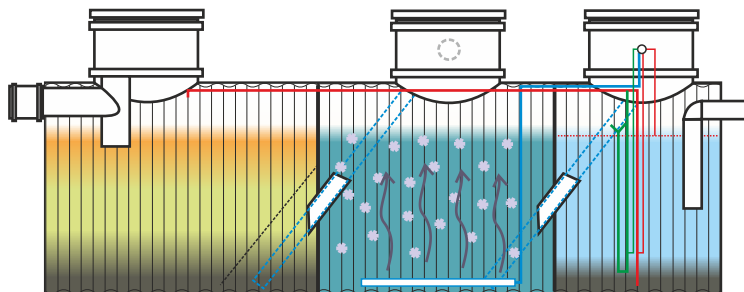
MODE
(Avaerage)
for approx. 5 people

MODE
(Full)
for approx. 7 people

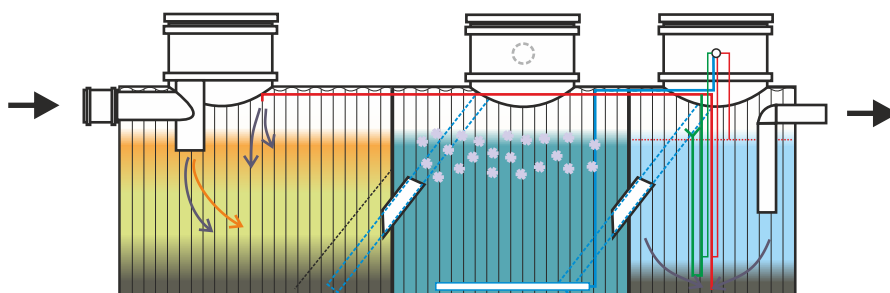
MODE
(short term increased
performance)

The treatment plant is controlled automatically, equipped with modes enabling improvement of its operation and thus reducing energy costs. Blowers, solenoid valves and pumps are controlled automatically according to the current mode of operation.

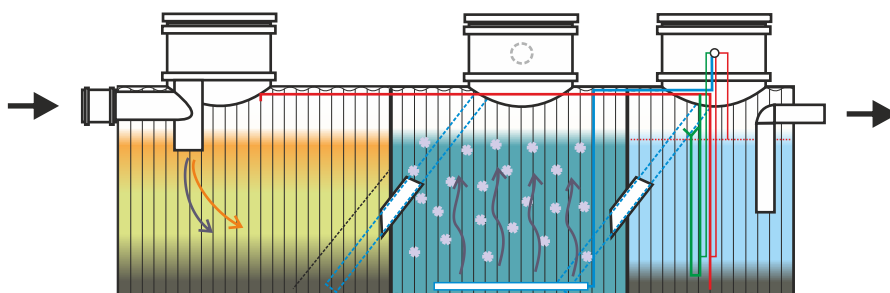
Operation of ZBB sewage treatment plant



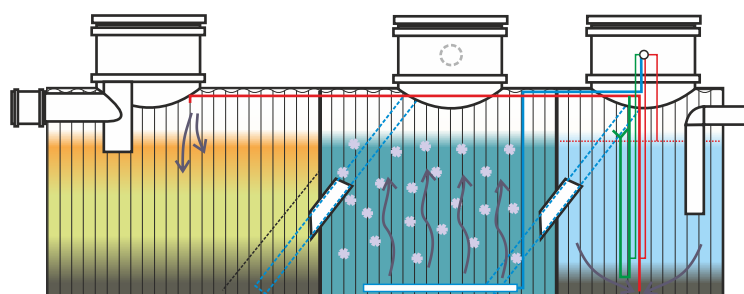
A) - Preparation of the treatment plant to receive the first wastewater during the day , by pre-oxygenation - activation of the biol chamber



B) - Periodic sludge recirculation with breaks in oxygenation



C) - Further wastewater inflow with continued oxygenation



D) - reduction of oxygenation with breaks
for sludge recirculation (night period)

12.0 - Biological sewage treatment plants - ZBB double-wall

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

hybrid (activ sludge with fluidized bed)

Construction of the standard version:

The tank is made of high-density polyethylene, divided in three chambers:

- initial settling tank
- biological (oxygenation) chamber,
- secondary sedimentation chamber (with sludge recirculation)

Construction of the standard version:

Double-wall (increasing durability)

Standard version technical data:

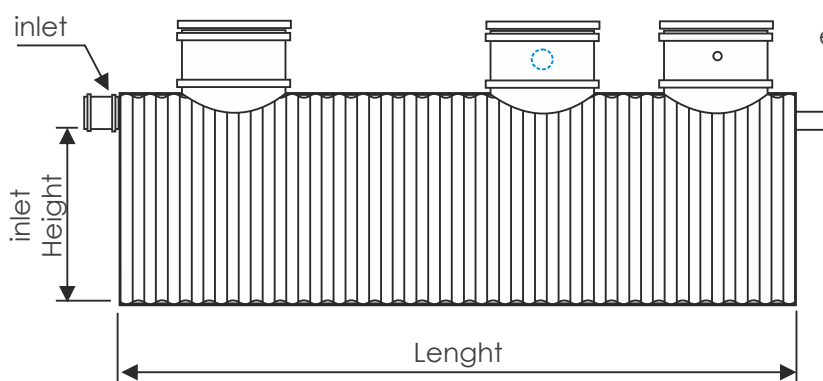
- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTM2
- automatic control with LCD
- PE 160 inlet, 110 outlet
- 3 x 60cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension: 60cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)

Certificates:

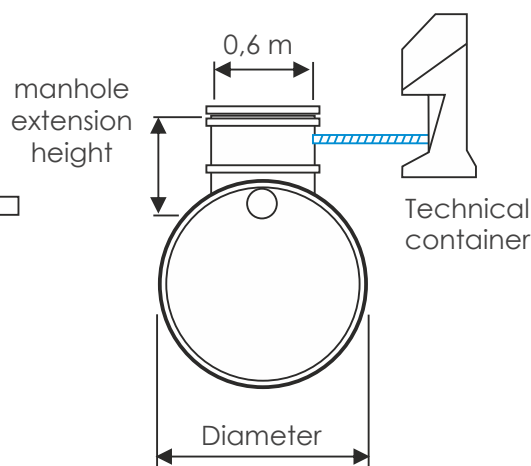
- Zgodność z normą: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic Certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Energy-saving blower,
type JDK-S type with
additional protection of
membrane perforation
(e.g. for
ZBB-7C it is JDK-S-80)



View on longer tank side



View on shorter tank side

Type	Number of users	Maximum daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Overall cap. of settling Tank	Tank Diameter	Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m.	m.	m ³
ZBB-7C	≤ 7	1,05	≤ 0,42	1,7	1,2	4,2	4,5
ZBB-10C	≤ 10	1,50	≤ 0,60	2,4	1,2	5,5	6,0
ZBB-12C	≤ 12	1,80	≤ 0,72	2,5	1,5	4,3	7,0
ZBB-16C	≤ 16	2,40	≤ 0,96	3,5	1,5	5,4	9,0

12.0 - Oczyszczalnie biologiczne - ZBB dwupłaszczowe

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

hybrid (activ sludge with fluidized bed)

Construction of the standard version:

The tank is made of high-density polyethylene, divided in three chambers:

- initial settling tank
- biological (oxygenation) chamber,
- secondary sedimentation chamber (with sludge recirculation)

Construction of the standard version:

Double-wall (increasing durability)

Standard version technical data:

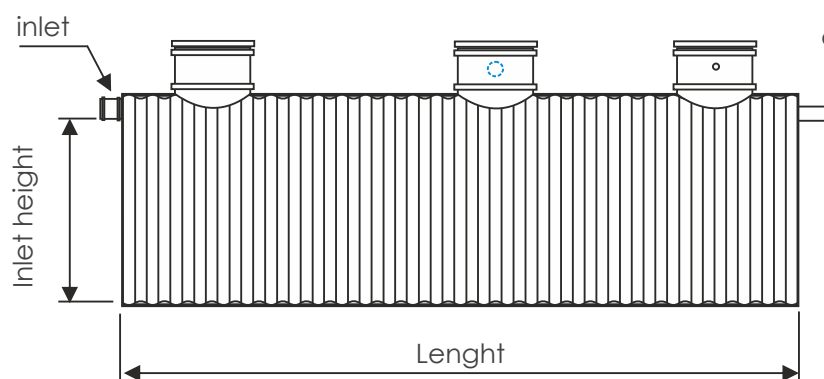
- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTD or PTR
- automatic control with LCD
- PE 160 inlet, 110 outlet
- 2 x 60cm inspection manholes and 1 x 80cm (ZBB-20C) or 3 x 80cm (for from ZBB-30C to ZBB-50C)
- height of the inspection manhole extension: 70cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)

Certificates:

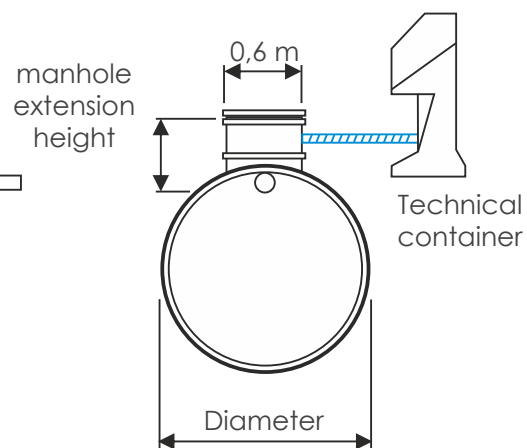
- Zgodność z normą: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic Certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Energy-saving blower, type JDK-S type with additional protection of membrane perforation



View on longer tank side



View on shorter tank side

Type	Number of users	Maximum daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Overall cap. of settling Tank	Tank Diameter	Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBB-20C	≤ 20	3,0	≤ 1,2	5,2	1,5	7,7	13,0
ZBB-30C	≤ 30	4,5	≤ 1,8	6,6	2,0	6,1	18,0
ZBB-40C	≤ 40	6,0	≤ 2,4	8,3	2,0	7,4	22,0
ZBB-50C	≤ 50	7,5	≤ 3,0	10,8	2,0	9,0	27,0

12.1 - Biological treatment plants -ZBS

For many years, low-loaded activated sludge has been used in biological wastewater treatment systems.

SBR technology (Sequencing Batch Reactor) is a batch activated sludge method. It has the following advantages over flow system:

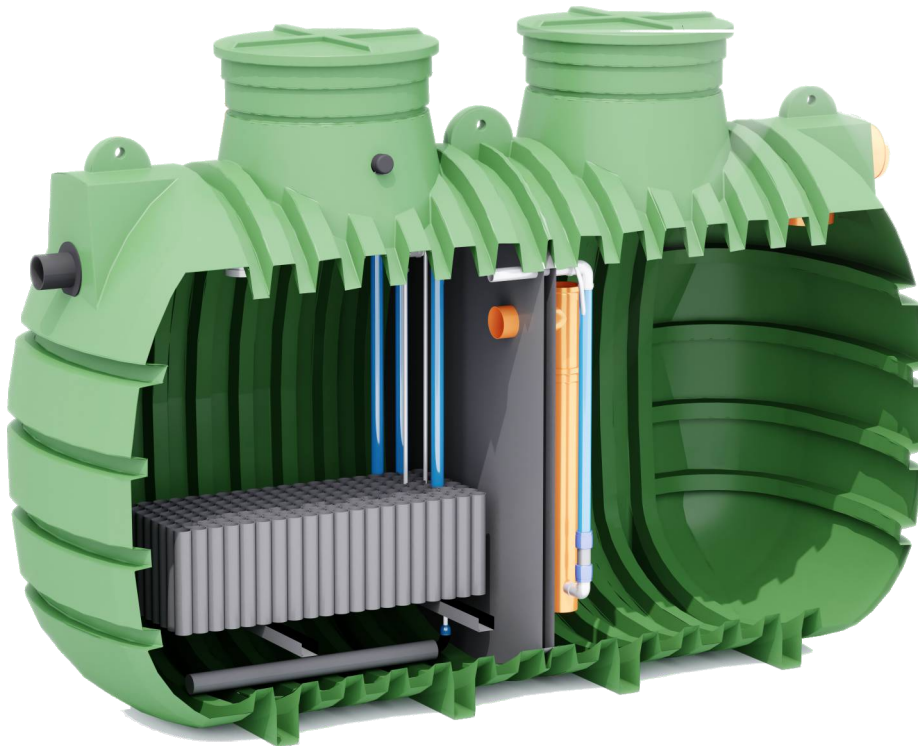
- Buffering the pollutant load
- Flow buffering

Flexibility of work

- work control

In a SBR treatment plant, the process is divided into cycles (carried out during the day). The number of cycles and their duration depends on the size of the system and characteristics of their inflow. Each of the cycles is divided into phases that allow the process to take place in the correct sequence. The key element of this solution is the reliability of the control system and equipment.

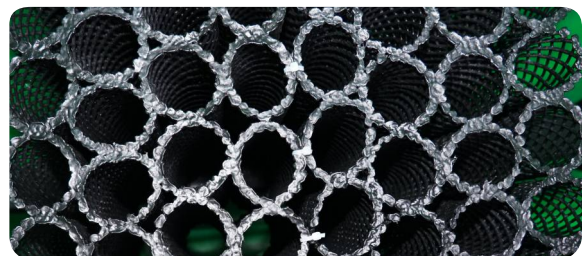
Many years of our experience in the field of biological treatment plants and control systems allowed us to develop and refine controls inside of the technical container of the treatment plant.



ZBS treatment plant working in SBR technology. In the described variant, it is additionally equipped with a biomass carrier in the form of solid plastic packages (photo on the right). Benefits of using an additional carrier:

- increased work stability
- accelerated startup
- less possibility of losing generated activated sludge

The design of the tanks and their strength enable installation in various terrain conditions and are intended to enable gravity supply of household sewage to the sewage treatment plant.



12.1 - Biological treatment plants -ZBS

Optimization of construction and technical equipment of the ZBS sewage treatment plant was aimed at combining various advantages and proven technical solutions. As a result, a rich in solution series was created, which can generally be divided into single and double wall models.

Advantages of single-wall solutions are presented below:

- Advanced SBR technology in full version, i.e. with automatically controlled:
 - Dosing
 - Sludge recirculation
 - Pumping
- Batch dosing and buffer retention prevent washing out sludge in case of short-term overload
- Compact desing and small dimensions facilitate location and assembly
- Application of an additional biomass carrier in process chamber
- Large total capacity(approx. 4m³ for np. 6 PE),
- Increased durability, thanks to numerous ribbing in body construction and thick walls (Photo A) and double-walled partition(Photo B)
- Extensive automatic control with a display (photo C), and in version with pump(KP) as a PLC logic module (Photo D)
- Possibility of instaling a GSM module, enabling acc. to a request to send messages about a selected scope of information
- Possibility of adding achemical phosphorus precipitation system, i.e. dosing of PIX coagulant
- An extensive block of automatically controlled solenoid valves with quick coupler (no manually controled valves, Poto E)
- Possibility to chose several operating modes to improve efficiency abd reduce costs
- Energy-saving SECOH blower, JDK-S with protection and membrane puncture alarm
- Good maitence accessibility through inpection manholes with diameter of 60cm
- Option to choose KP version equipped with an EBARA pump and outlet(e.g. to drainage embankment)



12.1 - Biological treatment plant - ZBS



Several hour cycles are performed per day, and each of them is divided into phases illustrated in following drawings

DESCRIPTION OF MODES
TO CHOOSE FROM
THE CONTROL PANEL
FOR E.G. ZBB-6C :

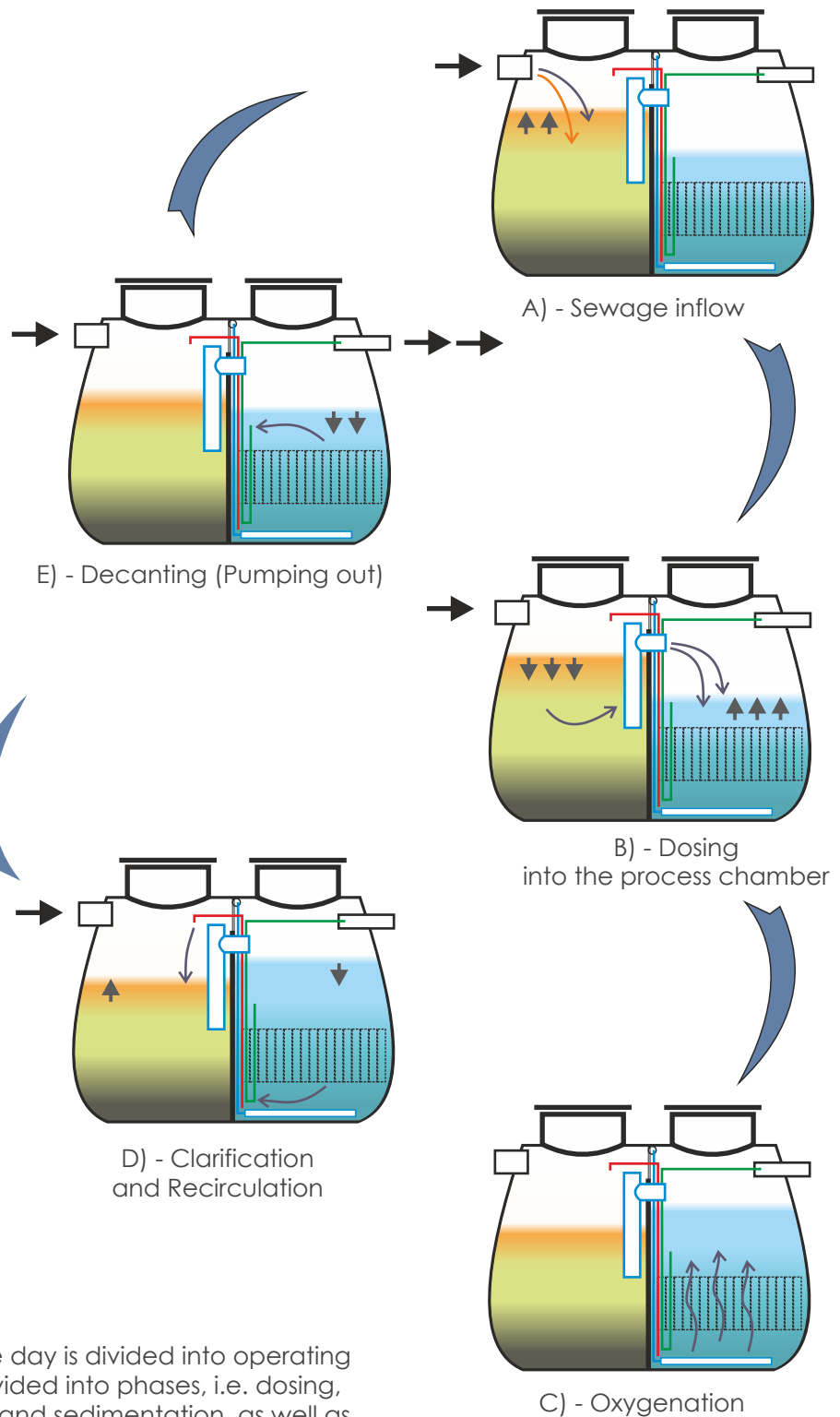
MODE
(Vacation)

MODE
(Startup)

MODE
(Average)
for approx. 3 people

MODE
(Full)
for approx. 6 people

MODE
(short term increased
performance)



Treating process during the day is divided into operating cycles. Each of them is divided into phases, i.e. dosing, oxygenation, clarification, and sedimentation, as well as recirculation and decantation. This allows better flow control and increased efficiency.

12.1 - Biological treatment plant - ZBS

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:

The tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

- Retention settling chamber
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:

Single-wall

Standard version technical data:

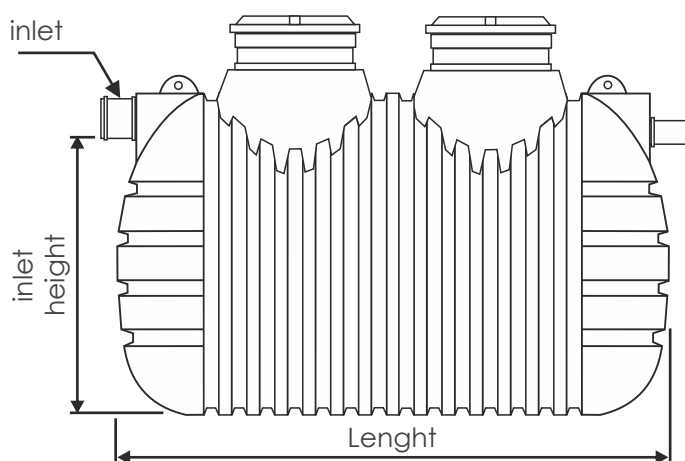
- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTM2
- automatic controller with LCD
- PE 160 inlet, PE 110 outlet
- 2 x 60cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, 50cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)

Certificates:

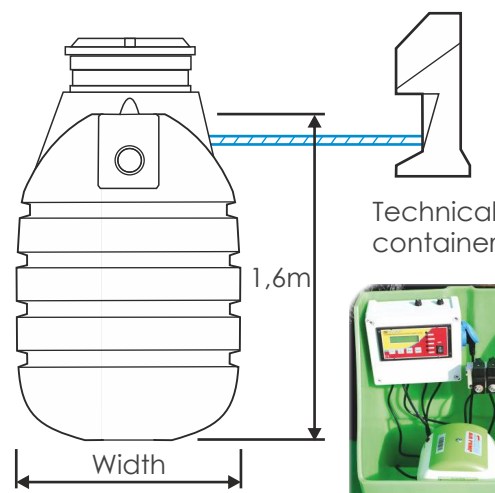
- Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Energy-saving blower,
type JDK-S-60 type
with additional
protection of
membrane



View on longer tank side



View on shorter tank side



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Type	Number of users	max. daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Width/ Height of tank	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-4C	≤ 4	0,6	≤ 0,24	1,2	1,2 / 1,6	1,8	2,5
ZBS-6C	≤ 6	0,9	≤ 0,36	2,0	1,2 / 1,6	2,8	4
ZBS-8C	≤ 8	1,2	≤ 0,48	2,5	1,2 / 1,6	3,5	5
ZBS-10C	≤ 10	1,5	≤ 0,60	2,5	1,2 / 1,6	3,5	5

12.2 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS with coagulant dosing

ZBS sewage treatment plant works in the SBR technology and in the described variant is equipped with a technical container extended with PIXcoagulant dosing system.

Benefits of using a wastewater treatment plant with coagulant dosage:

- Increased job stability
- Possibility of installation in agglomeration
- reduction of phosphorus and nitrogen
- Fully automatic dosing process (separate pump) PLC logic module control
- Possibility of installing a GSM module, enabling acc. to a request to send messages about a selected scope of information
- Placement of coagulant tank in an easily accessible place (in a technical container)

PIX coagulant is dosed automatically, which enables the precipitation of phosphates (dephosphation), which are used by bacteria as a source of energy in the oxygenation phase. PIX coagulant also supports the sedimentation process. During sedimentation, sediment falls to the bottom of tank. In this phase nitrogen removal(denitrification), also occurs. As a result sediment is separated from treated sewage which rises to surface.

Examples models are shown in table below.



TYPE of treatment plant w/ coagulant	Number of users	Cap.of coagulant tank	Number of coagulant pumps	GSM module	Additional equipment e.g. pump	Construction
	PE	L	pcs.			
ZBS-6C	≤ 6	25	1	Option	-	Single-wall
ZBS-6C/KP	≤ 6	25	1	Option	1 x EBARA	Single-wall
ZBS-8C	≤ 8	25	1	Option	-	Single-wall
ZBS-10C	≤ 10	25	1	Option	-	Single-wall

TYPE of treatment plant w/ coagulant	Number of users	Cap.of coagulant tank	Number of coagulant pumps	GSM Module	Additional equipment e.g. pump	Construction
	PE	L	szt.			
ZBS-5C	≤ 5	25	1	Option	-	Double-wall
ZBS-5C/KP	≤ 5	25	1	Option	1 x EBARA	Double-wall
ZBS-12C	≤ 12	25	1	Option	1 x EBARA	Double-wall
ZBS-20C	≤ 20	25	1	Option	2 x EBARA	Double-wall
ZBS-30C	≤ 30	50	1	Option	2 x EBARA	Double-wall
ZBS-40C	≤ 40	50	1	Standard	2 x EBARA	Double-wall

12.3 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:

The tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

- Retention settling chamber
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:

Single-wall

Standard version technical data:

- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTM2,
- automatic controller with LCD,
- PE 160 inlet, PE 110 outlet,
- 2 x 60cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, 50cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)

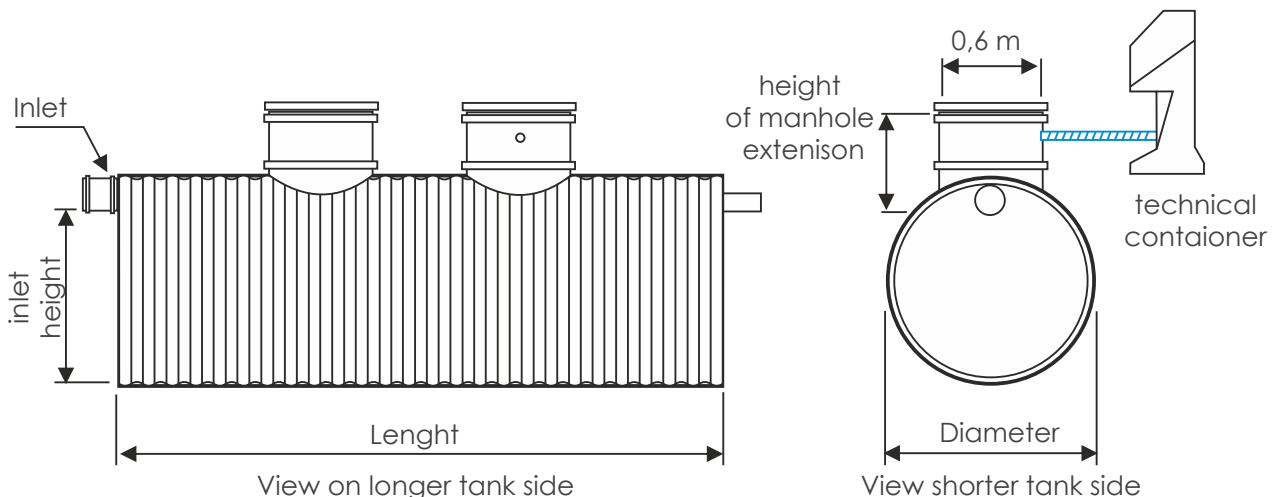


Energy-saving blower, type JDK-S-60 type with additional protection of membrane



Certificates:

- Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Type	Number of users	max. daily thoutput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Tank Diameter	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-5C	≤ 5	0,75	≤ 0,3	2,0	1,2	3,8	4,0

12.4 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP (with a pump)

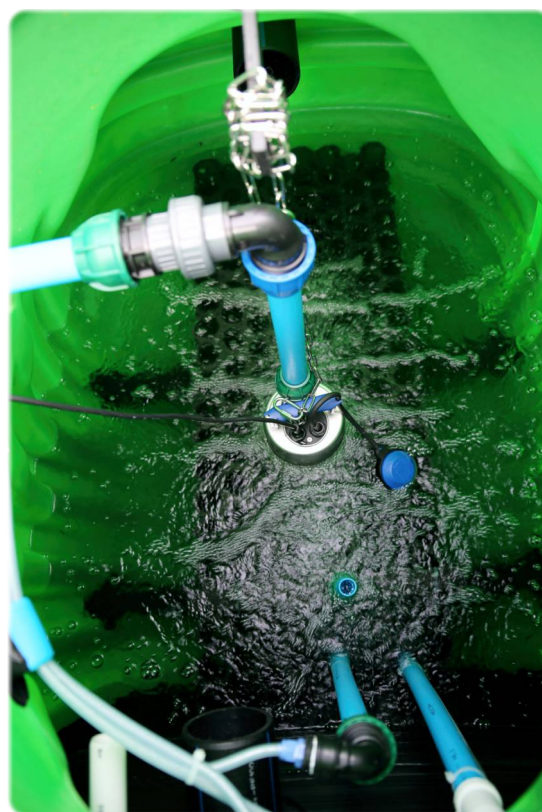


SBR (Sequencing Batch Reactor) technology enables the construction of sewage plants equipped with pump at the outlet. It is a viable alternative to systems that require a separate pumping station after the treatment plant. An example may be channeling to a drainage in an embankment or a deep level of drainage from building and the need to carry (pump) sewage to a higher level.

The solution described above was introduced to the market as ZBS-c /KP and the following advantages:

- Lower costs and building area than a system with a separate treated sewage pumping station
- Greater flexibility of applications due to lack of gravity outflow from sewage treatment plant to the receiver (drainage, absorption well etc.)
- Combination of controls of treatment plant and the pump, which enables extended level of control and information about the current operation (extended version)
- Increased degree of protection and reduction in pump wear

Type with pump	Noumber of users	Construction
	PE	
ZBS-5C/KP	≤ 5	Double-wall
ZBS-6C/KP	≤ 6	Single-wall
ZBS-8C/KP	≤ 8	Single-wall
ZBS-10C/KP	≤ 10	Single-wall



12.4 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP single-wall (with a pump)

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:

Tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

- Retention settling chamber
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:

Single-wall

Standard version technical data:

- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTM2,
- automatic controller with LCD,
- EBARA OPTIMA MA -0,25KW pump on outlet
- PE 160 inlet, PE 32-40 outlet,
- 2 x 60cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, 50cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)

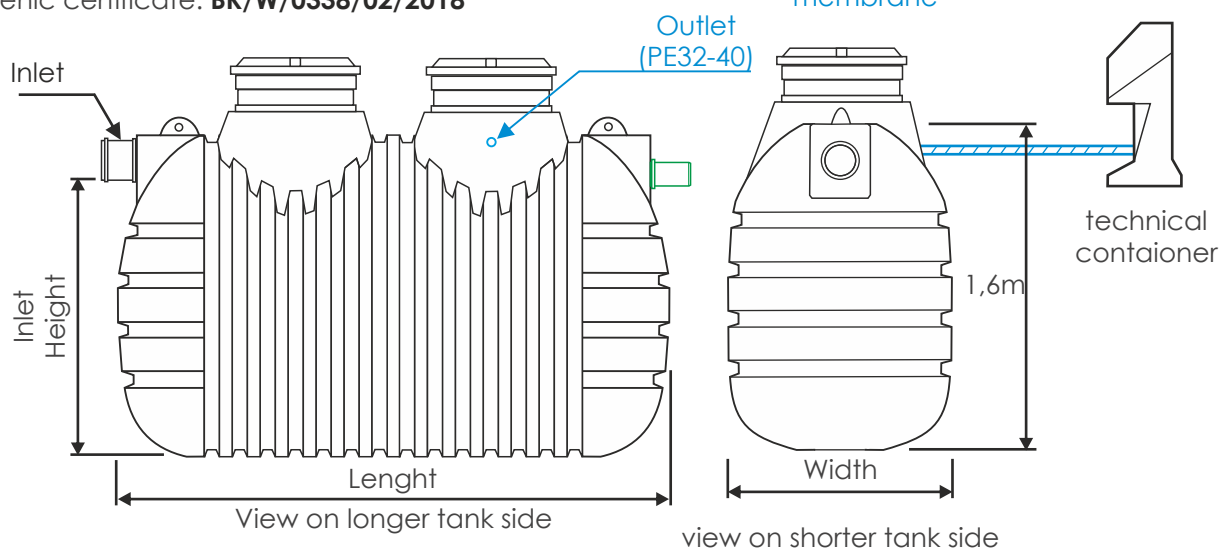
Certificates:

Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**

Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Energy-saving blower, type JDK-S-60 type with additional protection of membrane



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Type	Number of users	Max. daily Throuput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Width/height of tank	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-6C/KP	≤ 6	0,9	≤ 0,36	2,0	1,2 / 1,6	2,8	4
ZBS-8C/KP	≤ 8	1,2	≤ 0,48	2,5	1,2 / 1,6	3,5	5
ZBS-10C/KP	≤ 10	1,5	≤ 0,60	2,5	1,2 / 1,6	3,5	5

12.5 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP single-wall (with a pump)

Purpose:
Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:
SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:
Tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

- Retention settling chamber
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:
Single-wall

Standard version technical data:

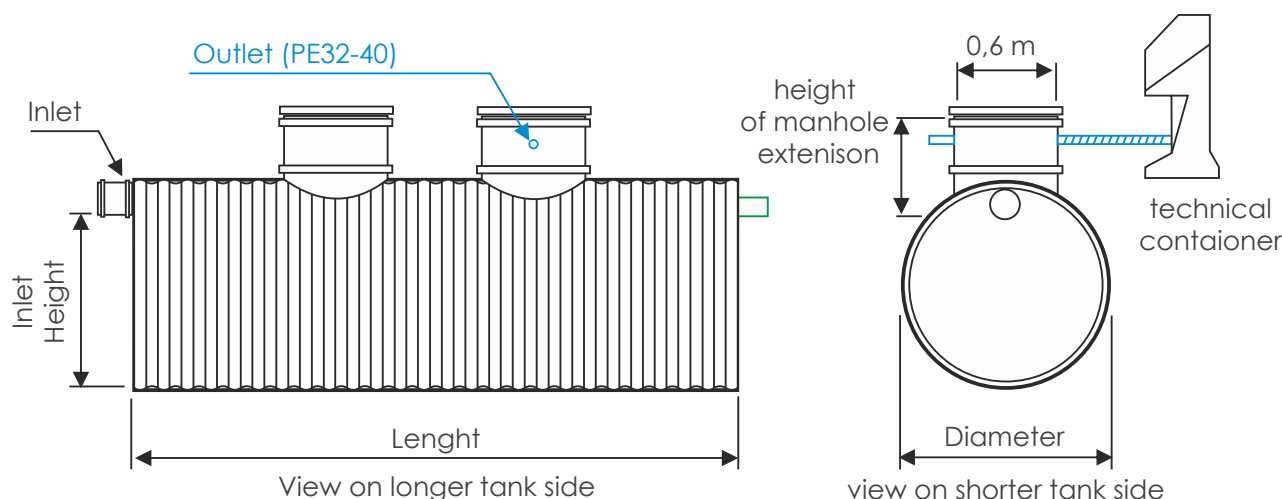
- 1-phase power supply
- technical container type PTM2,
- automatic controller with LCD,
- EBARA OPTIMA MA -0,25KW pump on outlet
- PE 160 inlet, PE 32-40 outlet,
- 2 x 60cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, 50cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)



Energy-saving blower, type JDK-S-60 type with additional protection of membrane

Certificates:

- Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Type	Number of users	Max. daily Throuput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Tank Diameter	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-5C/KP	≤ 5	0,75	≤ 0,3	2,0	1,2	3,8	4,0

12.6 - Biologil sewage treatment plants - ZBS-C/KP Ver.extended

ZBS-C/KP version (with pump) is also offered in an extended version.

The promise of introduction of additional modification to the standard solutions was meant to extend the level of information and control over treatment plant as an integrated system.

Extended version includes:

- more extensive PLC control module with LCD display
- Extended work algorithm
- Additional blower controller
- Alarm lamp on lid of the tech. container to easily observe alarm codes or maintenance messages
- additional float switch in the treatment plant

As a result of the application of the above-mentioned additions and changes, the list of additions of ZBS-C/KP can be extended with the following items:

- Shortened maintenance time on treatment plant
- increased degree of protection of equipment
- further reduction of user involvement in the control of treatment plant

Extended version of the wastewater treatment plant can also be used more widely in developed objects or in case where user or maintenance person changes. The extended controls and protection in such cases protect the system and facilitates conservation even with poor knowledge of maintenance of the object.

Level of technical advancement of extended models is a derivative of systems intended for a larger number of users.

This allows the range of applications to be extended and aims toward:

- Building constructed by developer
- single and multi-family buildings
- Public facilities
- schools, hotels, motels, guesthouses
- agrotourism



ZBS-C/KP Ver. standard



ZBS-C/KP ver. extended



12.7 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall

Treatment plants for 20 PE and more can be described in the form of a summary of advantages of technology, design and equipment:

- SBR technology(batch activated sludge)
- Additional biomass carrier in the process chamber
- double-wall construction (increased durability)
- Possibility of 1m below ground level (as standard)or deeper, i.e. in a version configured under special conditions and order
- Extended PLC control module with LCD display
- Automatic change of operating modes
- GSM module (SMS info) from ZBS-40C and bigger is standard (optional in smaller models)
- Dosing and pumping are carried out on EBARA pumps (from ZBS-40C auto-coupling), which allows better organization of the time of other operating phases(optional use of air jack on the above-mentioned phases)
- Four service hatches (from ZBS-30C 80cm diameter) which facilitate service and maintenance availability

Treatment plants are offered in two types:

- Single-tank(compact) with a throuput of 150L/PE per day
- Two-tank with a flow of 200L/PE per day (greater capacity of tanks and retention)

Table of single-tank(compact) sewage treatment plants with a double-wall structure

Type of treatment plant with pump	Number of users	Max. daily Throuput
	PE	m ³ /d .
ZBS-20C	≤ 20	≤ 3,0
ZBS-30C	≤ 30	≤ 4,5
ZBS-40C	≤ 40	≤ 6,0
ZBS-50C	≤ 50	≤ 7,5
ZBS-100C	≤ 100	≤ 15,0
ZBS-130C	≤ 130	≤ 19,5
ZBS-150C	≤ 150	≤ 22,5
ZBS-200C	≤ 200	≤ 30,0

Table of single-tank(compact) sewage treatment plants with a double-wall structure

Type of treatment plant with pump	Number of users	Max. daily Throuput
	PE	m ³ /d
ZBS-60R	≤ 60	≤ 12,0
ZBS-80R	≤ 80	≤ 16,0
ZBS-100R	≤ 100	≤ 20,0
ZBS-130R	≤ 130	≤ 26,0
ZBS-170R	≤ 170	≤ 34,0
ZBS-200R	≤ 200	≤ 40,0
ZBS-250R	≤ 250	≤ 50,0
ZBS-300R	≤ 300	≤ 60,0

In booth series, there is a general division into two chambers (settling and process chamber, i.e. SBR). It should be noted that sedimentation chamber, apart from the function of collecting pollutants and averaging their composition, also has a retention function. Effective flow buffering is possible thanks to the two-chamber structure of settling tank.

Scope of applications of the treatment plant includes:

- multi-family buildings
- Public facilities
- schools, hotels, motels, guesthouses
- restaurants, wedding halls
- Rest area



12.7 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall ≤ 50 PE

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:

Tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

- Retention settling tank (2 chambers)
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:

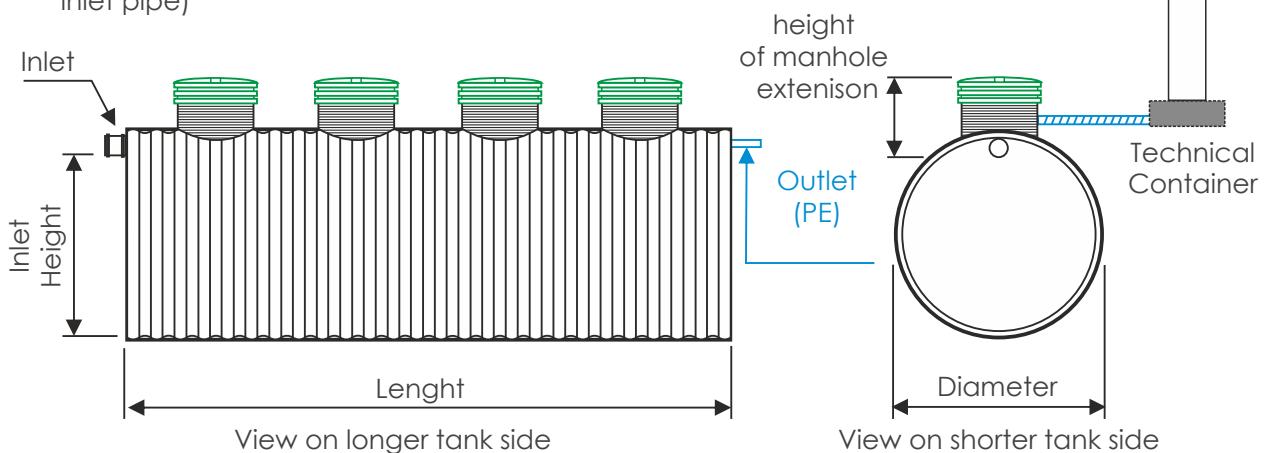
Double-wall (increased)

Standard version technical data:

- 3-phase or 1-phase power supply (version dependant)
- Free-standing technical container
- automatic controller with LCD,
- GSM module (SMS info) in ZBS-40C and ZBS-50C
- EBARA pump on outlet (type depends on version)
- PE 160 inlet, PE 63 outlet,
- 2 x 80cm and 2x60cm or 4x80cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, min 70cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)



Energy-saving blower, type JDK-S type with additional protection of membrane perforation



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Certificates:

- Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**

Type	Number of users	Max. daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Tank Diameter	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-20C	≤ 20	3,0	≤ 1,2	6,0	1,5	7,1	12,0
ZBS-30C	≤ 30	4,5	≤ 1,8	9,5	2,0	6,5	19,0
ZBS-40C	≤ 40	6,0	≤ 2,4	12,0	2,0	8,1	24,0
ZBS-50C	≤ 50	7,5	≤ 3,0	13,8	2,0	9,0	27,0

12.7 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall > 50 PE

Purpose:

Social and household sewers.

Standard version operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge)

Construction of the standard version:

Tank is made of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) divided in three chambers:

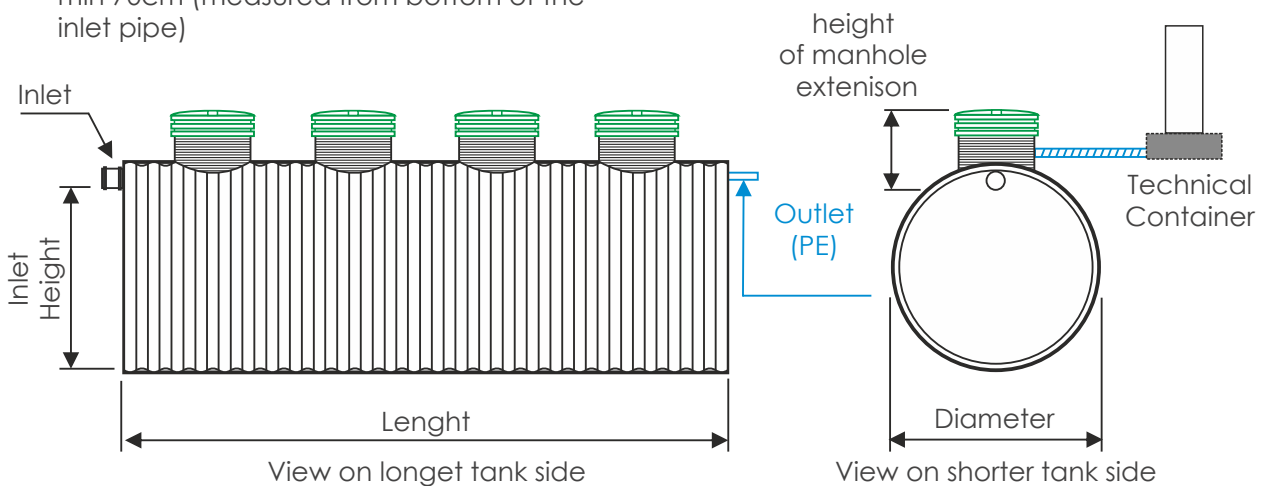
- Retention settling tank (2 chambers)
- A biological process chamber implementing subsequent SBR work cycles

Construction of the standard version:

Double-wall (increased)

Standard version technical data:

- 3-phase or 1-phase power supply (version dependant)
- Free-standing technical container
- automatic PLC controller with LCD,
- GSM module (SMS info)
- EBARA DW VOX outlet (outlet is a discharge port from the pump)
- PE 160 inlet, PE 63 outlet,
- 4x80cm inspection manholes (one for each chamber)
- height of the inspection manhole extension, min 70cm (measured from bottom of the inlet pipe)



Additional equipment

- PIX coagulant dosing system

Certificates:

- Compliance with standard: **PN-EN 12566-3+A2:2013**
- Hygienic certificate: **BK/W/0338/02/2018**

Type	Number of users	Max. daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Tank Diameter	Tank Length	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	m	m ³
ZBS-100C	≤100	15,0	≤ 4,80	18,0	2,5	7,8	36,0
ZBS-130C	≤130	19,5	≤ 7,80	21,0	2,5	9,3	43,0
ZBS-150C	≤150	22,5	≤ 9,00	25,0	2,5	11,1	52,0

12.8 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall (Photographs)



12.9 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall ≥ 60 PE

Purpose:

Social and household sewage

Operation technology:

SBR (Batch activated Sludge), in which the process of operation is divided into cycles. Each cycle is further divided into sequentially occurring phases, i.e.:

- Dosage
- Oxygenation
- Sedimentation and clarification
- recirculation
- Pumping out

Advantages of the technology:

The lack of gravity flow through the sewage treatment plant improves the performance characteristics of the system and process stability. Buffering of the uneven inflow increases as well as reduces difference in the dosage load.

Control and communication:

It is implemented through PLC logic modules, responsible for the realization of the set program. In addition, there are several operating modes to choose from, increasing efficiency and facilitating maintenance on the system. In standard configuration, system is equipped with a GSM communication module and (after connection to network), remote monitoring of the current status, maintenance and alarm codes. This shortens the response time to malfunctions and reminds of required maintenance.

Construction:

The treatment plant is realized with two double-wall tanks, made of high density polyethylene (HDPE). Description of the tank purpose (along the sewage flow):

- Preliminary-retention sedimentation tank (periodically emptied of accumulated sediments)
- SBR reactor with an additional biomass carrier and an aeration system

Construction advantages:

The double-wall construction ensures a significant increase in the durability of tanks and increases the amount of thermal insulation. This applies to both the bodies and bottoms, or the revision hatch extensions. The use of additional biomass carrier in the form of plastic packages increases the degree of work stability and accelerates the start-up of the system

Equipment:

The sewage treatment plant is equipped with pipe diffusers (fine-bubble). Depending on the size of the system, the oxygenation system is powered by several membrane blowers or a side channel blower.

The operating phases, i.e. dosing, pumping or sludge recirculation, are carried out by mechanical pumps mounted on coupling feet. This shortens the realization time of the above-mentioned cycles, thus extending the time of the remaining phases, especially oxygenation.

Additional equipment:

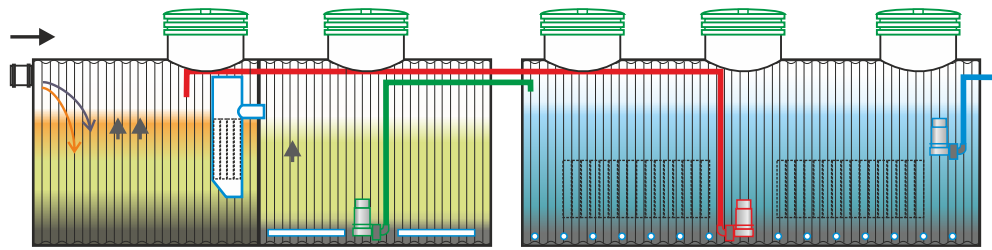
- PIX coagulant dosing system
- Inspection hatches extension with diameter of 80cm



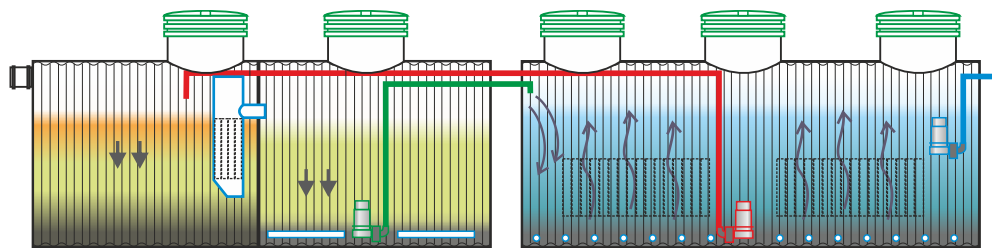
Type	Number of users	Max. daily throughput	BOD ₅ load of raw sewage	Cap. of retention chamber	Tank Diameter	Amount / Length of tanks	Total Capacity
	PE	m ³ /d	kg O ₂ /d	m ³	m	szt. x m	m ³
ZBS-60R	≤60	12,0	≤ 3,60	16,0	2,0	2 x 5,5	32,0
ZBS-80R	≤80	16,0	≤ 4,80	22,0	2,0	2 x 7,4	44,0
ZBS-100R	≤100	20,0	≤ 6,00	27,0	2,0	2 x 9,0	54,0

12.9 - Biological treatment plants - ZBS double-wall ≥ 60 PE

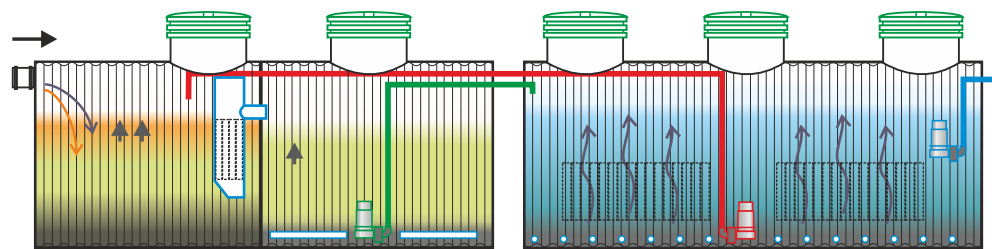
Several-hour cycles of work are carried out within 24 hours and each of them is divided into phases illustrated in the figures below



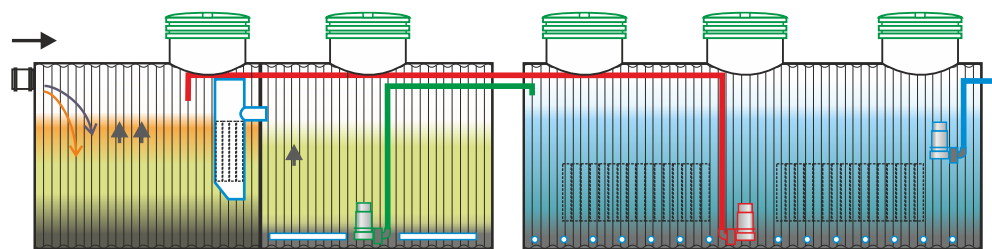
A) - Sewage inflow



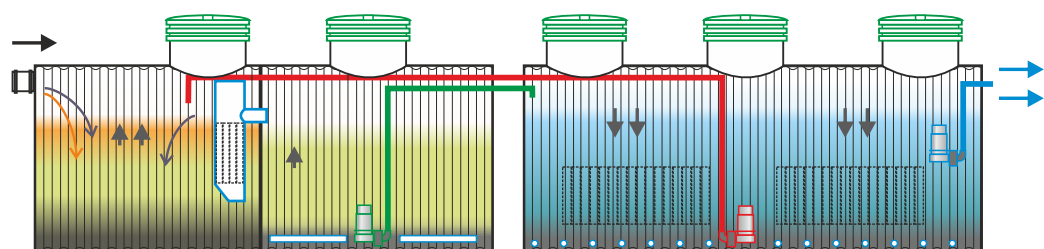
B) - Dosing into the process chamber (Cycle start)



C) - Oxygenation



D) - Sedimentation and clarification



E) - Sludge recirculation and decantation (pumping out)

13.0 - Sets of biological treatment plants (On rinsed gravel)

Table for selecting the length of drainage on rinsed gravel (in the ground) to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.



Table for selecting the length of drainage on rinsed gravel (in the embankment) to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.



Table for selecting the number of absorbent wells to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.

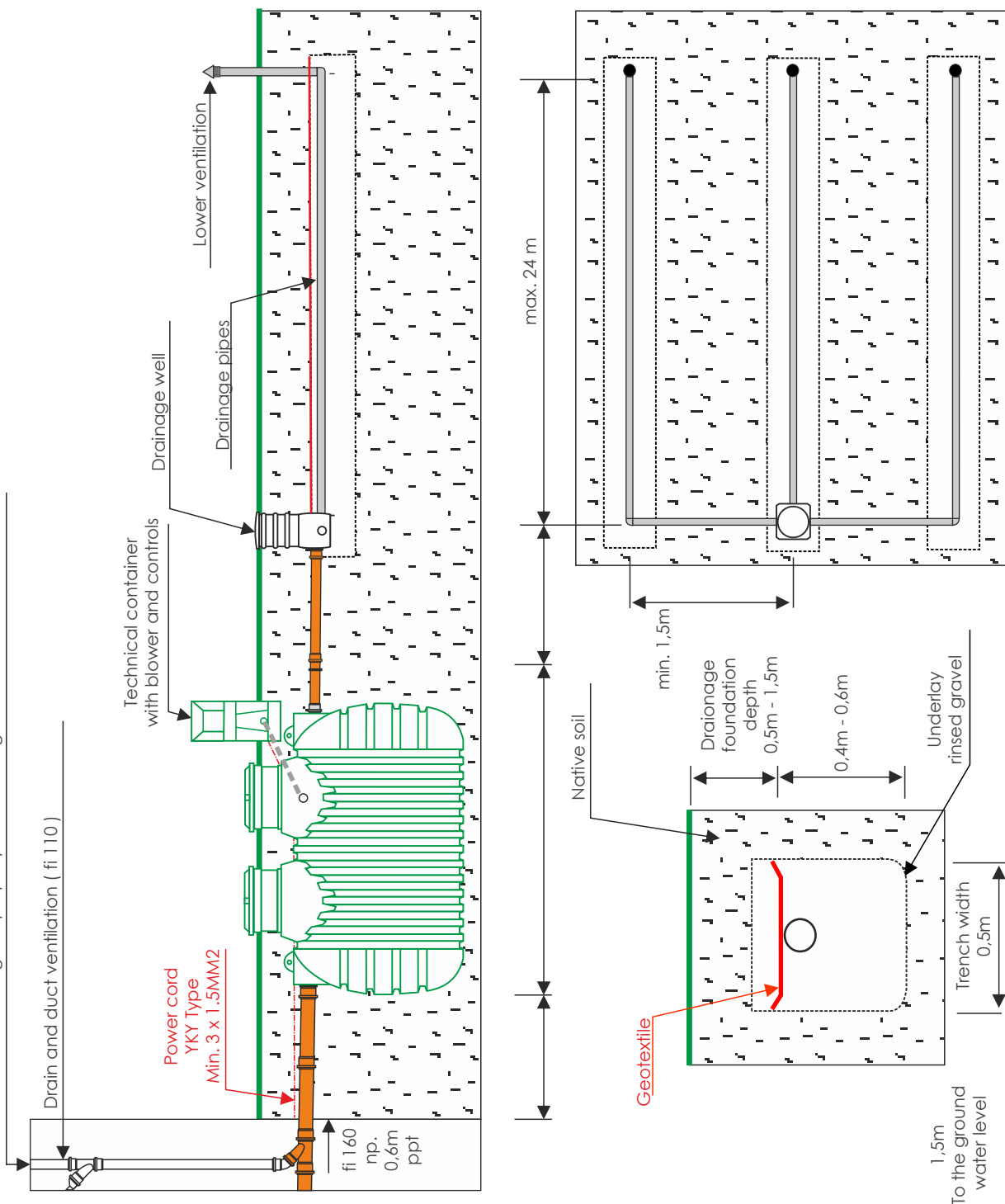
Number of users and daily flow	Length of drain. on gravel	Type of biological treatment plant	
		Single-wall	Double-wall
PE - m ³ /d	m		
≤ 4 - 0,60	48	ZBS-4C	ZBS-5C
≤ 5 - 0,75	48	ZBS-6C	ZBS-5C
≤ 6 - 0,90	48	ZBS-6C	ZBS-7C
≤ 7 - 1,05	60	ZBS-8C	ZBS-7C
≤ 8 - 1,20	60	ZBS-8C	ZBS-10C
≤ 10 - 1,50	72	ZBS-10C	ZBS-10C
≤ 12 - 1,80	96	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

Number of users and daily flow	Length of drain. on gravel	Type of biological treatment plant w/ pump	
		Single-wall	Double-wall
PE - m ³ /d	m		
≤ 4 - 0,60	48	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-5C/KP
≤ 5 - 0,75	48	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-5C/KP
≤ 6 - 0,90	48	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-7C/KP
≤ 7 - 1,05	60	ZBS-10C/KP	ZBS-7C/KP
≤ 8 - 1,20	60	ZBS-10C/KP	ZBS-10C/KP
≤ 10 - 1,50	72	ZBS-10C/KP	ZBS-10C/KP
≤ 12 - 1,80	96	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

Number of users and daily flow	Absorbent wells	Type of biological treatment plant	
		Single-wall	Double-wall
PE - m ³ /d	pcs./type		
≤ 4 - 0,60	1 x SCH100	ZBS-4C	ZBS-5C
≤ 5 - 0,75	2 x SCH100	ZBS-6C	ZBS-5C
≤ 6 - 0,90	2 x SCH100	ZBS-6C	ZBS-7C
≤ 7 - 1,05	2 x SCH100	ZBS-8C	ZBS-7C
≤ 8 - 1,20	2 x SCH100	ZBS-8C	ZBS-10C
≤ 10 - 1,50	2 x SCH100	ZBS-10C	ZBS-10C
≤ 12 - 1,80	3 x SCH100	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

13.0 - Sets of biological treatment plants (On rinsed gravel)

The drawing shows a connection variant in case when the building has properly mounted high ventilation.



The minimum distance for sewage tanks and treatment plants form other buildings:

- 2m from the plot border, public road or pavement.
- 5m from windows and exterior doors to the rooms designated to accommodate people.
- 1.5m from drainage to the highest groundwater level.
- Well constituting a drinking water should be according to the same regulations away at least:
- 15m from tanks collecting waste (settling, cesspools) and similar sealed containers.
- 30m (70 m) from infiltrating drainage

13.1 - Sets of biological treatment plants (on Packages)

Number of users and daily flow	Length of drain. on gravel	Type of biological treatment plant	
PE - m ³ /d	m	Single-wall	Double-wall
≤ 4 - 0,60	18 x PRO-1R	ZBS-4C	ZBS-5C
≤ 5 - 0,75	24 x PRO-1R	ZBS-6C	ZBS-5C
≤ 6 - 0,90	24 x PRO-1R	ZBS-6C	ZBS-7C
≤ 7 - 1,05	36 x PRO-1R	ZBS-8C	ZBS-7C
≤ 8 - 1,20	36 x PRO-1R	ZBS-8C	ZBS-10C
≤ 10 - 1,50	48 x PRO-1R	ZBS-10C	ZBS-10C
≤ 12 - 1,80	48 x PRO-1R	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

Table for selecting the length of drainage on rinsed gravel (in the ground) to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.



Number of users and daily flow	Length of drain. on gravel	Type of biological treatment plant w/ pump	
PE - m ³ /d	m	Single-wall	Double-wall
≤ 4 - 0,60	18 x PRO-1R	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-5C/KP
≤ 5 - 0,75	24 x PRO-1R	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-5C/KP
≤ 6 - 0,90	24 x PRO-1R	ZBS-6C/KP	ZBS-7C/KP
≤ 7 - 1,05	36 x PRO-1R	ZBS-8C/KP	ZBS-7C/KP
≤ 8 - 1,20	36 x PRO-1R	ZBS-8C/KP	ZBS-10C/KP
≤ 10 - 1,50	48 x PRO-1R	ZBS-10C/KP	ZBS-10C/KP
≤ 12 - 1,80	48 x PRO-1R	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

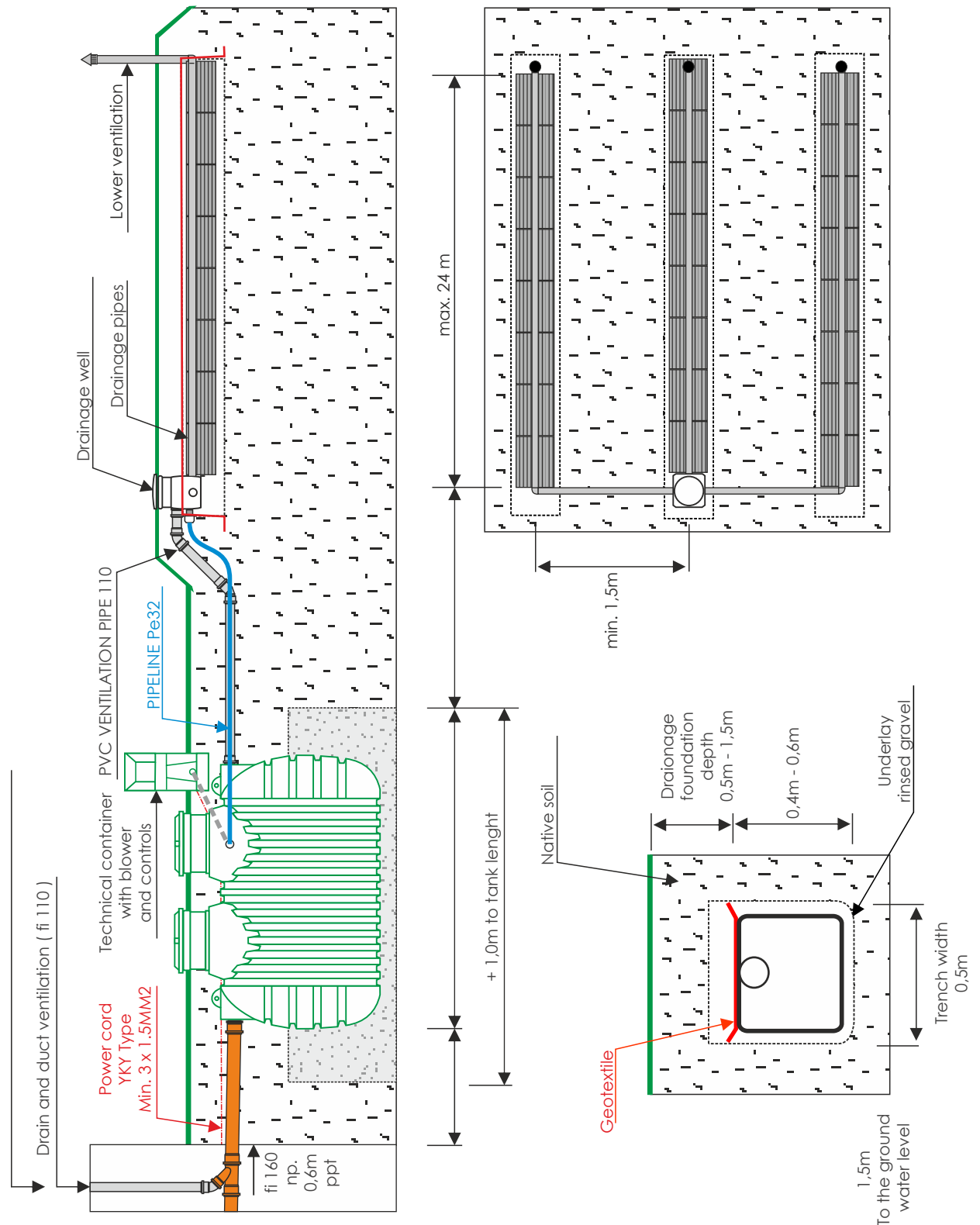
Table for selecting the length of drainage on rinsed gravel (in the embankment) to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.

Number of users and daily flow	Absorbent wells	Packages in well	Type of biological treatment plant	
PE - m ³ /d	pcs./type	pcs./type	Single-wall	Double-wall
≤ 4 - 0,60	1 x SCH100	2 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-4C	ZBS-5C
≤ 5 - 0,75	2 x SCH100	1 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-6C	ZBS-5C
≤ 6 - 0,90	2 x SCH100	1 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-6C	ZBS-7C
≤ 7 - 1,05	3 x SCH100	1 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-8C	ZBS-7C
≤ 8 - 1,20	3 x SCH100	1 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-8C	ZBS-10C
≤ 10 - 1,50	2 x SCH100	2 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-10C	ZBS-10C
≤ 12 - 1,80	2 x SCH100	2 x PRO-SCH	ZBS-12C	ZBS-12C

Table for selecting the number of absorbent wells to the number of users (flow) and type of bio. treatment plant.

13.1 - Sets of biological treatment plants (Packages in embankment)

The drawing shows a connection variant in case when the building has properly mounted high ventilation.



14.0 - Accessories (SECOH membrane blowers)



JDK-S-60, parameters:

- performance: 85 l/min - 150 mbar, 60 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 40 W przy 200 mbar
- Example application: ZBS-4C, ZBS-6C

JDK-S-80, parameters:

- performance: 90 l/min - 150 mbar, 75 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 50 W przy 200 mbar
- Example application: ZBS-6C, ZBS-8C, ZBB-7C

JDK-S-100, parameters:

- performance: 110 l/min - 150 mbar, 95 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 75 W przy 200 mbar
- Example application: ZBS-8C, ZBB-7C, ZBB-10C

JDK-S-120, parameters:

- performance: 140 l/min - 150 mbar, 120 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 95 W przy 200 mbar
- Example application: ZBB-10C, ZBB-12C, ZBS-10C



JDK-S-150, parameters:

- performance: 180 l/min - 150 mbar, 150 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 115 W przy 200 mbar

JDK-S-200, parameters:

- performance: 220 l/min - 150 mbar, 200 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 180 W przy 200 mbar

JDK-S-250, parameters:

- performance: 270 l/min - 150 mbar, 250 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 225 W przy 200 mbar



JDK-S-300, parameters:

- performance: 375 l/min - 150 mbar, 300 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 230 W przy 200 mbar

JDK-S-400, parameters:

- performance: 460 l/min - 150 mbar, 400 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 360 W przy 200 mbar

JDK-S-500, parameters:

- performance: 545 l/min - 150 mbar, 500 l/min - 200mbar
- Power: 450 W przy 200 mbar

14.1- Accessories (EBARA submersible pumps)



OPTIMA MA, parameters:

- performance/lift: 120 l/min / 3,3m , 40 l/min / 6,5m
- Power: 250 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 5/4 cala (pipe PE32-PE40)
- Can Through the Particle: 10mm
- example pumping stations: P60, /1,4, P60/2,0, P60-80/2,1

BEST 2 MA parameters:

- performance/lift: 200 l/min / 5,3m , 120 l/min / 8,3m
- Power: 550 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 1 1/2 cala (pipe PE40-PE50)
- Can Through the Particle: 10mm
- example pumping stations: P60/2,0, P60-80/2,1, P100/1,9

BEST 3 MA parameters:

- performance/lift: 260 l/min / 4,0m, 120 l/min / 9,5m
- Power: 750 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 1 1/2 cala (pipe PE40-PE50)
- Can Through the Particle: 10mm
- example pumping stations: P60/2,0, P60-80/2,1, P100/1,9



RIGHT 100 MA parameters:

- performance/lift: 200 l/min / 3,4m, 120 l/min / 7,6m
- Power: 750 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 1 1/2 cala (pipe PE50-PE63)
- Can Through the Particle: 35mm
- example pumping stations: P60/2,0, P60-80/2,1, P100/1,9

DW VOX 100 MA parameters:

- performance/lift: 400 l/min / 3,7m, 200 l/min / 6,7m
- Power: 750 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 2 cala (pipe PE63-PE75)
- Can Through the Particle: 50mm
- example pumping stations: P60/2,0, P60-80/2,1, P100/1,9

DW VOX 150 MA lub M., parameters:

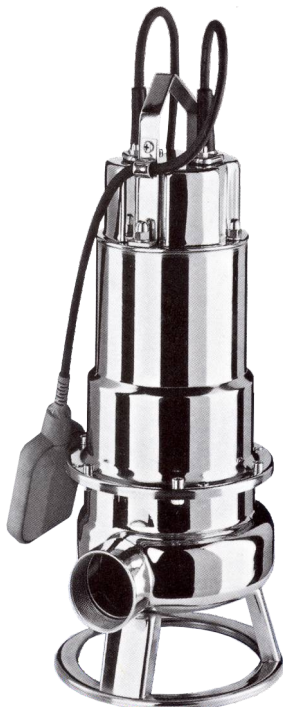
- performance/lift: 400 l/min / 6,1m, 200 l/min / 9,0m
- Power: 1100 W, 1-phase
- Connection Dimension 2 cala (pipe PE63-PE90)
- Can Through the Particle: 50mm
- example pumping stations: P100, P120, P150

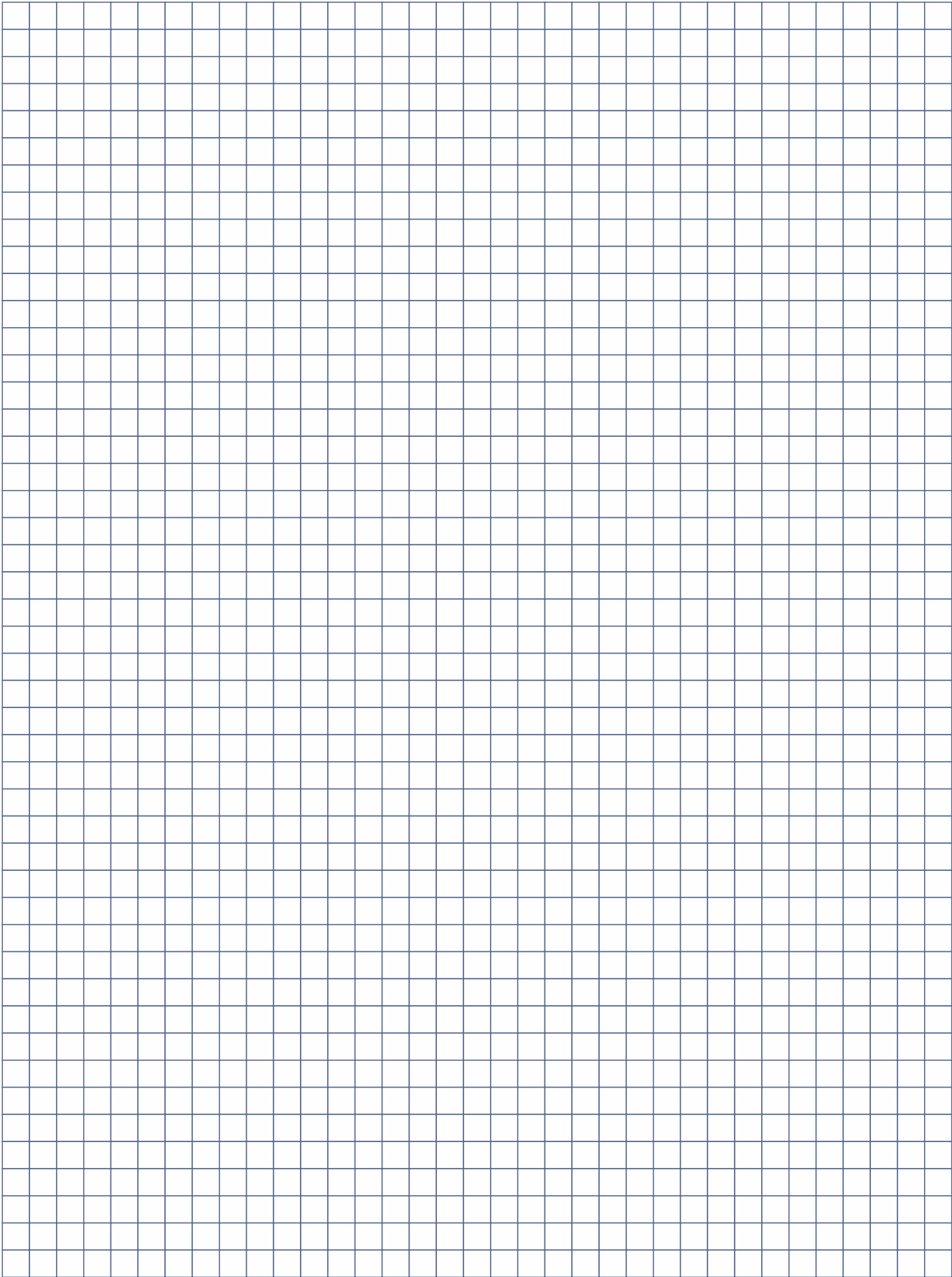
DW VOX 200 parameters:

- performance/lift: 400 l/min / 8,3m, 200 l/min / 11,2m
- Power: 1500 W, 3-phase,
- Connection Dimension 2 cala (pipe PE63-PE110)
- Can Through the Particle: 50mm
- example pumping stations: P100, P120, P150

DW VOX 300 parameters:

- performance/lift: 400 l/min / 12,6m, 200 l/min / 14,7m
- Power: 2200 W, 3-phase
- Connection Dimension 2 cala (pipe PE63-PE110)
- Can Through the Particle: 50mm
- example pumping stations: P100, P120, P150







Commercial and technical specialist

Jakub Rozalski

Tel: 600-018-379

zachodnio-pomorskie

kujawsko-pomorskie

wielkopolskie

lubuskie

dolnośląskie

opolskie

łódzkie

śląskie

Commercial and technical specialist

Sebastian Bilski

Tel: 883-373-845

pomorskie

warmińsko-mazurskie

podlaskie

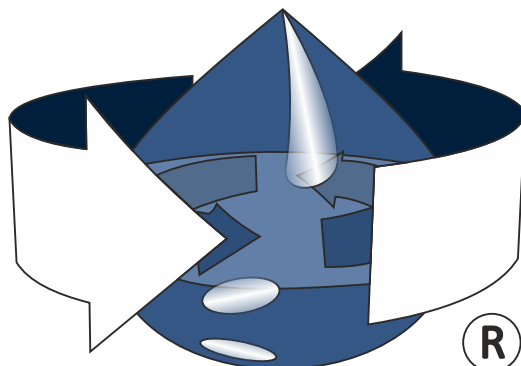
mazowieckie

lubelskie

świętokrzyskie

podkarpackie

małopolskie



WOBET HYDRET



Download from our site:

- Catalogs
- Floders
- Instructions
- Projects

producent: WOBET-HYDRET

Wola Grzymkowa 25a
95-070 Aleksandrów Łódzki

www.wobet-hydret.pl
info@wobet-hydret.pl